PRICE, FIVE CENTS.
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RIPE FOR REVOLT.

Fears of Serious Trouble Over Household Suffrage in Brussels. TROOPS KEPT ON THE ALERT TO SUP-

Germany's Dispute With Switzerle Combination of Colliery Owners-Ger-

PRESS A POSSIBLE OUTBREAK.

man Socialists Elated-Italy's Overtures to the Vatican-The French Tariff Bill-Foreign News.

BRUSSELS, March 11.—The decision of the Cabinet in favor of household suffrage, in-stead of allaying has aggravated discontent, stead of allaying has aggravated discontent, especially in Brussels, where comparatively few working men occupy a single house, the large majority being crowded in buildings that hold several families each. In the lower quarter of the city there are signs of dangerous discontent and the Socialists are speaking out more boldly than ever before. The Government is aware of the danger, and the troops are kept on the alert to deal with an insurrection, should one break out. Owing an insurrection, should one break out. Owing to the duliness of trade a large number of people are idle, and there are all the ele-ments, on a smaller scale for a Parisian

Germany's Dispute With Switzerland. BERLIN, March 11.—The German Foreign Office is not prepared to address any apology

to Switzerland for the arrest of Hangerther the Swiss engineer, who used disrespectful language on Swiss territory regarding the Emperor William. When Hangarther uttered Emperor William. When Hangartner uttered the language he was at the Swiss end of a bridge that was in course of building. When his work took him to the German end of the bridge he was arrested and afterwards released. The Swiss Government at first decided to ask an explanation, but later reconsider the swiss contraction, but later reconstitutions and addressed. ed this determination and addressed a monstrance to Germany. It is claimed that ingartner's words were clearly audible on e German side and amounted to an offense on the German territory.

THE GERMAN COLLIERY OWNERS. BERLIN, March 11.—The owners of the German collieries have formed a combination for self-protection, similar to the Shipping Federation in Great Britain. They are pledged to act as a unit against any demands which the majority deem unjust, and in the event of a strike that does not include all the mines,

a strike that does not include all the mines, all are to join in bearing the burden of defense. Contributions are to be regulated according to the output of each mine in 1890.

SOCIALISTS ELATED.

BERLIN, March 11.—The Socialists, notwithstanding the warnings of the government, do not hide their elation at the defeat of the Kaiser's naval plans, and claim part of the credit for bringing the defeat about. Their organs are outspoken in denouncing any attempt on the part of Germany to keep abreast of Great Britain in naval expenditure.

"THERMIDOR" IN BESLIN.

"THERMIDOR" IN BERLIN.
BERLIN, March 11.—The play "Therminor,"
which caused such a disturbance in Paris,
was received with enthusiasm last night at

ITALY'S PUBLIC ECONOMY. Rome, March 11 .- Sig. Luzzatti, Minister o the Treasury, has withdrawn the offer of \$100,000 made by ex-Premier Crispi to the City of Genoa for the Christopher Columbus fetes. The withdrawal is made on the ground of the necessity of public economy.

English Royalty on Mines.

LONDON, March 11.—There is a strong move-ment in Parliament to abolish the royalty on mines of the precious metals. Mr. Parnell is in favor of the abolition on account of the mine which he is trying to develop in Wick low, and which has already swallowed up a good deal of his gold. The Welsh Liberals are also for abolishing the royalty, and many of the Tories take the same view, not because the Tories take the same view, not occase they wish to weaken the Crown, but because they wish to strengthen the rights of individual ownership against the time when the Crown will mean a radical Government. The royalty on gold obtained from Irish mines

AN INTERESTING INJUNCTION CASE. London, March 10.—A case of some interest to Americans is pending in the London courts. The defendants are publishers of a paper called the Financial Ob paper called the Financial Observer and were recently prosecuted on a charge of attempted blackmail. An injunction has been sought to restrain them from circulating a copy of their paper of the date of Feb. 7, which contains an article headed "The Fletcher Mills in Providence." The complainant for the injunction is one Bernard, and the article imputed misconduct in connection with an alleged syndicate to buy the mills in question, at Providence, in the United States.

THE JACKSON ABDUCTION CASE.

THE JACKSON ABDUCTION CASE.

LONDON, March 11.—The seige of the Jackson house at Clitheroe still continues, and Mrs. Jackson's relatives, at the head of a hundred men, marched toward the barricaded house to attack it, but the constable in charge drew up his forces across the street and, after all title perfecting presumed the crowd to drew up his forces across the street and, after a little parleying, persuaded the crowd to disperse. Mr. Jackson telephoned that yesterday his wife was obstinate, but toward evening she commenced to talk, and there was a chance for a reconciliation. Mrs. Jackson sent a telegram to the police, saying that she is content to remain in her husband's

she is content to remain in her husband's house, and the seige may stop.

This affair may be taken up by Parliament and result in a change of the laws, which now give the husband authority to compel the wife to live where he pleases.

The Irish Party.

DUBLIN, March 11 .- The Freeman's Journal to day, referring to the communications from the Irish bishops in regard to Messrs. Parnell

the Irish bishops in regard to Messrs. Parnell and O'Brien says that "once the people give their whole unblased minds to the controversy they will be prompt to acknowledge where the strength, honesty and real honor of the national cause remains."

The National Press, the McCarthytte organ, to-day expresses the opinion that the inauguration of the National Federation yesterday was "a success more brilliant than the most sanguine Nationalist ever hoped. The subgriptions to the Federation fund made at the convention, amounting to £1,560, testified to the earnestness of the feeling. The convention is a deathblow to Mr. Parnell's pretensions, and a lesson to those who have been mistaking the clamor of the mob for the voice of the nation."

On the other hand, the *Freeman's Journal* says that the speeches made at the convention were "more like those made at a wake than at a christening."

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 11.—The United States Minister, Mr. Solomon Hirsch, has delivered to the Porte the formal invitation of ceuela, which arrived here to-day from the United States, asking Turkey to be represented at the World's Fair to be held in Chicago in 1893. It is believed that the Porte will accept, but some time must elapse before the Porte's official reply will be given to the invitation, as it must pass through the bureaus of the Minister of Public Works and the Minister of Commerce before it reaches the Council of Ministers, who will deliberate upon the matter. The Levant Herald publishes a significant notice. It is to the effect that by the Sultan's orders a collection is to be made of copies of all Turkish books, magasines and other lite-

rary works published since the accession to the throne of the present Sultan, Abdul-Hamid. These works are to be richly bound and will be sent to the World's Fair at Chicago. The Porte will also send to Chicago a file of the legal paper, Dirridel Mahakim, dating from the time of its establishment up to the most recent possible date. This exhibit will also be beautifully bound, and the covers will be adorned with the arms of the Ottoman Empire. The Turkish exhibit will also comprise several paintings, the works of students in several paintings, the works of students in the Imperial school of Arts, depicting many of the most remarkable monuments in the city of Constantinople. In addition the Sul-tan's photographers will prepare an elabor-ate series of hues of the imperial banks, schools and other public buildings.

Overtures to the Vatican.

ROME, March 11.-The Marquis di Rudini, the new Italian Premier, has made overture to the Vatican with the view to bringing about an entente cordiale based on concersions to be made to Catholics. Communica ions received at the Vatican from Chancello Yon Caprivi explain the delay in bringing forward measures to modify the prohibitions existing in Germany against religious bodies. These communications say that the delay is due to Protestant excitement which is now abating, a state of affairs which will enable the German Government to fall. tions, modifying the prohibitions against

ROME, March 11.—The physicians in atten nce upon Prince Jerome Napoleon and to-day that his feverish symptoms are abat ing, and that his strength is increasing

The French Tariff Bill. PARIS, March 11 .- The action on the tariff ows the sentiment of the Chamber over whelmingly protectionist. The passage of the tariff bill, substantially as from the com attee, is regarded as certain. It is esti-ated that the tariff will bring in next year 38,000,000 francs in additional revenue. The Royalists have given their adhesion to in-creased duties.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND QUESTION.

PARIS, March 11.—The Temps says that the negotiations between France and England on the Newfoundland question have resulted in an agreement which will be submitted to the

of the week. MARSEILLES, March 11.—A hurricane haswept over the Balearic Isles and a numbe of shipwrecks have occurred on the coasts of

The Drought in Cuba.

HAVANA, March 11 .- The drought still pre valls. Its effects are most severely felt in the Department of Santiago de Cuba. The small rivers there are dried up and the fields are parched and burned. Heavy losses in cattle have already been sustained, owing to the extreme dreary weather it being impossible for the animals to get food and water. The drought will materially intetfere with the sugar crop, the yield of the cane being much reduced through lack of rain. The loss of cattle, too. will effect the crop, oxen for the labor in the fields being very scarce.

ATHENS, March 11 .- Prof. Charles Wald stein, the American archaeologist, has had den treasures from the ruins of Eretria, the den treasares from the ruins of Eretria, the city on the Island of Fuboa (Negro Point), which was founded before the war of Troy and which was destroyed 490 B. C., by the Persians. Prof. Waldstein has found the ruins of a theater, a number of graves and splendid treasures, consisting of gold diadems, jewels, vases, etc.

JOHN FRANKLIN SWIFT.

Death of the United States Minister to

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 11 .- John Franklin Swift, United States Minister to Japan, whose death is reported from Tokio, was born at Bowling Green, Pike County, Mo., in 1829. In 1852 he came to California and entered the law office of Frank Pixley. From then on he served as a lawyer of dis-tinction, being engaged in some of the



most important cases in the State. In 1868 he was elected to the Legislature as a Republican. In 1875 he ran for Congress as an independent, but was defeated. In 1877 he received the Republican omination and was elected. In 1880 he accompanied J. B. Angell, the new Minister, and Wm. H. Wescott, to Peking, where they negotiated the Burlingame treaty. In 1886 Swift ran for Governor on the Republican ticket, but was defeated by W. A. Bartlett, Democratic nominee. He was appointed Minister to Japan, March 11, 1889.

HON. GEO. H. HAND.

PIERRE, S. D., March 11.—Hon. Geo. H.
Hand, ex-Secretary of State, died yesterday
at Yankton. He has been a resident of South
Dakota over twenty-five years.

MRS. ANGELINA MADISON. MARS. ANGELINA MADISON.
MARSHALL, Ill., March 11.—Mrs. Angelina
Madison died here yesterday at the age of 80
years. A singular circumstance in her
career was her odd relationship to John
Madison, a merchant of this city. She was
his mother-in-law and later, by marriage to
his brother, became his sister-in-law.

MANSFIELD, Mo., March 11.—Judge George
P. Foote of Mount Grove, Mo., died last evening. The deceased was one of the oldest
members of the bar of Wright County, and
for years has been active in Grand Army affairs. He was on the Circuit bench for son time and has filled other prominent places.

time and has filled other prominent places.

DIED WHILE PRAYING.

DAVENFORT, IO., March 11.—Mrs. Patrick
Hassett, aged Myears, was found dead on
her knees yesterday in her room. She had
died while engaged in her devotions.

J. W. DAVIS.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 11.—J. W. Davis, a leading business man, died here yesterday, aged 78. He had been a large furniture manufacturer since 1870.

ufacturer since 1870.

Ex-CONSUL DE BLANC.

New York, March 11.—The steamship Venezuela, which arrived here to-day from Curacao, reports that Charles De Blanc of New Orleans, ex-United States Consul at Porto Capello, died at Curacao on March 8, and was buried there.

REV. THOMAS LEE.

OINCINNATI, O., March 11.—The Rev. Thomas Lee, Superintendent of the Union Bethel, a charitable and religious institute, during the past twenty years, died yesterday.

Train in Spain.

INVESTIGATION BY THE POLICE'SHOWS THAT THE MOTIVE WAS BOBBERY.

The Victim Believed to Be Either an American or English Woman-Lawyer Posten's Condition-A Legislator in Trouble-An Ex-Convict's Nerve-The Criminal Calendar.

SEVILLE, March 11.-A woman has bee and dead in a train which arrived this orning in this city. An investigation made by the police into the cause of the woman' death shows that she had been murdered and robbed. Papers found upon her body have the name of Harrison upon them. It is in erred that the murdered person is either an imerican or an English woman.

The King-Posten Tragedy.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 11.-The shooting esterday of David H. Posten b Henry Clay King reveals a queer story and one that has a great many peculiar features. King is a bright lawyer and has achieved considerable success at the bar. Mrs. Mary J. Pillow, widow or Gen. Gideor D. Pillow, is a woman of 45 who does not ap pear to be more than thirty: fine features. captivating form, winning ways, well sduce ted and mentally the superior of mos women. She is the cause of the crime. Fou years ago she met H. Clay King, the assassin and by her powers soon had him at her feet. Afterward she took him into he home, defying all sense of decency by flaunting her illicit relations with the man before the very people with whom she had been in the habit of mixing in society. To live with her King deserted his wife and children. The odium became too much, however, and King and the woman together with ever, and King and the woman, together with her 12-year-old daughter, went to live on a plantation belonging to King in Arkansas They lived in the same house, but one othe white person being present. The widow ha other than quiet social pleasures in view when other than quiet social pleasures in view when she entited him to go to the out-of-the-way place. Her power over him had become so great that she induced him to sign a deed giving to her all his property, even including the house in this city, occupied by his deserted family. King, it seems, made the deeds out as a find of joke, but the wily widow soon had them recorded and the property all in her name. A rupture followed. Mrs. Pillow ordered King from her plantation, and ordered King from her plantation, and he brought suit to recover his property. After doing so he tried to renew his relations with Mrs. Pillow, but she refused to live any longer with him. Posten was one of the Pillow woman's attorneys and in the trial took occasion to say some very cutting things. There is still danger oking being lynched, although the Sheriff has placed an extra guard at the jail.

The condition of Attorney David Posten, who was shot yesterday by Col. H. Clay King, is unchanged this morning. He may recover, but the wound is a very bad one, and it will be allower. almost impossible to tell anything for twelve

The ball entered on a line with and about testine was cut in six places In two of these it was completely severed an in the other four nearly so. In ad dition to this, the mesentary was badly lacerated. In consequence of the severity of the intestinal wounds it was necessary to excerpt that portion of the intestine involved, which necessitated the removal of six inches of the small intestine. Two ends of the intestine were joined by what is known as the anastomotic operation. The abdomen was then washed out and dried and drained. Failure of the

several intestines to properly unite will certainly result fatally. The Millington Murder Trial.

DENVER, Colo., March 11 .- At the Millington murder trial yesterday Mrs. J. C. Evans and Mrs. Dr. Warren both testified to having witnessed Mrs. Avery's grief over Avery's death and that they thought it sincere. Webb, Cashier of the Avery Bank, gave the same evidence as at the former trial about taking evidence as at the former trial about taking notes and watching the house while Avery was sick. Mrs. Evans, wife of Avery's partner, testified to having come to the Avery house while the master was sick and that the latter complained of a burning pain in the stomach. Witness suggested some buttermilk and was asked to give it to him. Mrs. Avery met her coming with it and took it from Avery met her coming with it and took it from her. A few days later when she called to see him again his finger nails were blue and his arms and legs were in the same condition. He was in a stupor and she could not arouse him. Two days later she called again and he seemed to be in a wasted condition. He said that his stomach was on fire and wished his mother was there. While she was rubbing his arms Mrs. Avery called her out and told her she need not call again until sent for. While Frank Budroe was on the stand the dewhile Frank Budice was on the stand to see fense claimed that he was going to receive \$5,000 from the prosecution. Budroe admitted that he paid a \$2,000 debt by transferring it to Frank Avery, and that the latter paid his expenses in getting him here. This admission created a tremendous sensation.

A Ghastly Mystery.

MANITOWOC, Wis., March 11.—On the train which reached this place from Chicago Monday was a rough looking man who had in day was a rough looking man who had in charge a box said to contain the body of a child. The box bore a physicians' certificate. The man had it removed to a livery barn, where he explained that it contained glass. Soon after he called for it, and, taking it in his arms, proceeded toward the river. This forencon the box was found on the ice in the river. Scattered around were a lot of straw and a quantity of rags to which pieces of fiesh adhered. The belief is that the box contained a body which had been cut up and sunk in the river. No trace of the man who sunk in the river. No trace of the man who accompanied the box could be found yester-

A Record of Tragedies.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Pasqueline Rober-tillo, the young Italian girl who shot her New Nork, march 11.—rasqueine gobertillo, the young Italian girl who shot her
recreant lover, Nicolo Piero, was practically
acquitted yesterday when the Coroner and a
jury inquired into the affair. The
testimony went to show that
Piero betrayed the girl and that
when she began to suspect that he would not
marry her he gave her a pistol and told her
site might kill him if he did not keep his
promise. He broke his promise and was preparing to escape by flight when she shot him.
The verdict was that the shooting was done
while the girl was laboring under an aberration of the mind. The girl is about to become
a mother.

CONFESSED A TERRIBLE CRIME.

TACOMA, Wash., March II,—A prominent
physician at this city has made public a confession which a Swede, who is now dead.
wade to him. The Swede gave his name as
Lars Andersen and claimed that while working in Armour's Omaha pork packing house,
as a night watchman, he murdered his partner, Larson Harstrum, and threw his body in
the chute among 10,000 carcasses killed that

A GHASTLY MYSTERY

day. Near morning he took the remains to the chopping block and hacked them to pieces, packed the remains in a freezer where they lay for months and then were shipped as pork. The clothes were put in the immense furnace and consumed. The Swede refused to say why he committed the horrible crime.

THE LAYTON TRIAL.

OZARK, Mo., March ii.—The Layton murder case was given to the jury yesterday. The general impression is that it will be a hung jury. Claude Layton is charged with killing George Warren. The two were jealous over a girl and passed remarks about one another. Warren went tooking for Layton on the night of the murder and the latter saw him first and killed him.

and killed him.

PROMISES TO CONFESS.

MONTICELLO, Ill., March 11.—Albert Dun ham, who was sentenced to hang for the mur der of Harvey Russell and whose sentence was commuted to life sentence in the peniten tiary, promises to make a statement, telling the whole story. He promised to do the samthing from the gallows, but when his sentence was changed he did not.

TESTIFIED AGAINST THEIR PATHER.

tence was changed he did not.

TESTIFIED AGAINST THEIR FATHER.

NEW YORK, March 11.—In the Coroner's office yesterday a sad speciacle was enacted. Two pretty young girls, Nora and Georgiana Neese, testified against their father, John Neese, for killing their mother. He was drunk and quarrelsome and threw a brick at his wife, which fractured her skull. The two girls who testified were the sole support of five brothers and sisters.

ve brothers and sisters.

KILLED HIS SWEETHEART AND HIMSELF. KILLED HIS SWEETHEART AND HIMSELF.

SAGINAW, Mich, March II.—Edward Rogers killed Hattie Moses last night and then blew his own brains out. He had been intimate with her for a long time and she swore out a warrant against him yesterday for breach of promise. Rogers heard of it and went to the house and then the tragedy followed.

CONFESSED FOR A REWARD.

NEVADA MO. March II.—Al Taylor, the ne-

CONFESSED FOR A REWARD.

NEVADA, Mo., March 11.—All Taylor, the negro who confessed to being implicated in the killing of Fred Krause, now says that he was hired by a detective named Mapes of Fort Scott, who promised to give him \$200 if he would implicate A. N. Smith and John Poland in the crime. Taylor is almost an idiot.

BONNE TERRE, Mo., March il.—Edward Weddle was put under \$500 bond for his appearance in the Circuit Court. He is a school boy who quarrelled with Eli Shower, a schoolmate, and stabbed him, inflicting a wound from which Shower died twenty-four hours

MURDER OR SUICIDE.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 11.—Nicholas Easton, a very wealthy man, was found dead two blocks from his home in the sub-urbs. A pistol lay beside him and there were two bullet-holes in his head. He had just re-turned from his farm where he had been to

turned from his farm where he had been to hispect some stock. It is not known whether he killed himself or was murdered.

Bostox, Mass., March ii.—Mr. and Mrs. LeCourt, the victims of the severe poisoning for which their daughter, Pearl, is now in custody, were last night taken to the Massa-chusatts General Heaven.

A Legislator in Trouble.

LANSING, Mich., March 11.—A sensation has een sprung in the Legislature here. Two veeks ago the Democrats in the Senate tool weeks ago the Democrats in the Senate took advantage of the attendance of the Republican Senators at their State convention to unseat Senator, More of Alpena and Horton of Adrian, and seated in their place Charles Fridleander and James Morrow. This secured to the Democrats a majority of one in the Senate. Last hight a squaw belonging to the Petesky tribe of Indians arrived in Lasting. She says that she was married to Fridleander in 1854, that subsequently Fridleander left her and afterwards, without observing the formality of subsequently Fridieander left her and anter-wards, without observing the formality of divorce proceedings, married an estimable Alpena lady. The squaw and her attorneys aver that she has ample proofs of the mar-riage and that she will procure a warrant for Fridleander's arrest on the charge of bigamy.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 11 .- The defen closed their case in the Hennessy murde closed their case in the Hennessy murder trial yesterday, and produced a very feeble case. Politz's mistress testified that the latter was with her throughout the night of the murder. After the defense was through, the State produced some testimony in rebuttal, none of which was very important. Both sides then held a lengthy conference over their arguments, and it was decided that the defe should have seven and the prosecution five hours, all told, which will give the case to the jury to-morrow afternoon. The Grand-jury has brought indictments against three parties implicated in the attempt to bribe the Hennessy jurors. The jury in a body visited the scene of the murder last night and examin

An Ex-Convict's Nerve

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 11.—One of Gov. Luce's last official acts was to pardon Harry McDowell, sentenced for fifteen years for manslaughter. McDowell seduced a girl living in Howard City six years ago. She came to this city with him. A criminal operation was performed and she died from the effects, and McDowell was convicted of the crime. Yesterday McDowell visited the home of his victim. He had hardly appeared on the streets before an angry mob gathered. He was ordered to leave town at once. He was beaten, kicked and his clothes torn into ribbons before he could break away and reach the train.

Other Crimes.

The jewelry store of B. C. Wells, at Fort The jewelry store of B. C. Wells, at Fort Worth, Tex., was broken open and robbed of over \$3,000 worth of valuables Monday night. The police are hot on the trail, and claim that the job was done by an organized band.

Cyrus A. Porter, ex-County Auditor, and a well-known citizen of Uniontown, Pa., is on trial here, charged with fatally poisoning about thirty sheep and cows belonging to the Misses Moore of North Salem. They allege that Porter was actuated by revenge, because he wanted to marry Miss Adeline Moore. She refused, and he made threats that she would be sorry. The poisoning followed.

ASHTABULA, O., March II.—Henry McCrystie, the keeper of a salcon and sporting resort, was found lying in a gutter near here this morning, with a bullet hole through his body and his throat cut from ear to ear. His watch and money were in his pockets, and the deed is supposed to have been committed by some one who wanted revenge.

The jury in the trial of James A. Simmons for helping Classen wreck the Sixth National Bank of New York, after being out all night, came into court at noon to-day, and announced that they had been unable to agree upon a verdict, and asked to be discharged. Judge Benedict denied the request, and the jurors were locked up again.

S. A. Endilley, formerly postmaster at Walnut Grove, Ala., disappeared three weeks ago, leaving a large family destitute. A shortage of \$2,000 was yesterday discovered in his accounts as postmaster, and a reward for his arrest has been offered.

The City Council of St. Joseph, Mo., has ordered an investigation of City Engineer McCabe's acts. John Quigley charges that he permitted 10,000 yards of grading to be paid for which was never put down.

Herman Hafuagle and Miss. Rosa Liebold were stabbed on the streets of Brooklyn, N. Y., yesterday by Hatnagle's Jealous wife. Neither was seriously injured.

Oilver Street, a negro horsethief, yesterday escaped from Sheriff Townsend, from hear San Antonio, Tex., by riding the officer's horse away. Worth, Tex., was broken open and robbed of over \$3,000 worth of valuables Monday night.

FOGEL'S BLAST.

The Railroad Lobby at Jefferson City Gets a Red-Hot Roasting.

MEMBERS DENOUNCED FOR YIELDING TO ITS INFUENCE AND CONTROL.

The Calendar Taken Out of the Hands of the Clerks-Ryan's Anti-Special Jury Bill Passed-Labor Day-Proceedings of the Arkansas and Other Legisla-

this morning discovered for the first time what has been evident to a man among the leaves and branches for a long time—the fact that the railroad lobby has controlled the Legislature up to date. Fogel of Schuyler County this morning arose and attacked the calendar. He pointed out that it had been doctored so as to prevent railroad legislation from coming up for passage. He charged that the lobby and not the members had been controlling legislation, and that members consulted the railroad attor-

members consulted the railroad attorneys before they acted upon any railroad measure. He also instnuated that the clerks were under the control of the lobby. He introduced a resolution taking the compiling of the calendar out of the hands of the clerks and appointing a special committee of sixteen to take charge of the matter.

ter.

Dick Dalton made a speech on the subject, that caused some of the members to turn red and several well-known attorneys now retained by the railroads to look after the making of laws, to leave the hall. The resolution

passed.

Ed Turner called up his resolution which was that the Assembly remain in session until it had cleared up the calendar and redistricted the State. He "roasted" the bogus reformers who, to all appearances, were working only for the \$5 a day. The morning hour expired hefore the natrices morning hour expired before the patriots could be forced to go on record and the mater went over till to-morrow. Ryan called up his special jury bill abolishing that feature of the courts, and by a little speech explaining how the corporations controlled the special juries in St. Louis, succeeded in having the rules suspended and the

bill passed. Church spoke against it and

Parker in favor of it.

THE SENATE.

The Senate this morning amended the resolution submitting a constitutional amendment to provide for the pensioning of firemer so as to make it optional with a city whether it will pension its firemen or not Senator Miller's bill making the first Mon-day in September a legal holiday, to be known as "Labor Day," was favorably re-ported in the Senate this morning. The Senate this morning took up the discussion of the weekly payment bill, but got no farther than an oratorical display.

Other Legislatures

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 11.-Senator Russ of the joint committee on Treasure Woodruff's shortage said yesterday that the shortage was about \$110,000, in addition to the admitted defaication. Woodruff, it ap-pears, expects to buy up enough county scrip to make good a large portion of the defaica-

Detective Adams, in telling how he came to arrest South, a member of the Legislature, said he called upon the crowd at a fire to assist moving the hose. South, speaking for the crowd, said he would not do it and when asked what he meant would not explain. He was then arrested and a revolver was found on his person. A charge of carrying concealed weapons was preferred, and he will be tried on that charge.

KANSAS GENERAL ASSEMBLY. TOPEKA, KAN., March 11.-The committee TOPEKA, KAN., March 11.—The committee appointed to investigate the workings of the Police Department in the State made a report yesterday and said no testimony was heard which showed that the prohibition law was being enforced in the large cities of Kansas by the police and recommended that the police law be withdrawn from these cities and that they be left to take care of themselves.

roin these class and that they be left to take care of themselves. The impeachment of Theodosius Botkin was set for trial April 20. The Farmers' Alliance members of the Kan-sas Legislature who came loaded with firm sas Legislature who came loaded with him intentions to make great reforms, will return to their homes without having done anything. They wanted to reduce railroad fares to 2 cents a mile; reduce the salaries of county and State officers; pass the mortgage, bond and security bill and the walver of ap-

praisement bill.

NOT A CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 12.—The members of the State Board of Agriculture were in secret session for several hours yesterday discussing the new law which abolishes their legal existence and provides for the appoint. discussing the new law which abolishes their legal existence and provides for the appointment of a new board by the Governor and State officers. Opinions were read from attorneys, declaring the new law unconstitutional, and it was finally determined not to surrender the property of the board, and to resist the establishment of the new one. The Governor notified them that he would not participate in the appointment of a new board, and that he also regarded the law as unconstitutional.

board, and that he also regarded the law as unconstitutional.

NEW YORK GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 11.—The Senate was in session all night as the result of the deadlock over a proposed change of rule 3, which provides that the Lieutenant-Governor shall name the Senator who is to preside in his absence. The Republican majority want to have the President pro tem elected. Unless the Democrats can defeat the change the Lieutenant-Governor will have to stick to his post or allow a Republican to preside in his absence.

Finally at a late hour this morning a compro-mise was effected, the following amendment orfered by the Republicans to rule 8 being adopted:

He (the Lieutenant-Governor) shall have the right, when in the city of Albany, to designate in writing a member to perform his duties, but not for a longer time than twenty-four hours from the time of making such designation, which may be revoked at any time by the Senate.

The Arrangements Made in San Francisco

Dead Heads Dropped.

San Francisco, Cal., March II.—The committee having in charge local arrangements for the funeral of the late Senator Hearst has completed all arrangements. Gov. Markham and prominent citizens of the city and State have been requested to act as pall-bearers. The Congressional committee and party accompanying the remains will be met at Oakland by the local committee. At the foot of Market street the remains will be taken in charge by the Third Regiment and secorted to Grace Church, where they will in state until Sunday afternoon, when the funeral services will be held. The services will be conducted by Rev. O. E. Foote, rector of Grace Church. Until them a funeral detail from the Third Regiment will guard the remains.

Washington, D. C., March II.—A score or more of people who got themselves booked for a trip to California and back at Government expense as a portion of the University

funeral train, were dropped at the last moment, much to their disappointment. The disappointed ones included the wives of several of the Congressmen in the funeral party, and there were several private secre-taries and correspondents also in the list.

Lord Salisbury's Communication to Sin Julian Pauncefote on the Subject.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11 .- In a long ommunication to Sir Julian Pauncefote, ritish Minister to this Republic, Lord Salis oury goes on to state England's posit

points:

1. What exclusive jurisdiction in the sea known as the Behring Sea, and what exclusive rights in the seal fishery therein, did Russia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the cession of Alaska to the seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain?

The third question is expressed in the following terms: Was the body of water now known as the Behring Sea included in the phrase "Pacific Ocean" as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britian and Russia, and what rights, if any, in the Berhing Sea were given or conceded to Great Britain by the said treaty.

Her Majesty's Government would have no objection to referring to arbitration the first part of that question if is should be thought desirable to do so.

Her Majesty's Government would have no objection to referring to arbitration the first part of that question if it should be thought desirable to do so, but they would give that consent with the reservation that they do not admit that the decision of it can conclude the larger question the arbitrator would have to determine. To the latter part of No. 3 it will be their duty to take exception: "What rights, if any, in the Behring Sea were given or conceded to Great Britain by the said treaty?"

Great Britain has never suggested that any rights were given to her or conceded to her by the said treaty. All that was done was to recognize her natural right of free navigation and fishing in that as in all other parts of the Pacific Ocean. Bussi did not give those rights to Great Britain, because they were never hers to give away.

4. Did not all the rights of Russia as to jurisdiction and as to the seal fisheries in Behring Sea east of the water boundary, in the treaty between the United States and Russia of the 30th of March, 1887, pass unimpaired to the United States under that treaty?

The fourth question is hardly worth referring to

pass unimpaired to the United States under sections;?

The fourth question is hardly worth referring to an arbitrator, as Great Britain would be prepared to accept without dispute.

BIGHTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The fifth proposed question runs as follows:
5. What are now the rights, if any, of the United States as to the fur-seal fisheries in the waters of the Behring Sea outside the ordinary territorial limits, whether such rights grew out of the cession by Russia of any special rights or jurisdiction held by her ir such fisheries or in the waters of Behring Sea or ou

Behring Sea outside the ordinary territorial limits, whether such rights grew out of the cession by Russia of any special rights or jurisdiction held by her in such fisheries or in the waters of Behring Sea or out of the ownership of the breeding Islands, and the habits of the seals in resorting thither and rearing their young thereon and going out from the Islands for food, or out of any other fact or incident connected with the relation of those seal fisheries to the territorial possessions of the United States?

The first clause, "What are now the rights of the United States as to the fur-seal fisheries in the waters of the Behring Sea, outside of the ordinary territorial rights?" is a question which would be very properly referred to the decision of an arbitrator. But the subsequent clause, which assumes that such rights could have grown out of the ownership of the breeding islands, and the habits of the seals in resorting thereto. involves an assumption as to the prescriptions of international law at the present time to which Her Majesty's Government are not prepared to accede.

The sixth question (relating to the establishment of a closed period in seal fishing), which deals with the issues that will arise in case the controversy should be decided in favor of Great Britain, would, perhaps, more filly form the substance of a separate reference. Her Majesty's Government have no objection to refer to the general question of a close

time to arbitration, or to ascertain by that means how far the enactment of such a provision is necessary for the preservation of the seal species; but any such reference ought not to contain words appearing to attribute special and abnormal rights in the maiter to the United States.

There is an omission in the question which I have no doubt the Government of the President will be very glad to repair, and that is the reference to the arbitrator of the question what damages are due the persons who have been injured in case it should be determined by him that the action of the United States in seizing British vessels has been without warrant in international law. Subject to these reservations Her Majesty's Government will have great satisfaction in joining with the Government of the United States in seeking by means of arbitration an adjustment of the international questions which have so long formed a matter of controversy between the two Governments."

THE LONDON PRESS.

LONDON, March 11.—The Standard says of Both nations will rejoice that their differences have been placed in such shape as to make arbitration possible and probable. Nothing could be more barren or irritating than an attempt to consider the result from a polemical standpoint.

THE TIMES SAYS. It is difficult to imag It is difficult to imagine how Mr. Blaine can persist in keeping the quarrel open after Lord Salisbury has accepted the bulk of his own proposed terms for a conference, or can make it a grievance. The terms 4eslined have been shown to be manifestly unjust to England. The result of the Canadian elections, following the popular reaction against the new tartiff law in the United States, may induce him (Mr. Blaine) to reflect that more success would be gained by fair and amicable dealing than by high-handed action and tail taik.

ion and tall talk. The Suicide of a 14-Year-Old Lad-Mother

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 11.—James Joyce, aged 14 years, committed suicide by shooting, Monday night. The deed was prompted by fear of punishment, which his father had threatened to inflict for an act of remissness.

threatened to inflict for an act of remissness.

THE PITTSBURG SUICIDE IDENTIFIED.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March II.—The young girl who took her life at Union Station Thursday has been identified by Dr. Arnold Frouski of Braddock. The girl was a daughter of Joseph Block, a wealthy Pollsh banker of Warsaw. Thursday morning last Frouski saw the girl in Union Station with a Dr. Hosezinsky, whom he had known in Warsaw. Hosezinsky introduced the girl as his wife, and said they were on their way to Chicago. That was the last he saw of the girl alive.

MOTHER AND BABE.

alive.

MOTHER AND BABE.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., March 11.—Mrs.

O. C. Hanson of Pelican Rapids yesterday hanged herself and her one-year-old baby while her husband was absent at work. When he returned he found both bodies hanging from the door top, cold in death. Hanson cannot account for his wife's conduct.

conduct.

TOOK MORPHINE.
St. Joseph, Mo., March 11.—Anna Howsen of South St. Joseph committed suicide yesterday by taking morphine. Despondency, caused by her mother's death, is assigned as

North St. Louis Notes.

Mr. J. J. Fletcher, Assistant Superintendent of the Union Stock Yards, is quite ill of the "grippe."

The Young Ladies' Society of St. Mark's Lutheran Church will give a concert Friday, farch 20, the funds to be devoted to an Easter

The new water-works at the Chain of Rocks are being pushed in order to finish the tunnel under the Chain and set the foundations before the spring freshet comes.

On Easter Sunday night the North End Rowing Club will celebrate its anniversary with an entergiamment and hop at the North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury

PALMER ELECTED.

THE EIGHT WEEKS' SENATORIAL STRUGGLE IN ILLINOIS ENDED TO-DAY.

Cockrell and Moore Vote With the Faithful 101 Democrats.

DISGUSTED AND DEFEATED. THE REPUB-LICANS VOTE FOR JUDGE LINDLEY.

-The Vote Officially Declared as Follows: Palmer, 103; Lindley, 100; Streeter, 1-"Palmer and the People" the Cry at the Illinois Capital-The Joint Assembly.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 11.—The Senatoria ight was practically ended last night when Cockrell issued an address stating that they would vote no longer for A. J. Streeter, but would change their votes to John M. Palmer on the first ballot to-day. Such a pledge placed victory at once on the Palmer standard and to-day's proceedings were the tri-umphant celebration of the victory thus as-

Napoleons went down together—A.J. Streeter and "Long" Jones. The defection of Cockrell and Moore from the Streeter cause at the very moment of victory was the sort of a shock that knocks men out of time before they realize what hits them. There is no doubt that it fell like a thunderboit on the head of "Long" Jones. When that would be Senatorial Warwick arrived from Chicago late Monday night he was radiant, flushed with anticipated victory. Hate monday hight he was radiant, flushed with anticipated victory. He confidently predicted that there "would be an election on the second ballot Tuesday," and was already in imagination reaping the glory of his victory over the Palmer forces. Mr. Jones was counting upon the undeniable fact that four of the five celesty man were even then white distributed that the undentable fact that four of the five Oglesby men were even then whipped into line for Streeter, and that the fifth, Senator Evans, would surely cast the electing vote when he saw 102 men supporting the combine candidate. But "Long" Jones was reckoning without his host sadly, and as soon as he saw Taubeneck of the "Big Three" he learned the startling news of the revolt of Cockrell and Moore.

A PANIC STRICKEN LEADER.

From that moment the course of the Republican leader was one of panic-stricken temporizing or despairing effort to delay the election of Gen. Palmer, and if possible to effect some new combination with the Alliance rebels. Through the efforts of Taubeneck, who telegraphed Jno. P. Stelle to hasten to Springfield at once and, as the leader of the Illinois Alliance, to pass upon the action of Moore and Cockrell in abandoning the Alliance candidate, those two Independents were persuaded to join the Republicans in refusing to answer to the roll-call of the joint convention, and thus a delay of twenty-four hours was gained. Then the whole strength of Republican pressure was brought to bear upon them, and Mr. Streeter added personal supplication to the appeals of the Republicans. He sailed between the Leland and the Palace Hotels like a "Flying Dutchman," regardless of wind or tide, and the only other cruise varying from those two Dutchman," regardless of wind or tide. and the only other cruise varying from those two points was when he would leave the Palace, where Cockrell was stopping, to go to Dr. two blocks away. It was a desprate crisis, and if ever a man went down on his knees to gain political preferment, poor old Streeter

o'clock last night John P. Stelle failed to report in Springfield. Shortly before that hour Cockrell and Moore definitely cut adrift from Cockrell and Moore definitely cut authors with the Republicans and united themselves with the Democrats. They addressed a formal communication to the Caucus Steering Com-mittee in which they withdrew all mittee, in which they withdre names of candidates upon the Republicans and Alliance the Republicans and Alliance men could unite. Following this action, at a late hour they issued an address stating that they would vote for John M. Palmer for Senator on the first ballot to-day. All uncertainty ended with that stunning blow delivered in the face of the Republicans, who had failed to deliver their votes to Streeter in good time, and one of the most discreditable ettempts at a political combine ever known in this country ended in disgraceful defeat. "Palmer and the Rights of the People" had won the day.

A BUSTED BOOM.

This action also knocked a second incipient Stelle boom in the head, and did away with any possibility of crafty "Long" Jones throwing a Republican vote to Dr. Moore, which might have had the effect of preventing or at least deferring Palmer's election.

It now develops that in using the Republican State Central Committee to bring a pressure on the five Oglesby Republicans, through their constituencies, which would force them to vote for Streeter, the managers of the Republican senatorial fight threw a boomerang. That dangerous missile returned yesterday in the shape of the revolt of Moore and Cockrell and smote the Republicans a knock-out blow. The indorsement of Streeter by the Republican State Central Committee did, undoubtedly, force some of the Oglesby men into line, but it also Streeter by the Republican State Central Committee did, undoubtedly, force some of the Ogleaby men into line, but it also awake a storm of Alliance suspicton of "Farmer" Streeter which resulted in his overthrow. If the old man, through his secret pledges, was a good enough Republican to merit such an indorsement he was too good a Republican to be a Farmers' Alliance man, and it is said that Moore and Cockrell were instructed to that effect by their own constituents very plainly during the interim between Friday and Monday. This was the secret of Cockrell's sudden indignation regarding Streeter's pledges to the Republicans. He gained no new facts about those pledges from Senator Evans in Chicago, but he did get some very valuable pointers from his own people, and he and Dr. Moore felt perfectly safe that they were on the right political track when they left Streeter to his fate in the Republican camp. How the old farmer of Mercer County is going to get back to the Alliance fold after his ground and lofty tumbling before the Republican State Central Committee and the C. B. & Q. folks is one of those political puzzles that nobody can solve right now. The old fellow has been a sort of "tiddledy winks" for the past ten days, and it's hard to tell just where he will finally drop.

"Palmer and The Prople."

This was Palmer AND THE PEOPLE."

This was Palmer day in Springfield, and the Democracy was wild with enthusiasm over their victory. Following the address issued at 11 o'clock last night by Independents Moore and Cockrell, pledging their votes to Palmer on the first ballot to-day, there was but little sleep taken by the Democratic 101, and the Leland Hotel corridors and pariors were filled with rejoicing Palmer men until almost daylight this morning. "Palmer and the people" was the rullying cry.

brought to bear on Moore and Cockrell to force them away from Palmer. At 9 o'clock this morning the Republican leaders called on those two Alliance rebels, and made them a direct offer of the 100 solid Republican votes to be cast for either of the two on condition that they would not fulfill their pledge to vote for Palmer on the first ballot. It was brilling a scheme and a dazzling temptation. a brilliant scheme and a dazzling temptation, but no promise the Republicans could make weighed with Moore and Cockrell for a moment. The two Independents were acting under orders from their constituents and an Alliance odder or the results and an Alliance odder of the results and th ance edict of divorce from the Republican

"Long" Jones, the crushed Warwick of Illingis, has gone back on his own character, and for the first time in the senatorial fight his face was as black as a thunder cloud. He would not talk with anyone, save the few Republicans who came to him for orders, and his profanity was of the deepest marine blue possible to an overthrown and disowned, leader. Chairman Charlie Fuller of the Republican Steavier Committee species to see Republican Steering Committee spoke in par-

"It is a dark and threatening morning," he said to the Post-Disparcia correspondent, looking out in the gloomy streets, "but I have known darker mornings to clear up into bright afternoons. We ain't whipped yet."

The Republican members of the Senate and House went into caucus in Memorial Hall at the State House at 9:30 this morning. It was believed that the members would be instruct-ed to vote solid for Oglesby at to-day's joint ballot, but there was some talk of yesterday's tactics being adopted to-day, and no answer to the names of Republican members being made at roll call of the joint convention. Taubeneck of the 'Big Three' cut away from Moore and Cockrell, and the famous trium-virate of Farmers' Alliance tollers responsible for the eight weeks' postponement of Gen. Palmer's election was thus shattered. It went to pieces only under a protest from the honest people of Illinois, so strong that Moore and Cockrell did not dare disregard its voice. Senator Wells, Democrat, of Quincy is dengenously ill with preumonia, having is dangerously ill with pneumonia, having suffered a relapse last night, owing to his trip to the joint convention yesterday. He is attended by two physicians, and bulletins of his condition were brought to the Democratic parlors every few minutes.

THE DEMOCRATIC 101. The Democratic 101 were kept groomed up like race horses and the Republican 100 were under whip and spur on the home stretch for the Senatorial sweepstakes. Moore and Cockrell made a point of refraining to-day from much intercourse with either side. They stood purposely between the lines, posing at the last strictly as Alliance men.

Gen. Palmer was seen this morning at his old-fashioned residence on Second street, next to the German Lutheran Church, by the Post-Disparcii correspondent. The old war-horse said, with a smile, that he was pre-pared to submit to victory and characterized his triumph as a victory of straight Democratic principles and the protest of the people against plutocracy in the Senate. He said it should have occurred, however, just eight weeks ago and that the bitter fight made since that time showed the terrific power of the money evil opposed to the voice of the people. The Post-Disparch correspondent accompanied Gen. Palmer to a neighbor's house only a few blocks away, and in his slow progress through the streets the stalwart old veteran was cheered to the echo by the hundreds of people who saw him passing. Streeter took breakfast alone at the Leland this morning. He was dropped like a stale fish by Republicans and Independents.

READY FOR THE FRAY. The caucus of Republican Senators and Representatives adjourned without taking action on to-day's course and at 11:30 the Republican Steering Committee met to ado pt of action. It was reported that there was a move on foot to throw the dying vote of the Republican 100 to Cicero J. Lindley, and go down with that name nailed to the mast. The Oglesby men kicked against this, as they claim oglesby men kicked against this, as they claim that Richard J. Oglesby was entitled to at least being the Republican standard-bearer on the day of defeat. The House began filling with spectators at 10:30, and by 11:30 there was a jam in the balconies, atsles and ante-room that made progress through the crowd almost impossible. Mr. Streeter entered the chamber at 11 o'clock and took a vacant seat on the Republican side. He was accompanied by a friend, not a member of the House or Senate, and the two enjoyed a conversation peculiarly free from interruption.

A significant fact was noticeable in the House.
Flowers were blooming on almost every
Democratic desk, while the Republican side was a desert. Democratic members waited in their seats for the hour of noon, singing, shouting across the chambe Palmer enthusiasm. Even the House pages caught the fever and they trotted about aisles cheering for Palmer as in they belonged to the 101. Lyman of Cook, one of the sick Democratic members, arrived at 11 o'clock, and was taken by the door back of the Speaker's desk to his usual place on the lounge at the right. He looked better and shared in the Palmer invigoration that seemed to fill the air. Sena. tor Wells was brought in the chamber at 11:25 on a stretcher. He was probably the siekest man who ever took part in the action of a public assembly. He is plainly in a dangerous condition and his willingness to come to the State-house at the peril of his life, showed his devotion to Palmer. He was carefully looked after by a physician and two attendants and rested on a lounge near Representative Lyman. He appeared almost unconscious. Mr. Spellman's arrival sick was a peculiar feature of the day. As he was brought down the alsie the Republicans took occasion to sing: "John Brown's Body," and the Democrats responded with applause for Wells' loyalty to responded with applicate for wells' loyalty to Palmer. The sturdy old farmer smiled feebly as he was carried between two fires, and waved his hand to the House. The Repub-licans organized a glee club, singing several songs, which ended with the following im-

We're going home to vote no more, We're going home with Dr. Moore, To vote no more with Dr. Moore.

The effort brought down the House and demonium reigned for a few minutes.

horns were brought out and
regular carnival marked the
e just preceeding the opening of
joint convention. At 11:45 o'clock the
rkeeper requested all visitors occupying

Moore's name was called, and in a perfectly clear voice he said, "John M. Palmer." Again Democratic enthusiasm found vent in prolonged cheers, and hats and papers were thrown wildly in the air.

thrown wildly in the air.

VOTING FOR LINDLEY.

When the name of Morris, the colored Republican, was called that gentleman voted for Cicero J. Lindley. The programme now became for all the Republicans to vote for Lindley, it having been found impossible for Fuller or any man to receive the full Republican vote. Representative Taubeneck, when his name was called for, voted for A. J. Streeter, nominee of the F. M. B. A. party, and on resuming his seat burst into tears of sincere sorrow, no one doubted, and cheer after cheer from the Republican side rewarded his loyalty to his party nominee. The verification of the roll showed the Republicans voting for Lindley, every

nominee. The verification of the roll showed the Republicans voting for Lindley, every Democrat for Palmer, Moore and Cockrell for Palmer and Taubeneck for Streeter. "On the 154th ballot," said Speaker Crafts, "the whole number, of votes cast is 204; nec-essary to a choice 103, of which John M. Palmer has received 103 votes (Democratic applause). A. J. Streeter, one vote and a. Faimer has received its votes (Democratic applause), A. J. Streeter one vote and C. J. Lindley 100 votes, and I hereby declare John M. Palmer duly elected United States Senator to represent the State of Illinois in the Congress of the United States for the term of six years."

term of six years."

Decafening applause from the Democratic side and galleries greeted this announcement. The Democratic representatives cheered themselves hoarse and mounting their desks threw hats and papers and baskets in the air. Several of the members blew horns.

A joint committee was appointed to notify Gen. Palmer of his election. He was conducted into the chamber by the committee, appeared by the side of the Speaker and was greeted with applause.

Gen. Palmer said that he could truthfully

Gen. Palmer said that he could truthfully begin his speech by saying that he felt like singing the good old hymn of his childhood, "Ain't I glad I'm out of the wilderness!" He then vent on to say that his election was a victory of the people, and was an indication of the result of the honest voters of the country against money in politics. He thanked and eulogized the gallant iol for their fearless loyalty to him through thick and thin, and then resulted the resulted the constant. alty to him through thick and thin, and then praised the men and the conscien-tious course of the two Independents, who seeing they could not elect their party candi-date, threw their votes to the candidate whom they believed would be most acceptable to their people. He next paid his attention to the Republican 100, and was thoughtful enough to thank them for the open and fearless way in which they had fought him from start to finish. Gen. Palmer's speech throughout was on the line already covered by him as to his political belief and probable course as Senator, and was admirable in tone and spirit throughout. At its close, the old war-horse received another ovation. He was presented with a magnificent floral design by the Palmer Club of Jacksonville, Ill. At the conclusion of his speech the Joint Committee of the Illinois House and Senate adjourned sine die. Gen. Palmer left the hall with Speaker Crafts. He was cheered at almost every foot-step, and his progress toward the Leland

Hotel was a picnic. FIXING FOR A GRAND CELEBRATION. FIXING FOR A GRAND CELEBRATION.
The 101 are making preparations for a grand
Palmer jollification, to begin to-night. A
Palmer mass meeting at the Court-house, at
which Senator-elect Palmer will speak,
a reception at the Leland and various other features are being considered. During the roll call of the joint ballot there was a quarrel on the Republican side of the House between two members, which lasted about two minutes, and in which blows came very near being exchanged. It caused quite an uproar, and when that subsided, Senator Derry (Republican) seemed to lose his head, either through excitement or over the situation, and sent out a series of piercing yells that sounded like a town fight was in full headway. He was finally quieted down. With these exceptions the proceedings of to-day's joint assembly wer fled throughout.

JOHN M. PALMER. John McCauley Palmer was born in Eagle Creek, Scott Co., Ky., Sept. 18, 1817. He re-moved to Illinois in 1832, and in 1839 settled in Carlinville. He was admitted to the bar in 840, and was a member of the State Consticutional Convention in 1847. In 1852 he was sent to the State Senate, and was a mer ber of the National Republican Convention in Philadelphia in 1856; a presidential elector on the Republican ticket in 1860; a delegate to the peace convention in Washington, February, 1861; was elected Colonel of the Fourteenth Illinois Volunteers in April, 1861, and was with Freemont at Springfield, Mo. He



was commissioned Brigadier General of Vol inteers on Dec. 20, the same year and was with Pope at New Madri commanded the first brigade division of the Mississippi. In November, 1862, he commanded a division in Grant's army and for gallantry at the battle of Stone River was made Major-General of volunteers. Gen. Palmer was at the battle of Chickamauga with his corps and commanded the Fourteenth army corps throughout the Atlanta campaign. He was elected Governor of Lilingis as elected Governor of 'Illinois as a Republican. He broke wi Republican party on the tariff iss . He broke with

Gen. Palmer is 75 years old, but has all the Gen. Faimer is a years old, but has all the physical vigor of a strong man of 50. He has been closely identified with Illinois politics for forty years, having been a leader in both parties, and by each given all the honors it had to bestow. Up to the opening of the war Palmer was a Democrat, but had never held office. After the war he affiliated with the Particles parties and in 1808 he was elected. pandemonium reigned for a few minutes. This horns were brought out and pandemonium reigned for a few minutes. This horns were brought out and a regular carrival marked the time just preceding the opening of the war he affiliated with the first correceding the opening of the war he affiliated with the first correceding the opening of the war he affiliated with the first correceding the opening of the war he affiliated with the first correction of the joint correction of the joint correction of the joint correction of the joint and the members called out that those laddes who were there by invitation should remain and a murmur of femiliane applause arose in acknowledgment. At 11:55 the House was called to order by the Speaker.

THE DECIDING DALLOT.

Soon after the Senate entered in a body and the members took the seats assigned to them. Speaker Critis then dozen entered in a body and the members took the seats assigned to them. Speaker Critis then dozen more consistence of the United States Government it would ask for it through its proper representations the joint Ard members.

The Bucullican Steering Committee or dared their members not to answer preliminary roil-call. Senator Evans, however, disregarded the committee's injunction and answered "Here!" when his name was called. On the foli-call of the House both Cockrell and Moore to the foli-call of the House both Cockrell and Moore to the foli-call of the House both of the Hous

representatives of the F, M. B. A., he said although his health was admirable, he had nearly reached the limit of political activity and would regard his election to the United States Senate as a crowning honor.

WILDLY ENTHUSIASTIC.

cenes in the Illinois Legislature FIELD, Ill., March 11.-The scene in he Hall of Representatives to day when the enatorial struggle was ended was one the like of which was never before witnessed in any solitical or legislative gathering. The expolitical or legislative gathering. The expectations of the Democrats on the verge of realization had been wrought up to the highest pitch, and with the certainty of victory the followers of Palmer were wildly enthusiastic. The Republicans, despondent and defeated, kept up a show of good feeling that was mere bravado. They indulged in deristve remarks which failed, however, to overcome the good spirits of the jubilant Democrats. Every seat, aisle and passageway in crats. Every seat, alsle and passageway in the chamber was crowded. When the joint Assembly was opened there was not even

The Senate entered the hall at 12 o'clock ex-The Senate entered the hall at 12 o'clock exactly and the joint convention was called to order by Speaker Crafts. A huge silk banner, having a portrait of Gen. Palmer and belonging to the Palmer Club of Jacksonville, which arrived this morning, was placed on the Democratic side of the House just before the Senate entered. The roll-call of the Senate was not answered by the Republicance and treater for orseen. of the House just before the Senate entered. The roll-call of the Senate was not answered by the Republicans and twenty-five present were reported. The roll of the house was then called and the Republicans again refused to answer. When Cockrell's name was called he responded "Here," and the Democrats and spectators broke out in tumultuous applause. A similar ovation greeted Dr. Moore's response, the cheering growing so vehement that Speaker Crafts had to threaten to have the House cleared if order was not preserved. Taubeneck refused to respond and was applauded by the Republicans. Seventy-nine members of the House were present, giving a total in the joint convention of 104, Callahan (Republican) having also responded. The 154th ballot was then taken, the only responses 'coming from the Democrats, who shouted for Palmer. When Cockrell's name was called there was no reply, and Republicans began to shout derisively. Loud calls of "Vote! Vote!"

arose, and the uproar grew almost into a riot. The Republicans hooted and yelled. arose, and the uproar grew almost into a riot. The Republicans hooted and yelled, and the Speaker used his gavel in vain. Above the uproar at last rose Cockrell's

him, and then Cockrell called out slowly: "John M. Palmer."

Storm after storm of applause swept through the great hall at this death-blow to the Republicans, and for some minutes the roll-call could not proceed. When it did, and at last reached the name of Dr. Moore, that gentleman, in a clear and decisive tone announced his vote for some paramer. Then the scene became one of pandemonium, and a great Democratic bell rose for Palmer that shoot demonium, and a great Democratic
yell rose for Palmer that shook
the building in wave after
wave of crushing sound. The clerk then wave of crushing sound. The clerk then turned to announce the vote. Not a Republican member moved that the roll of absentees should be called. This meant that the Republicans were going to cast their dying vote and a deep hush fell upon the scene. Senator Anderson, the first Republican on the Senatorial group, voted for Cicero J. Lindley, Senator Evans followed him with a still faithful vote for Richard J. Oglesby and then upon Lindley the rest of the Republicans bestowed their dying agony. They took oc-

bestowed their dying agony. They took oc-casion to taunt the Oglesby voter during their expiring moments. The Lindley men voted for the man whom his party sold out, Cicero J. Lindley. Senator Bacon at the last changed his vote from Oglesby, calling out in a loud voice:

"I wish to vote for the man who was betrayed by his friends, Cicero J. Lindley." The roll call of the Senate was then verified by the cierk. Then the cierk called the roll of the Tauberneck voted for Streeter, and depresentatives for Cicero J. Lindley.
Crafts received the report of the
f the House and rising struck the esk with his gavel and announced the vote, eclaring John M. Palmer elected United

States Senator. The cheering then was deafening and lasted fully fifteen minutes. THE STRUGGLE IN ILLINOIS.

ocracy of Illinois, as the victory of Gen. John M. Palmer at Springfield to-day is the great est won by the Democratic party of that State since the memorable contest in 1858 between Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglass for the United States Senate. In that Douglass for the United States Senate. In that notable campaign, thirty-three years ago, each of the candidates went to the people for his nomination, and the ballot taken by the Legislature was more of a formality than a real contest, a legal requirement to carry out the wishes of the people already expressed. Three years later, in the summer of 1861, Senator Douglass died, and the Democratic Legislature of Illinois elected Wm. A. Richardson to succeed him.

ELECTION OF DAVID DAVIS. That was nearly thirty years ago, and the elected their regular party candidate was in any Senatorial election in Illinois from that enly Senatorial election in Illinois from that day to this in which the Republicans have not 1877, when David Davis was sent to the United States Senate by the combined uotes of the Democrats and bolting Republicans, the latter refusing to vote for John A. Logan, who was seeking a re-election. David Davis had been a candidate for the presidential nomination at Cincinnati in 1872, which was given to Horace Greeley, and was considered an Independent, having left the Republican party but not having joined the Democratic party. having joined the Democratic party.

At the following senatorial election in Illinois, two years later, John A. Logan was victorious, as he was six years afterwards in the memorable contest of 1888, in which he defeated Wm. R. Morrison by a political trick which has become historical.

was the only candidate considered by the Democrats, his nominatian, in fact having been made at the polls last November, but the Republicans, on the other hand, changed candidates half a dozen times. The party was first divided between ex-Senator Farwell, Dick Oglesby and several lesser lights of the party, and after the first tilt settled on Uncle Dick, but finding they couldn't elect him, the Republicans took up Cicere J. Lindley of Greenville, Ill. Then they dropped him, or some of them did, and supported J. P. Steele, a Farmers' Alliance candidate from Mount Vernon. Representative Moore, an Alliance member of the Legislature, secured the support of a large number of the Republicans on several ballots, and Mr. Streeter, another Labor and Alliance party man, was shoved to the front now and then, and but for his wild promises to the Republican Central Committee, he might have been elected. Moore and Cockrell, two of the Alliance members, couldn't stand that and they flew the track as soon as they learned how their party was to be sold out, and decided to vote with the Democrats for John M. Palmer. Moore and Cockrell are both virtually Democrats, and always voted with the Democratic party

until a year or two ago, when they joined the WILD EXCITEMENT ON 'CHANGE.

and Cockrell are both virtually Democratic and always voted with the Democratic part

The News of Palmer's Election Recei With Storms of Applause. When the news of the election of Palme was received on the floor of the Merchants Exchange all business was suspended, and the floor was filled with enthusiastic shouters, who made it the walls ring with their cheers. Never in the history of the grain pit has a wilder scene been witnessed than that t which took place as soon as the tidings were received. Trading was active tidings were received. tive, and the traders were watching with great interest the course of the market when a telegraph boy plunged through the crowd with even more than the usual disregard of the comfort of the bystanders manifested by his species and handed a telegram to a wall-known of the bystanders manifested by his species and handed a telegram to a well-known member of the Exchange. He glanced at it and at once, with a whoop, called out, "Palmer is elected!" In an instant the entire appearance of the pit was changed. The men who had been intent on the course of the market lost all interest in the price of grain, and the pit was at once filled with a shouting throng who made the walls ring again with their cheers, while the air was full of hats thrown skyward by their enthusiastic owners, skyward by their enthusiastic owners which descended in a perfect cascade, and in a more or less dilapidate condition. One wildly jubilant trader three condition. One wildly jubilant trader threw his hat so high that it was caught on a wire, and at last accounts he was endeavoring to withdraw it from its elevated position, in order to avoid the necessity of exposing his bald head to the March zephyrs. The friends of the Illinois Senator shrieked and yelled until they could scarcely articulate and business was not resumed until ulate, and business was not resumed until physical exhaustionput an end to the enthus-iastic demonstrations. The following tele-gram was sent to Gen. Palmer as soon as the news was received: "Cheer after cheer goes up on the floor of the

Exchange over your glorious victory af admirable a canvass and I esteem it a flege to tender to you my hearty congre MARCUS BERNHEIMER.''
Arrangements were at once made to char ter a special train and a large delegation will leave this evening for Springfield to congrat-ulate the Senator-elect upon his victory.

All morning there was an expectant

crowd in front of the office to hear the news Springfield. It was known that from Messrs. Moore and Cockrell had issued a statement in which they declared their in tention to vote for Gen. Palmer to-day. When a bulletin was posted in the When a bulletin was posted in the Post-Disparch window stating that Cockrell and Moore had declared this morning that they would cast their votes for Palmer on the first ballot taken to-day there was a short cheer and the crowd seemed more eager than ever. About 12:20 p. m. a bulletin was posted announcing that Cockrell and Moore had voted with the Democrats and that Gen. Palmer had been elected. There were two or three hundred people gathered in front of the POST-DISPATCH office at the time and of the Post-Disparch office at the time and they broke out into a cheer that could be heard nearly a mile away. The cheering was continued for three or four minutes and win-dows were thrown open in the neigh-borhood of the office and people came running from all directions to learn the March 11, 1891, may be set down in the political calendar as a red letter day for the Democracy of Illinois, as the victory of Control of Contr inside shopping, drove hurriedly to the office to become enlightened as to the cause of the cheering and there soon were 1,000 people assembled in the block from Broadway to sixth street on Olive. Many of the new comers were Demo-crats and gave cheers on their own account, and even some people who were Republicans declared they were pleased at Palmer's election. The choice was certainly a popular

Watterson Booming Morrison. NEW YORK, March 11.—The WORLD's Wash-ton special says: The belief here is that Col. Watterson is covertly booming William R Morrison for the Presidency. Col. Watterson and Col. Morrison have long been intimate friends and they have many friends in com mon. Mr. Carlisle is one of these. There is Morrison circle here which this interpretation of Mr. Watterson's present activity greatly elates. Col. Morrison, as a member of the Board of Interstate Commerce Commissioners, makes Washington his home. He lives at Willard's, and the little town in Illinois from which he comes. There are no frills about him. The

the little town in Illinois from which he comes. There are not frills about him. The Southern men here are not disposed to speculate much about the situation. Democratic success means a good deal to them and they are inclined to depreciate any agitation that might even in the slightest degree becloud the prospect. Congressman Breckenridge of Arkansas said to-day:

"The National Convention is too far off to make a discussion as to candidates profitable. The subject is interesting, but the conditions may all be changed six months hence. The one thing of supreme importance to us all is that the issue of tariff reform shall not be subordinated to any other issue."

Iowa Temperance Alliance.

DES MOINES, IQ., March 11.—The convention of the State Temperance Alliance began here last night. President Harvey delivered his annual address, and committees were appointed for the work of two days' sessions, which will be held Wednesday and Thursday. President Harvey took strong grounds in favor of the enforcement of the law, and intimated that the Republican party is doomed if it does not renfirm its loyalty to prohibition principles.

Aldrich a Candidate.

PROVIDENCE, R. L., March 11 .- A conference PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 11.—A conference posterday of the Republican leaders here, which was sttended by Senator Aldrich, resulted in determining that he will be a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate in 1897. The report is said to be erroneous that he will retire to engage in the banking business in New York.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March il.—Boger Q.
Mills spoke here yesterday in the Music Hall
to the students of the University. After his
speech Mr. Mills stated in an interview that
he was a candidate for Speaker of the next
House, but did not care to talk further on the
subject.

COMSTOCK'S FURNITURE.



It's easy enough to sell you furniture once we get you here. You'are surprised and pleased with the prices that are so little

This is the second week of the March Sale-and we are better able to give you your bargain than we were the first

What we want is to get you interested. Once done we can consider you (if not already) a regular customer. We sell the standard furniture of St. Louis and that for the least money.

400, 402, 404 N. Fourth Street.

DESIGNING THE TRACKS

PLANS OF THE NEW DEPO'S BEING CONSIDERED.

Railroad Officials and Engineers Hold a Meeting and Exchange Ideas—Reducing the Working Forces of Wester

Messrs. Dickinson and Way of the Missouri Pacific, Hays and Lincoln of the Wabash, and also Ramsey, Bent and Mabrey, all repesenting proprietary lines that will build the new Union Depot, are in session this afternoon at the rooms of the Terminal Railway Association at the Union Depot. These gentlemen are supplements by Herbert Taussig. They were gathered to-gether to take the first and most important tep in the construction of the new depot determine upon the ground plan. It determine upon the ground plan. It was evident from the beginning that there was going to be trouble over the location of tracks, although it turned out to be goodnatured. The plans which Mr. Herbert Taussig had drawn up did not suit the representative of several lines, and they began to make amendments and changes. Some of the men were in favor of almost completely changing the tracks from where Mr. Taussig had intended they should go.

GETTING THINGS READY. The meeting to day is composed of the of ficials and engineers of the roads interested and they seem determined to settle the matter. No adjournment was taken at ter. No adjournment was taken at noon, although several of those present favored doing so. The Union Depot Co. have the land between Eighteenth and Twentieth streets and the tracks and Clark avenue on which to make their entry to the depot. Although the gentlemen were generally closed mouthed this afternoon, there seems to be little doubt that the present favorite plan is to put the tracks between two separate parts of the building, the design for which will be made afterwards.

afterwards.

If the ground plans or tracks can be decided upon, the work of drawing the plans for the building proper will be undertaken at once. Although there was considerable objection to the arrangement of the tracks at first, this was mostly removed by corrections and changes, so that by 1 o'clock only a few matters remained in dispute. They were being eradicated very fast, and the prospects of an agreement being reached in a short time were very flattering.

8478 THEY ARE PROGRESSING.

SAYS THEY ARE PROGRESSING.
Mr. Taussig was seen for a few minutes and said that they were hard at work, with every prospect of an amicable agreement being reached soon.

reached soon.

"We are in dead earnest," said he, "and as soon as this matter is settled we will go to work on the design for the building. The arrangement of the tracks has been a ticklish piece of work and there are few people who realize how important the task really is. The tracks must be arranged before the building is even planned. Although there is plenty of room, it has been an object to make every available foot of ground have some use. We want to so arrange the tracks some use. We want to so arrange the tracks that they will be convenient, and to do this the matter must be talked over and changes suggested and made."

suggested and made."

A RECESS FOR DINNER.

At 2 o'clock the meeting decided to take a recess until 4 o'clock for dinner. No final action was taken, but they hope to decided on plans before adjourning this even-

Water Filters. Simmons Hardware Co.

A SUIT AGAINST THE GOVERNOR. Two of Noland's Bondsmen Claim The

Mr. John T. McElhaney of Neosho, Mo. one of ex-Treasurer Noland's bonds men, is in the city for the alleged one of ex-Treasurer Noland's bondsmen, is in the city for the alleged purpose of entering suit against Gov. D. R. Francis. He says he will consult his friend W. H. Swift and act as he dictates. Mr.' McElhaney says Noland's bondsmen were mulcted for more than Noland was short and has positive proofs which show the shortage to have been but \$22,000 while \$23,000 was demanded and collected. The difference, he intimates, is a shortage which has been carried on the books by Noland's predecessor, Seibert, now State Auditor, and others, and that they or their bondsmen should have paid \$9,000 or \$10,000. Noland increased the shortage instead of decreasing it as others had tried to do and the whole shortage fell on him. Mr. McElhaney claims he paid \$1,000 when his loss should be less than \$1,000 and that Mr. Swift paid \$1,000 when his share should be about \$1,000. He says he has asked the State Legislature to look into the matter, but his request was ignored, and now he and Mr. Swift intend to bring civil action against Gov. Francis and State Auditor Seibert and Seibert's bondsmen as soon as possible. He says he will not be quieted and means to take action at once.

A sensational horsewhipping occurred yes-terday at Forty-fourth and Broadway, New York. The parties are unknown, but the woman is thought to be a ballet girl.

Special Sale in New Trimmed Hats. New Spring Styles

The Largest and Most Complete MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

Per Box of 6 pair

NOTIONS.

Special Sale Turkey Feather Dus-ters, for Thursday only at One-Half Price. 500 11-inch Dusters, 15c; reduced

500 13-inch Dusters, 23c; reduced from 45c. 100 15-inch Dusters, 27c; reduced from 55c.

HANDKERCHIEFS 800 dozen Ladies' Plain White Hemstitched Union Handkerchiefs

3c Each. JEWELRY.

50 dozen Ladies' Large Rolled Gold Crescent Lace Pins, set with 15 Rhine Stones, regular price, \$1; for Thursday, 49c.

50 dozen Solid Silver Bangle Friendship Rings, for Thursday,

9c. KID GLOVES.

100 dozen Ladies' 4-Button Em-broidered Back Undressed Kid Gloves, in tans and slate; for Thurs-

Reduced from \$1.00

50 Infants' Cream Cashmere Long Cloaks, with capes, regular price, \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00. Choice of the entire lot Thursday,

73c.

SPECIAL---Infants' Cloaks.

HOSIERY.

500 dozen Gents' British Half Hose, regular made, double heels and toe, regular price, 20c per pair; for Thursday,

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Special for Thursday—We have placed on Center Table,
15 dozen Ladies' Muslin Gowns, regular price \$1.00 to \$1.50.
15 dozen Ladies' Chemise, regular price, \$1.00 to \$1.35.
15 dozen Ladies' Drawers, regular price, \$1.00 to \$1.25.
15 dozen Ladies' Skirts, regular price, \$1.00 to \$1.50.
Choice of this entire lot Thursday,

\$1.98.

SOAPS. 1000 dozen Good Toilet Soaps, large cakes, regular price, 5c cake; for Thursday,

29c Dozen.

815, 817, 819, 821 SONNENFELD'S,

North Broadway. ten wagons

liver weekly

to 20,000 lbs

Roasted Cof-

proves that we

vertise-give

for the least

WITH our we derom 18,000 of our Fresh fee, which do as we adthe best goods money. This month we will give with every pound of our celebrated Tea and

ful Diamond-Cut 8-inch Useful and Beautiful Pres-The Great Eastern

1111 Franklin Av.

Baking Powder this beauti-Fruit Bowl, also many other Coffee & Tea Co.,

A Still Deeper Cut!



Gents' hand-welt calf Congress and Bals from \$6.50 to \$4. Gents' Goodyear welt calf Congress and Bals from \$4.50 to \$2.50. Ladies' hand-welt dongola Button from \$5 to \$

Ladies' dongola Button from \$3.50 to \$2. 25 to 40 per cent reduction on entire stock of Misses', Children's, Boys' and Youths' Shoes to retire from that part of our business. All fresh goods. No old stock.

W.PARRISH

Northwest Corner Seventh and Olive Streets.

THE GOLDEN CHAIN.

A Little Band of Mercy Doing a Deal of Good—The Meeting.

The Society of the Golden Chain held its annual meeting to-day and the Secretary filed a report of cases remedied. Under the head of cruelty to children there were a total of fifty-two cases remedied, and under the head of cruelty to animals 215 cases remedied. The society now numbers several hundred, and has branches in nearly all of the schools in the city.

Society of persons of all ages and classes, who have promised to "try and be kind to all living creatures, and to persuade bands in various places, one in Buenos Ayres, which is the first children's humane society of South America. It was organized in 1884 by Master Willie Sparhawk, through the kind-ness of a friend who resides in that city. The meetings are held in Spanish and its name, Cardenasde Oro, the Spanish for Golden Chain.

The young people are receiving encouragement from all sides, and the society gains strength dealy.

Mrs. Brooks made a brief address, in which

she outlined the objects of the society, as follows:
Upon this happy occasion I wish to state briefly the object and methods of this society. The Golden Chain was formed in 1888 by the union of the "Kind Words." "West End" union of the "Kind Words." "West End" and other bands of mercy, which were formed by myself in 1885 and 1886 and 1887.

Its object is educational, and its method is to cultivate the sentiments of mercy and kindness by readings and recitations of noble deeds and works in behalf of human and dumb creatures.

There are no dues, and no money donations have been accepted. The membership includes all ages and persons over 16 are considered associate.

strength daily.

Simmons Hardware Co.

WM: ANDERSON, his wife and three sn children are reported destitute in the real 1418 North Tenth street. Anderson is sick a has been unable to work for more than months.

cludes all ages and persons over 16 are considered associate.

The plan of work inaugurated by the Golden Chain is to interest the members in forming bands of mercy in their respective neighbors hoods, and to secure as many signatures as possible to the humane pledge. We have forty of these branches, and through them thousands of names are presented to the

May March April

Are the months in which to purify your blood. During the winter the blood becomes thin and impure, so that in the spring the body loses its energy, the appetite goes, and the system craves the aid of a reliable medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted to purify and enrich the blood, to create a good appetite and to overcome that tired feeling. Therefore,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

TOUR THROUGH BARR'S"

And even two days isn't enough to more than get a glimpse at Barr's display, and that means only the novelties. To-day we begin with SILKS, and will just touch upon some few of the high-class fabrics. A real high art fabric is a white armure with a broad satin duchesse stripe, richly wrought in velvet birds and flowers in life tints and sizes, the velvet standing in relief, as if the great roses were actually laid upon the silk. A new silk is interwoven with tinsel and intended entirely for rich dresses to be worn at night. A moire antique shows flowers in dull tints running though the entire surface. Exquisite mousselaine de soie in black or white, embroidered in gold threads or in colored silks. A magnificent thick white satin shows a border of carnations and foliage in all their wealth of coloring. Among the brocades is a superb old India feather pattern in rich shaded greens and other dull tints on a tinsel ground. The display of china silks is simply grand; black and colored grounds, figured in colors, and in price as low as fifty-five cents. Everybody seemed delighted with the striped and plaided grenadines, black with raised satin stripes, also flowers, polka dots and figures. In evening gauzes the display is something marvelous; but, then, the whole exhibit is that. And now a word about LACES. Do you know this is to be emphatically a lace season? White flounces in princess lace for delicate challi and evening dresses, and several new wash lace flounces, fifteen to twenty inches wide, for wash dresses; also narrower for the waist. Black flouncings are shown in endless variety: two and three will be used on dresses. Jets are "in" again. The display at Barr's is something grand. Narrow nail head bands, broad bands with pendants, the exquisite jeweled bands of finely cut jets, with here and there a glint of an amethyst, ruby or emerald. These will be used on all black lace or silk dresses, and the effect is wonderfully rich. In black skirtings there are shown dozens of styles; all black, richly worked, or black worked in all the newest shades, deep borders, and narrow bands for waist trimming. A novelty in lace skirting shows a wide satin stripe border, and the new all-over scroll pattern. Another is all asparkle and glitter with fine cut jets, and the price is only twenty dollars a yard---with the narrow waist trimmings generously thrown in. In white skirtings, some dainty designs show borders of leaves appliqued on, above a fine hemstitching. Another delicate pattern had the plain material dotted all over with embroidered polka spots. FANS are entirely too pretty for prosaic use. One beauty, with solid silver sticks, is painted with a border of delicately tinted lilacs. Another, in marigold gauze, has black lace butterflies let into the body of the fan. A novelty is a dainty ivory sticked fan, covered in tiny flounces of gauze in the new Fin de Siede shade. These come in all the new tints to match the new evening stuffs. A novel idea is shown in fans with the design done in tiny spangles. These will match the new tinsel woven silks for reception gowns. In RIBBONS the display might be compared to the rainbow for magnificence, only the rainbow's nowhere when it comes to color. There are hundreds of new shades that the rainbow never dreamed of. The tinsel ribbons are like strips of spun gold. The new glazed ribbons, changing their color with every movement, are to be used on hats and for the pretty new ginghams and other summer gowns. Some beautiful Jacquard and moire ribbons are shown in a bewildering assortment of shades. There's no excuse for anybody not finding the shade of ribbon they want, for every shade under the sun is shown at Barr's opening. The new PARASOLS get a big share of public attention. They seem to run to borders, largely; black with delicately tinted borders, and delicately tinted with black borders. A pretty style is the changeable silk parasol, lined in pink and finished with cherry sticks. A pretty dark blue parasol had a border of white lace appliqued on. These lace-trimmed parasols are pretty to go with the lace-trimmed wash dresses. Of course there are hundreds of styles in black parasols, lace parasols, umbrellas, and parasols without end. The exhibit in Kid GLOVES was very fine. The new shades matching and made with a view to proper contrast with all the leading shades in dress stuffs. You know Barr's are the sole agents for the celebrated Centemeri kid gloves, acknowledged to be the lowest priced real kid glove in the world, and absolutely faultless as to fit and finish. The exhibit in party gloves is beautiful. Among the most important displays was that in Household LINENS. ers seemed to find that a center point of attraction; the beautiful hemstitched sets, the drawn-work sets, the exquisitely embroidered cloths, towels, etc., all received as was their due many words of commendation. And now I've not told the half. Everybody is cordially invited to come and see for themselves.

WHOLESALE DISCHARGE OF EMPLOYES TO REDUCE EXPENSES.

Out-The Building League of Milwaukee -A Contractor in Trouble - Labor

CHICAGO, Ill., March 11.—The Burlington removals are still going on and it is thought that before a halt is called at least 3,000 em-ployes on the eight lines composing the sysem will have been dismissed. No reports have been received at the general office she ing the number of men let out as yet, and no days. Regarding the removals now being

commencing March 23. The reason for it is that Mr. Thomas has a contract with the Orchestra Association for twenty weeks of concerts every year for five years, and one of the clauses in the contract prohibits him from engaging in these concerts any local musicians. He must recruit entirely from European musicians. Thomas wanted fourteenman for his own concerts, and asked Prof. men for his own concerts, and asked Prof.
Rosenbecker to get them for him, indicating
the men he preferred. Rosenbecker laid the
matter before the musicians, and they decided
that if they were not good enough to play
during the twenty weeks they are not good

indications the lockout of the plasterers seems to be only a forerunner of what may be expected at the opening of the building season this year. All the building trades in the city are members of the Building League. In this organization are included the stone-cutters, masons and brick-layers, carpenters, plasterers, hod-carriers, plumbers, painters, roofers and cabinet-makers, and the total membership of these organizations is fully 5,000 men. These unions will stand by the treasury of the International Brotherhood, and the remaining unions are financially able to stand a protracted slege if nec-

A TEXAS CONTRACTOR INDICTED.

New ORLEANS, La., March 11.—The Picsyune's Austin (Tex.) special says: Execution has issued here to recover judgment against Gus Wilke of Chicago for \$1,000, with costs in sixty-four cases, and Deputy United States Marshal Turner has gone to Chicago to execute the papers. Wilke was the contractor who built the new State House and imported granite cutters from Scotland in violation of the alien contract law, and was indicted at

Mercantile Havana Cigars Contain fine Havana tobacco. Made by Mer cantile Factory, 305 North Fourth street.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Prices Obtained. There was not much trading on the Mining Exchange this morning, and prices were generally unchanged.

The heaviest trading was in Bimetallic, but the price dropped. The first transfer was one of 100 shares at \$33, followed by a sale of fifty shares at \$32.75, and more could have been obtained at that figure.

Elizabeth was firm at \$1.87½, and sales aggregating 500 shares were made at that quotation.

50

The market was dull and the sales sma Broadway Store for Rent.

For rent, the new five-story building 106 North Broadway. HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 118 N. 8th.

A DULL STOCK MARKET. The New York Market Weak, and Deal-ings Light.

New York, March 11.—The opening of the stock market this morning was marked by the most extreme duliness, which was intensified as the hour wore along, and while there was some approach to animation in St. Paul, Lackawanna, Louisville and Burlington, the trading in those stocks was largely decreased from that of the last few days. First prices were in many cases higher than those of last evening, Rock Island, in fact, being up the per cent, but the tendency in the early dealings was downward, though fluctuations were on the most limited scale, Burlington and Lackawanna leading with losses of only the per cent. Later there was a general recovery on prices, but no re

THE BURLINGTON'S CUT. men masons. The masons declare they will stocks being almost entirely neglected. There were a few upward movements of note in the

ackawanna leading.

The Stock Market. By Private Wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

ater dealings, however, Colorado Coal and

Atchison 25% Dec & A London special says that the subscriptions to the Argentine International loan were \$32,000,000; securities are difficult to sell at quoted

prices. The loan was for \$100,000,000 at 75. prices. The loan was for \$100,000,000 at 70. The managers of the Western roads meet to-day for the purpose of settling, if possible, the Alton and Jacksonville Southeastern passenger rate troubles. The managers of the Central Traffic Association meet Thursday American & Nettle was in better demand than it has been for several days, but there was made at 314, and more was wanted at fere with the efficiency of the service and its adoption is made advisable because the tonnage of our road was reduced last year by poor crops along the line."

CHICAGO, Ill., March II.—The local union of musicians is boycotting Theodore Thomas, and they have refused to play for him in a series of concerts which are to be given here commencing March 12. The reason for it is that Mr. Thomas has a contract with the orchestra Association for twenty weeks of the contral silver was lower, and 100 shares to day.

American & Nettle was in better demand than it has been for several days, but there was neaded at 314, and more was wanted at that figure.

American & Nettle was in better demand than it has been for several days, but there was neaded at 314, and more was wanted at that figure.

American & Nettle was in better demand than it has been for several days, but there was neaded at 314, and more was wanted at that figure.

Granite Mountain was somewhat stronger, but there was little trading, the only sale being one of ten shares at \$25.

Central Silver was lower, and 100 shares were soid at 7.

Were soid at 7.

The following quotations were made on call to-day:

The following quotations were made on call than it has been for several days, but there was leaded at 144, and more was wanted at that figure.

American & Nettle was in better demand than it has been for several days, but there was leaded at 314, and more was wanted at that figure.

American & Nettle was in better demand than it has been for several days, but there was leaded at 314, and more was wanted at that figure.

Alliance legislation and all anti-railway bills killed. The St. Paul and Texas points. The earnings of the St. Paul for the first week of March increased \$17,000.

Loan market very dull. C., B. & Q., R. I. and D., L. & W. 1 and 142 per cent; others 242 per cent and 3. Banks have gained from the Sub-Treasury since last F

Sub-Treasury since last Friday \$525,889. The Bank of England lost £88,000 in balance to-day. The earnings of the Northern Pacific for March 6 increased \$9,600. A private dispatch from Cincinnati, O., says that the Distilling & Cattle Feeding Trust has advanced the price on spirits I cent a railon. Distilling & Cattle Feeding Trust has advanced the price on spirits 1 cent a gallon, and of alcohol 2 bents a gallon. The Western Union surplus, after dividend, \$179,142 for the quarter ending March 81. The wheat producing area of Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and South Dacota is covered to a depth of 10 inches with snow. It is the heaviest fall of the nast six years. In the indement of experienced agriculturists and grain men the prospect of a full wheat crop is increased enormously in the best affected. The grow-ing crops of the State were in a fairly good

York and Chicago, and execute orders for the purchase and sale of railroad stocks and onds for cash or on margin; also grain and provisions. Our facilities for obtaining quick

Terrible Storm at Tacoma

Tacoma. Wash., March 11.—Yesterday's storm along the Sound was the worst that has been known here for seventeen years. For nearly eight hours it raged with unabated fury. The Seattle & Montana Railway, which for four miles runs along the coast, was completely wrecked for that distance. It was built on a solid bed of rip-rap with no earthwork about it. During the storm four big waves swept over it from the bay. These waves were thought to be tidal waves, as it was about half-tide when they came along. The waves swept in at about twenty-minute intervals and tossed the logs and timbers about as if they were matches. A number of the railroad men stood some distance above the tracks and they assert it was a sight of a

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Brazil Ratifies the Treaty With the United States. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11 .- Ever since the day when the new United States-Brazilian treaty was proclaimed simultaneously in both countries, Senor Mendonca, Brazil's Minister to the United States, has been in constant telegraphic communication with his Government. The cablegrams have been his Government. The cablegrams have been lengthy, but they have been emphatic. The Brazilian Government, on the one side, has made inquiry after inquiry relative to the treaty, while Senor Mendonda's replies have been filled with explanations and informa-

treaty, while senor mendonica's replies have been filled with explanations and information. Some of these cablegrams have indicated a very serious condition of affairs—how serious may be determined from the significant utterances of the Minister made yesterday and already quoted.

"I received to day," continued the Minister, "an installment of Brazilian papers containing the decree promulgating the treaty and also presenting at length the views of the officials and merchants. One of these papers, the Journal do Commercio, is filled from the first column to the last with expressions condemnatory to the treaty. The feeling has reached such a degree that one Congressman predicts that all the merchants in Rio Janeiro will go into liquidation in a few months. This, of course, is absurd, but it shows what is being asserted. The opposition comes from the two flour manufacturers who, of course, are affected by the treaty, and from the importers of English goods. My first recept has not however, reached them and from the importers of English goods. My first report has not, however, reached them. It will not arrive there until the 16th or 17th. When it is published their eyes will be opened."

"Will the treaty be revoked?"

"No it cannot be." exclaimed Senor Man.

opened."
"Will the treaty be revoked?"
"No, it cannot be," exclaimed Senor Mendonca, emphatically. "In the first place, it does not go into effect until the 1st of April, and what ground would there be for revoking a treaty before it has been tried? When it has been given a trial, and this excitement has calmed down, when the present ignorance has been dispelled by a true appreciation of the facts, you will hear nothing from Brazilabout an abrogation of the treaty. In the second place the decree was promulgated by Senor Da Fonseca when he was President of the Provisional Government. He was then virtually dictator, exercising the judicial, legislative and executive functions. He offered to resign these functions to the convention which met to frame the constitution, but its members directed him to continue to exercise them until the constitution was adopted. It was during this interim and under this authorization that the President proclaimed the treaty. Consequently, that treaty will stand. The Government can remove me, and I am ready to resign, but the work that I have done cannot so easily be put aside."

CAPITAL NOTES.

Senator Peffer of Kansas 1s preaching his monetary doctrine to the people of the East. Last night he addressed the Commonwealth Club. He wants the Government to loan the farmers \$200,000,000 in \$1 Treasury notes, to be paid back in ten pears, 10 per cent each year, being practically a toan without interest. He thinks that all the mortgaged land in the West can be redeemed in this way in fifteen years.

President Cleveland or retained in office by him have been ousted by President Harrison. Only six remain in Missouri, namely, the Postmasters of Canton, California, Edina, Mexico, Princeton and Troy.

EX-CONFEDERATES' HOME.

The vice-presidents of the ex-Confederate Missouri State Home Association met yes terday in room 85, Laclede Hotel. A go interest to ex-Confederates in relation to the nome just now is to build a number of small cottages on the farm purchased in Lafayette County, near Higginsville.

James Bannerman, President of the association, presided and W. P. Barlow, the Secretary, was in attendance. The attendance

retary, was in attendance. The attendance of the Vice-Presidents, representing districts according to congressional acceptation, were present as follows: F. F. Pitts, Second District; F. P. Bronaugh, Sixth; W. H. Kennan, Seventh; Frank Galennie, Ninth; Geo. F. McNamee, Tenth; E. G. Williams, Eleventh, and W. G. E. G. Williams, Eleventh, and W. G. Bronaugh, Twelfth. There was several visitors who dropped in.

Since the organization of the association fis, 234 cash collections have been made, of which all but \$3,498.88 is now in the hands of Capt. H. A. Ricketts, the treasurer. Lafayette County leads in subscriptions thus far, having given \$5,500, which amount was deducted from the purchase price of the 280 acres of land on which the house is to be located. There is now outstanding and to be collected There is now outstanding and to be collected

districts up to date. St. Francois is the only county that has responded to the call in the Tenth District, which includes fron, St. Genevieve, New Madrid and several other

counties.

A supervising committee consisting of Messrs. Salmon, Bronaugh, Kennon, Fulkerson and Belt was appointed and it was decided to at once place a housekeeper and a commissary clerk at the Home and that seven or eight of the most incapacitated ex-Confederates be admitted without delay. The President was authorized to build ten three-room cottages at the Home. Capt. Duncan of Ransom Post, G. A. R., was present and stated that his post intended giving a benefit entertainment for the Home, and a letter was also received to the effect that the colored teachers of Lincoln University at Jefferson City would contribute to the building fund. The badge of the association will be changed so as to represent the star spangled banner and the Confederate flag entwined.

Rev. B. Carradine of the Centenary M. E. Church and the Rev. P. B. Masden of the Union M. E. Church. A splendid musical programme has been arranged by miss Birdin Arnold and Miss Jesse Couzzins for the occa

MISSISSIPPI IMPROVEMENT.

are more interested in the improvement of navigation than in the protection of riparian lands are pleased with the character of the bill that was passed. It runs as follows:

Resolved, That the sum of \$1,000,000 is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the improvement of the Mississippl River from the head of the Passe to the mouth of the Ohio River, which sum shall be be immediately available and shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War in accordance with the plans, specifications and recommendations of the Mississippl River Commission, Provided that no portion of this appropriation shall be loss of the Mississippl River Commission, Provided that no portion of this appropriation shall be

this appropriation.

In accordance with the provisions, the greater portion of this appropriation will be devoted to deepening the channel, and st. Louis trade will be directly benefited.

graduated last night from the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, the exercises being held at Memorial Hall. The class valedictory was delivered by Fred S. Haeberle and the diplomas were presented by Dr. Louis Bauer, while Dr. Barnes, the Dean of the faculty delivered a short address. Following is a list of the graduates: T. R. Allen, Ed Allermoth, J. O. Bishop, C. P. Cartwright, J. B. Oraddock, J. B. Cousin, E. G. Davis, Ransom Dodd, Chas. Doering, T. L. McQuaide, C. W. Mangus, W. M. Martin, A. A. Mayfield, J. C. Maxfield, D. W. Montgomery, J. M. Mozley, T. A. O'Brien, Charles Orth, W. M. Doser, W.B. Oliver, Monroe Etherton, J. M. Ramsey, E. J. Gabriel, Edw. Rembe, J. P. Gains, H. L. Roberts, L. J. Glers, M. G. Roberts, F. N. Grundmann, W. C. Sibley, F. N. H. Gyllenhammar, Willis Sterns, Fred Haberle, S. S. Skeel, W. M. C. Harris, W. A. Skeel, J. S. Hasty, J. C. Stewart, Henry Heidelberg, Julus Silberstein, I. N. January, H. H. Smith, N. N. Jensen, F. W. Smith, U. H. Johnson, C. E. Spitler, W. T. Johnson, A. P. Stoner, J. T. T. Jordan, W. C. Sullivan, James Kamplain, F. O. T. Sturhahn, W. H. Keesee, Wm. M. Thomas, Chas. B. Kerr, R. B. Tamplin, E. B. Kinder, C. E. Trovillion, E. J. Lutz, G. T. Wieland, J. R. McCauley, R. H. Wilkin, H. T. McCue, J. H. Wright.

EAST ST. LOUIS AND BELLEVILLE.

The Auction Sale Continued To-Day-News and Notes. The auction sale of East St. Louis real estate progresses quietly, but rapidly to-day. The crowd of bidders and spectators on the

grounds of Alta Sita, where the sales

Deepening the Channel.

Although the bill appropriating \$10,000,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress, those who improvement of the Mississippi was not passed by the last Congress.

are more interested in the improvement of at \$4

plans, specifications and recommendations of the Mississippi River Commission. Provided that no portion of this appropriation shall be expended to repair or build levees for the purpose of reclaiming lands or preventing injury to lands as private property by overflows. Provided, however, that the commission is authorized to repair and build levees if in their judgment it should be done, as part of their plans to afford ease and safety to the navigation and commerce of the river and to deepen the channel. Provided, further, that the office, clerical and traveling expenses and salaries of the Mississippi River Commission may be paid from this appropriation.

In accordance with the provisions, the greater portion of this anomalous and so to J. P. Graf at \$2. lots 1 and 22 to M. F. Geary at \$2.50; lots 31 to 34 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 29 and 30 to Charles Block 36—10 to 4 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 31 to 34 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 32 and 34 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 34 and 36 to Marles Block 36—10 to 4 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 31 to 34 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 34 and 36 to Marles Brooks at \$2.50; lots 31 to 34 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 32 and 34 to M. F. Geary at \$2.50; lots 34 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 34 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; lots 36 and 36 to Charles Case at \$2.50; l

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch, THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO. JOSEPH PULITZER, President. TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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TEN PAGES.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT. OLYMPIC-"The County Fair."

HAVLIN's-"The Nabobs." STANDARD—Sensational Boom Burlesque Co. MATINEE TO-MORBOW

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Clearing, colder; variable winds: cold wave.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Rain or snow; colder.

ONE hundred and three and 154 are lucky numbers for the Democracy of Illinois.

THE plan of electing Senators by sale or dishonorable bargain has been knocked out in Illinois.

THE Grand-jury can find plenty of evidence of boodling in the Municipal Assembly if it wants to find it.

WILL the Grand-jury take up the question of the \$210,000 corruption fund used with the Municipal Assembly?

ILLINOIS enjoys the proud distinction of having a Senator who represents the direct choice of the people of the State.

Sr. Louis must have honest men in the Council, and the Independent municipal ticket affords the only assured opportunity to put them there.

THE State Legislature is beginning to realize through its experience in the matter of the Noland defalcation what a difficult job it is to suppress the truth.

THE Republican party and the Farmers Alliance of Illinois owe MOORE and COCK-RELL medals for saving them from the election of a political freak by a disgrace-

MESSRS. MOORE and COCKRELL have reached in the support of Gen. PALMER the only honorable solution of the Illinois Senatorial problem. This conclusion is in accordance with the expressed will of the majority of the people of that State.

THE election of clean men to office and the punishment of the official boodlers are the two most important objects to be accomplished in the interest of honest government in this city. The voters have an opportunity to accomplish the one and the Grand-jury to take the first necessary step towards accomplishing the other.

WILL the President have the courage and liberality to mix a few eminent Democrate with the Republicans in his appointment of the new United States Circuit Judges? To select nine Republicans in one bunch would be placing the use of the power of judiciary appointment on a strictly partisan basis without regard to merit outside of political considerations.

IT would be humiliating to the Democrats of this State if the facts about the Noland defalcation should be forced into publicity through the courts. It is probable that this will be done, however, and the responsibility for it will rest with the Democratic members of the State Legislature who have persistently opposed a fair investigation of the case.

THE refusal of the Reichstag to agree to his proposals for the increase of the naval equipment doubtless causes the Emperor a fusal to adopt it would be a practical conpang of regret that he cannot have the benefit of the power which BISMARCE exercised at one time over Germany's representative assembly. By reason of the impression which prevailed in the Empire that the deluge would follow BISMARCK'S retirement or the abandonment of his stern again to the abuses of the Congressional policy the great Chancellor had two trump methods of honoring dead members of

Reichstag with invariable success—his own retirement and the war cloud. The Emperor himself entirely destroyed the first and partially allayed the awfulness of the second of these bugaboos and in conse quence the Reichstag responds only to ound reasoning. This is better for the Empire, but is galling to the Emperor.

The election of Gen. PALMER to-day by the votes of the Democrats and two of th three Independents in the Illinois Legislature appropriately ends the most ably contested and the most important fight for an Illinois Senatorship that has occurred since LINCOLN and DOUGLASS stumped the State as the recognized candidates of their respective parties in 1858.

It is the most important because it is distinctly a legislative recognition and ratification of a very clear expression of the popular will in favor of returning to the 1858 method of referring the choice of Senators directly to the people in advance of the election of the Legislature. The policy of such a return has been impressively illustrated by the means its opconents have taken to prevent it. They have acted openly upon the motto of "anything to beat PALMER," anything to prevent the Legislature from obeying the mandate of the people. Rather than surrender to the people they have offered to strike the Republican flag in the contest and surrender the 100 Republican votes in the Legislature to a third party with only

Whether this offer was made in good aith or not it ought to impress every Republican voter with a sense of the evil innerent in the system of intrusting the choice of Senators to uninstructed legislative caucuses and to the trades and dickers of their "steering committees." The unwavering loyalty of the 101 Democrats to their instructions, and the moral effect of those instructions upon honest Independents, should be equally impressive in its effect upon the politics of Illinois, and it should be a long time before any party in that State will again dare to abandon the Lincoln-Douglass method in Senatorial contests.

Both the Democrats and Independent can point with pride to the principle which triumphs in the election of PALMER and challenge a comparison between the nethods which won in that contest and those which have made public scandals of so many Senatorial elections.

AN INCREDIBLE REPORT.

The report that the President thinks o riving some of the new judgeships to Democrats is the most incredible one that has emanated from Washington this year. If Senator HOAR did not misunderstand and erroneously report the President's reasons for refusing to reappoint Gen CORSE the November election must hav nflamed the bigotry of our Chief Magistrate almost to the point of insanity and filled him with immeasurable animosity against a large majority of the American

Gen. CORSE is the famous Union soldier who advised Gen. SHERMAN to go ahead and trust him to "hold the fort." The Boston Post-office under his management was characterized at the department as the model office of the United States. The Republican business men of Boston Senators HOAR and DAWES to the White House to plead for it. According to Senator Hoan's statement the President admitted that it was "entirely desirable er the public interests," and that a large sentiment in the party of the vicinage favored it on the ground that it would also be in the interest of the party. Yet the President distinctly put his refusal on the round that CORSE was a member of the Democratic party, "which was murdering 'United States Marshals and expelling 'Republican postmasters from their of-

A President capable of assigning such a reason for recanting his civil service declarations as a Senator and repudiating his distinct promises as a candidate, would have to reverse himself again in putting Democrats into judicial positions.

THERE is a rumor around town that is incensing thousands of Democrats against the new Congressman-elect from the Tenth District. It is said that Senator JASPER BURKS, resuming his former well-known ole as a steerer for the corporation lobby, has succeeded in making what is called "a yearling" of Congressman BYRNES by inducing him to appear before a committee and make a very offensive speech against the labor payment bill. As that speech will probably figure in the next Congressional election, Mr. BYRNES would do well to write it out now and have the text certifled by those who heard it while it is fresh n their memories.

LORD SALISBURY has met Secretary BLAINE more than half way on the latter's proposals for the arbitration of the Behring lea dispute. Mr. BLAINE can hardly in honor avoid the submission of the questions at issue to arbitration now. The United States Government is committed to this peaceful method of settling international disputes, and under the circumstances refession of the weakness of the administration's position.

THE attempt to turn the Hearst funeral trip into a junketing revel for Congressmen and their friends calls attention

cards which he played to bulldoze the Congress. This is not the first time that THE VITRIOL THROWERS. the country has been shocked by the spectacle of its representatives making the death of an associate an occasion for sponging upon the Government by indulgng in a free junket with orgy privileges me way should be devised of showing public respect to the memory of a departed Congressman which will not admit of display of "hoggishness."

MEN OF MARK.

THE Mikado of Japan will visit Wies

GEN. BUTLER says of his coming book the will be a lively and outspoken one. EX-SENATOR WARNER MILLER is said to re

SENATOR SAWYER'S vest pocket caught fir

FRANKLIN MOORE SINGER, son of the sewing

DR. F. L. HARROD of Harrodsburg, Ky., is

watch ever brought to the State. THE arrangement under which the return of Col. Donn Platt to the editorship of Belford's Magazine was sought has falled to

TAMAGNO, the Italian tenor, is at Nice, but ne is not happy. There are no free lunch counters there, and it cost him a franc for a It is now proven that the late ex-Mayor

cobb of Boston died from cancer and not from arsenical poisoning due to the brigh green papering of his house. CLARK STONE HARRISON, who died recently in Chicago at the age of 80, was a cousin of President Harrison, but he did not go around

pasting of his relationship. P. T. BARNUM is now on the road to com plete recovery. He was so indignant when the physician told him he had no show that

he recovered to spite the doctor. AFTER the adjournment of Congres room, and, according to the Baltimore American, "the great, big feller, 6 feet 3 in his stockings and weighing 275 pounds, wept like

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

THE Queen of Denmark is a fine planist, and er daughter, the Czarina, is nearly as good. MRS. ANNIE BESANT can still attract tre nendous audiences in London whenever sh onsents to lecture.

THE Queen Regent of Spain is suffering from icute nervous prostration brought on by anxlety and overwork. SUSAN H. NIXON of the Fall River School Committee says she will urge the establish nent of school kitchens in the Fall River

According to a correspondent, several la started a sort of little carrier-pigeon club

SARA BERNHARDT has graciously kissed the

tear-stained hand of a sniveling little boy hom she happened to stumble was entering the theater. A Boston woman was last week granted a atent on a stocking supporter which an ex-

oyalty for a good many years. STATE SENATOR CARPENTER of Colorado is very much incensed because a woman has leclares that "It is no place for a lady."

pert says will support a Boston woman by a

A YEAR ago Mrs. Leslie Carter furnished the Chicago papers with a sensational divorce suit. Last week she occupied the Grand eceipts were over \$11,000.

Miss Carter of Wilmington, Mass., has given that town \$10,000, the income of which is to be used in painting houses that may need it from year to year, "provided the applicant temperance organization.'

W. E .- The year 1900 will not be a leap year. PANDOLFINI.—The population of Davenport, o., is 28,500. POLITICIAN.—John M. Palmer was never a READER.—A freeholder is an owner of land, as distinguished from one who rents land. CARSON.—Address the Commissioner of Education of Illinois for the information you de READER.— the latest statistics show that the length of human life is decidedly on the ncrease.

OLD TIME READER.—San Francisco has population of 297,990. Its manufactures ar HICKORY STREET.—It would be difficult obtain the programme to which you refer this late date.

this late date.

High School Girl.—The market for poems is overstocked at present, and there is no likelihood there will be an immediate demand for your productions.

FOURTEEN.—A foreigner, by declaring his intention to become a citizen, can vote one year after declaration and registration.

Brader —1 Addresses of business firms are

READER.—1. Addresses of business firms are not published in this column. 2. The expression you quote is exceedingly slangy. M. J. C.—If you were born in this country you are eligible to the Presidency. Your father's nativity has nothing to do with the

READER.—The right of the President to appoint the additional United States Judges after the adjournment of Congress is disputed by some, but it is considered probable that the appointments will be made.

The Right to Shoot.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The average citizen firmly believes that he has a legal right to shoot any one discovered robbing his hen house or clothes line, but in the last year five citizens of different States have been sent to prison for banging away at such visitors. They are not shootable offenses in any State.

Didn't Get Married After All.

Think What He Will Be in 1892.

At the White House reception.
"Is that really the President over
idn't suppose he was actually as didn't suppose he was actually as small as that!"
"Oh, yes—in fact, he is a great deal small-

Honeymoon-Third Quarter. refing husband (tugging away): "It is a —pleasure, my dear. Still, I am glad that a are no centipede."

Mr. W. C. Steigers

BYRNES CAPTURES THE WRECKERS OF GREENBAUM'S CLOAK FACTORY.

Sensational Night Raid on the Head quarters of the Striking Cloakmakers-

New York, March 11.-Herman Gree baum, whose shop was wrecked at Jamaica, L. I., on Thursday, was 'traveling around town last night with Inspector Byrnes' men spotting striking cloakmakers, and as fast as he spotted them they were taken to the John Doe. All told, twelve men were taken in up to midnight. Inspector Byrnes delared that he had a man at the meeting of gave them money to buy vitriol. About 10 o'clock the detectives pushed Greenbaum into a small room over a German beer saloon at 385 Bowery and followed him in. There were the meeting place of the strike com-mittee and the Executive Board was in session. Greenbaum stood in the middle of the room and the strikers shrunk up against the dirty walls timidly. Then Preenbaum began to point out from among those present the men whom he said the had seen dismantling his shop the day behe had seen dismanting his snop the day be-fore. As fast as he pointed a man out a de-tective took him by the arm and passed him out of the room to the squad of policemen who were stationed in the dark hallway. When eight had been checked off the processtreet, and thence to Police headquarters. Inspector Byrnes was waiting for them in his office. He had been notified that Greenbaum had appeared before Justice Henry of Jamaica early in the day and sworn out a warrant for "John Doe and others," whom he charged with assault in the first degree. Greenbaum did not know the names of the men then, but he knew them by sight, having had dealings with almost all of them. sion moved down the Bowery to Houston street, and thence to Police headquarters

eight first arrested were: Abram
, 88 Attorney street; David Blum, 20
street; Heritz Goldstein, 245 Broome
; Samuel Scheurer, 127 Elvington street;
stein, 3 Attorney street; Philip RosenSuffolk street; Louis Mackiin, 35 Norfolk street, and Israel Turches, 48 Henrystreet, The warrants did not reach inspector Byrnes until about 8 o'clock in the evening and Green-baum did not arrive until nearly 10. The Inspector had given him up and gone home when he got a telephone message that Greenbaum was at headquarters. The In-

once to serve the warrants. Detectives with a squad of policemen were detailed to make the raid. The inspector got to headquarters only a few minutes ahead of rought in three more strikers. They gave their names as Wolf Purken, Julius Letz and Joseph Bilotski. The complaints which were firawn up against these eleven prisoners charge them with both arson and assault. For an hour after the raid on 385 Bowery chaos existed in that smoky little secon story room. When those who remained recovered from their fright the Executive Board went into session again.
The king of the cloakmakers, Brondess, was
not there when the officers called. He did
not arrive until nearly 11 o'clock. As soon as he heard the news he corralled his foll

and told them to be firm and brave, and fight for their rights. While he was exhorting them the door was forced open a second time and inspector Byrnes' men reappeared. This time they took Brondess himself and led him away. On the way to headquarters Detective Heldel-berg told him he would now have a chance to

"Oh, I've seen him once before," he remarked, "and talked with him for fifteen minutes." He did not tell the conversation, but the Inspector did. Brondess, the Inspector said, had applied for a permit to carry a revolver. He did not get it. At 12:15 Inspector Byrnes told a second chapter of the Inspector Byrnes told a second chapter of the

story of the outrage. "The conspiracy to wreck Greenbaum's place was formed on Saturday night," he said, "at 385 Bowery, in the vicinity where story from a man who was there, one of those who were selected for the work, but one who did not go to Jamaica. Brondess was at that meeting and presided. He told those present that Greenbaum's business must be broken up. Then he described the means by which it must be done. it must be done. He gave them explicit directions to destroy everything in the place and to use vitriol. He personally selected twenty-five men to do the work. One of these men he called out and gave him money to buy vitriol. While they all waited, the man left the meeting, bought the vitral and returning. eting, bought the vitriol and, returning less even if you have to kill Gree "Within fifteen minutes this man, who gave me this information, has seen the prisoners and identified every one of them as the men who were selected by Brondess to wreck Greenbaum's place. Since the outrage every effort has been tried to induce Greenbaum not to prosecute the men who did it. Bron-dess went over there last night and tried to fix up matters. First, he offered, if Green-baum would not prosecute the men, to pay for all the damage done; that and other promises were made, and failing to effect the

Central office detectives this morning ar-ralgned in the Tombs Police Court Joseph Prondess and the other tweive Russians who were arrested last night for having engaged his family at Jamaica, L. I., on Monday night, when Mrs. Greenbaum was brutally assaulted and her 4-year-old son was cruelly burned with vitriol. The isoners were separately identified by Green-um and then turned over to the police of

Another warrant was issued at the Four Courts' this morning against Charles A. Cortes. The defendant is the morphine flend

NEW YORK, March 11.—The question now that the District Attorney will do with

MANAGER NORTON'S RETURN.

John W. Norton of the Grand Opera-house returned this morning from New York, where he has been for some weeks looking after the

interests of his theater.

"Bernhardt," he said, "is the sensation in the East. Her success there has been something wonderful and there have been great changes in her. She has taken on fiesh, her figure is rounded, and she has improved in her acting to a marked degree. She was to have opened at the rifth Avenue Theater, and the only other place in New York with open time was the Garden Theater. It is a small place, but they got lots of money into it. The prices were wonderful. Twenty-five dollars was paid for single seats.

She has only twenty weeks in the country. She has only twenty weeks in the country Most of that time is taken by New York Most of that time is taken by New York, Boston and Philadelphia. She jumps from New York to St. Louis and from St. Louis to San Francisco. St. Louis and San Francisco are the only Western cities she will play in. Chicago will not get her. Her first engagement in St. Louis was in the old ise and was very successful. Late Opera nouse and was very successful. Late she played at Pope's to very poor business. "She will play 'La Tosca,' 'Fedora, 'Camille' and poss bly 'Cleopatra.' There in not much to 'Cleopatra.' It is not an acting play and affords Bernhardt no opportunity for great work. It is simply picturesque an

very Frenchy, though clean. Her 'La Tosca will be a revelation here as it has been in th must have a constitution of iron. Let me tell you what she did. She arrived at New York at 4:30 in the afternoon, drove to the Glisey House, which she reached about 5 o'clock, received a room full of newspaper men and talked to them for an hour and a half or two hours through an interpreter then had a ours through an interpreter, then had light lunch and was driven to the theater The company was there and she went to work with the rehearsal, which was continued until 12 o'clock. The next morning she was at rehearsal at 9 o'clock and kept at 1 till 2. Then from 6 to midnight she was at it could be shown as a state of the contract was at the contract was at the contract was at the contract was at the contract was completely work. again. The company was completely work out. Rehearsal with her is the hardest kind

out. Henearsal with her is the hardest kind of work. She not only plays her own part, she directs the whole performance, assumes the duties of the stage manager and plays every part in the play to show how it should be done. She does everything, and then the company complains of being tired. rible strain, but has thrived upon it, and looks twenty years younger than she is.

"We shall have "Men and Women," which has been such a success in New York, for week while on its way to San Francisco

and Lawrence Barrett will be at the Gran does not like to walk out during the day, a everyone knows him and he becomes sort of street curiosity; nor does he find war dering about the streets at night very agree ble. Modjeska is in California preparing for next season. She intends to spring some thing new on us, I understand.

Mr. Norton was in New York when Gu Thomas and Miss Lisle Colby were married Mr. Norton was in New York when Gus Thomas and Miss Lisle Colby were married. He was surprised to learn that the event was not foreseen by all of Mr. Thomas' and Miss Colby's relatives and friends. Of Mr. Thomas' success as a playwright in New York he said: "He has produced two things that have been successful, "A Man of the World" and "The Burgiar," and has had two failures, "Reckless Temple" and "A Woman of the World." He has written several plays that are first-rate, one that

AUSTIN CORBIN'S SCHEME.

Establishment of a Fast and Fin Trans-Atlantic Line.

NEW YORK, March 11 .- Seaboard for the cur rent week says that Mr. Austin Corbin will establish the finest Trans-Atlantic steamship line between this country and Europe b steamships, capable of attaining a speed of steamships, capable of attaining a speed of twenty-four miles an hour, to run from Mon-tauk Point, L. I., to Milford Haven, England, in five days. It is the intention, the article says, to take passengers on board across the river from New York, bound for London, Point in the finest vestibule cars i two hours' time, send them over the ocean in five days and land them i London in four hours after reaching the other side. Or, in other words, to complete the distance between the city of New York and the city of London in five days and six hours, A reporter inquired of Mr. Corbin last night if the report was authentic. Mr. Corbin would only say that he had not authorized such a publication. The article in Seabard sets forth that nothing has "hitherto stood in the way of a consummation of this scheme except the inability of Americans to run the ships as cheaply as do the English. The passage of the postal subsidy bill, which grants 34 a mile for first class ships, removes that

\$4 a mile for first class ships, removes that disability from American enterprise. Within two years' time it is expected that the first four ships of this line will be in commission and they will be the finest ships ever built in the world, the aggregate cost, it is expected, amounting to the enormous sum of about \$12,000,000. Every comfort that the heart can wish or that human ingenuity can devise will surround the traveler and nothing but the most valuable and light express packages and the mails will constitute the balance of the vessel's freight. It is conbalance of the vessel's freight. It is con-templated that these ships will be able to templated that these ships will be able to make one round trip every three-weeks and that two departures will be made weekly from each end. The terminus on this side of the water for the steamships is to be at the extreme eastern end of Long Island, distant from New York about 115 miles, at what is known as Fort Pond Bay, consisting of a beautiful ten fathom deep harbor, a mile and three-quarters long and three-quarters of a mile wide, nothing being required but a breakwater which can be built at comparatively small expense. Active preparations will at once begin for the building of the necbreakwater which can be built at comparatively small expense. Active preparations will at once begin for the building of the necessary docks and terminal buildings, the expectation being that everything of that kind will be completed in ample time for the advent of the ships. This scheme has been in Mr. Corbin's mind for the past ten years and his plans and intentions are so well matured that he expects to at once see the Secretary of the Navy in order to obtain the latter's approval of the designs for the ships so as to enable them to come under the provisions made by the postal subsidy bill for first class ships, and the construction—which in all probability will engage at least four of our best iron shipyards—will immediately be commenced and the work pushed to as early completion as possible.

Representing the Post-Dispatch on "Oh will be on the floor during business hour will call on merchants who desire to mak of the Post-Dispatch market "Post-Dispatch market "Post

TEXAS FREIGHT RATES.

INTERSTATE COMMISSIONERS DECIDE THE WHEAT RATE CONTROVERSY.

ial of 5 Cents a Hundred No

Texas, which was brought before the Inter ers of Missouri and Kansas, who were repre sented by the Kauffman Milling Co., and in favor of the Texas millers.

POINTS IN CONTROVERSY.

The opinion of the Commissioners, delivered by Mr. Schoonmaker, is as follows:

by Mr. Schoonmaker, is as follows:

The case is altogether peculiar. Originally brought by millers of St. Louis against certain carriers engaged in transporting wheat and wheat flour into Texas, it in fact represents the milling interests of Missouri and Kansas, and by the intervention of the millers of Texas, has broadened into a controversy between the first-named millers on the one hand and the last-named millers on the other hand. The carriers that are the nominal respondents upon the record in the main support the contention of the Texas millers. The essential fact upon which the controversy turns is undisputed. This is that the carriers make a differential of 5 cents a hundred pounds in the charge for the transportation of wheat and wheat flour into Texas, the rate on wheat being 46 cents a hundred pounds tion of wheat and wheat hour into Texas, the rate on wheat being 46 cents a hundred pounds and on flour 51 cents a hundred pounds. These rates are grouped for the whole wheat and flour producing territory in Missouri and Kan-sas and for all the competitive points in Texas regard to differences in distance. Neither the amount of the rates nor the grouping method employed is called in question, and the differ-

The petition in this case avers that the able prejudice and disadvantage by reason of the rates charged by the respondents on wheat and flour respectively from St. Louis, Mo., and other points in Missouri and Kansas, to points in Texas, which are 5 cents per 100 pounds (and sometimes more) greater on

The respondents answered separately, and without setting forth the answers in full it is sufficient for the purposes of the case to state generally their substance. They admit that the rates charged upon the transportation in question are in fact 5 cents per 100 pounds reater upon flour than upon wheat, and hat no difference is made upon like trans

NOT UNJUST DISCRIMINATION. hold use, and a new value is given to it. This new article cannot be said to be of right ennew article cannot be said to be of right en-titled to the same rate as the natural berry from which it has been made. For carriers' reasons, which in most cases are reasons of expediency, they have been classed alike in most parts of the country, but whether this has been done by the rail carriers by reason of the competition of water carriers, or to de-velop the milling of flour in or near centers of wheat production, or on account of foreign markets, or because they believe it to be right, does not appear, and is not material to this controversy. The right to an equal rate on flour and wheat must first be shown before a higher rate on flour can be declared unlawful. This question of right is the question in dispute in the case. Without discussing the abstract question, it is sufficient for the purposes of this case that on the facts disclosed no actual injustice has been found in the existence of a rate 5 cents a hundred pounds higher on flour than on wheat in the territory in question.

AN IMPORTANT PROBIBITION.

The evidence discloses another feature in the case, however, that requires separate consideration. It appears that in every year the carriers have made very considerable re-ductions in the rate on wheat without mak-ing simultaneous reductions in the rate on ur, and that in such instances the differen tial would sometimes be 15 cents per hundred pounds, or even more. This does not appear to have been accidental, but to have been in-tended by the carriers, and the great disparities in the rates have been allowed to exist at times for a number of days and practically excluded them from the reass market. No circumstances in justification, or even in extenuation, of this practice have been shown, and the Commission finds that this practice works unjust discrimination against the complainants and others situated as they are, and is unlawful. It also finds that under present conditions a discrimina-tion exceeding 5 cents a hundred pounds is

tion exceeding 5 cents a hundred pounds is unjust.

The general conclusion upon the whole case is that the complaint is not sustained as to a differential of 5 cents per hundred pounds, but it is sustained as to a differential exceeding that amount; and that the respondent carriers should cease and desist altogether from charging or receiving a greater differential upon the carriage of wheat and flour from Missouri and Kansas points to Texas points than 5 cents a hundred

A DISSENTING OFINION.

The decision of the commission was not unanimous, Commissioner Morrison believing that the 5 cent differential operated as unjust discrimination. In his dissenting opinion he says:

The cities of Galveston and San Antonio are a thousand miles from some of the mills and grain fields of Missouri and Kansas, and three hundred beyond the region of Texas wheat production. Wheat carried to these cities is there made into flour and carried back over the same roads, in part at least, while Kansas or Missouri flour goes directly

back over the same roads, in part at least, while Kansas or Missouri flour goes directly to consumers in these cities or at less distant railway stations.

To discourage the direct delivery of flour to Texas consumers the roads assert the right to make the lower rate on wheat, and to so discriminate for their own advantage as to cause freight to be moved both in wheat to, and in flour from the mill.

The right to discriminate and to hinder direct delivery, and thus enhance the profits of Galveston and San Antonio millers, and increase the revenues and charges of the roads at the cost of the consumers, is held to be lawful by the commission.

It has been said that whoever could make two ears of corn or two blades of giass grow upon a spot of ground where only one grew before would deserve well of mankind and do essential service to his country. If this be true, what then would be deserved from mankind by whoever would make lawful the burden of carrying bread two miles when to carry

solation, as the prohibition upon a decrea in the wheat rate without a correspondi diminution in the price charged for tran

A FALSE BOYCOTT CIRCULATED.

Mr. Adolphus Busch Denies That a Boy-cott Exists Against His Brewery.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 1I.—Letters were received yesterday by the secretaries of the various labor unions from the Brewers and Malsters' Union No. 6 of St. Louis asking them to boycott beer from the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, Wm. J. Lemp's, Western Brewery and the St. Louis Brewing Association. It is stated that the Central Labor Union, Knights of Labor and American Federation of Labor had ordered a boycott on the Anheuser-Busch and Wm. J. Lamp's beer; that they had refused to recognize any kind of union scale; that these two leading breweries had tried to weaken the boycott and had attempted to hire representatives of unions to remove the boycott.

Soon after the receipt of these letters small boycott tickets were found pasted around all the down town saloons. The CHICAGO, Ill., March 11.-Letters were re

all the down town saloons. The center of the ticket bore the skull and cross bones. These tickets were pasted on the "growlers," which were used during the

MR. ADOLPHUS BUSCH'S DENIAL.

It is not known here that a boycott had been declared against the Anheuser-Busch and Lemp breweries, and Mr. Adolphus Busch, President of the Anheuser-Busch Brewery Co., was asked if it had recently been declared. After reading the telegram he said: "That is false. There is no boycott on any St. Louis brewery. It is true I have union and non-union men in my brewery and they are all paid the same. There is really no union n this city. There is simply a branch of sixty men and if I should decide to employ none but union men and made a call for them the brewers' unions throughout the United States could not together give me enough men to run this brewery, 1,200 men in all. The letter, if it was sent out, is but a trick to do harm outside of this city, but those large Union Labor parties would never take up the cause without en this city, but those large Union Labor parties would never take up the cause without an investigation, and after the investigation I am sure the union here would not be supported. The laboring brewers had a union here, but The laboring brewers had a union here, but it went to pieces through dissensions among themselves, and now the walking delegates who are left are trying to force me to do a tyrannical act and compei my men to enter the union. My men are satisfied. They are getting \$60 to \$75 a month, and as long as they have no complaint to make they will never join the union and we will never give them cause to complain. They are all well-to-do as you may see when you know that the employee of this one brewery have over \$200,000 on time deposit. These sixty men are trying to work harm and drive business from this city, which has taken twenty-five years

IN GREAT LUCK.

Mr. Ong Hong Tong the Proud Possessor of a Chinese God.

NEW YORK, March 11 .- The proudest and applest man in Mott street is Mr. Ong Hong Tong, the Chinese sport. He has become the sole possessor for the space of one year of a -and can pocket every cent of profit he can one year—was put up at auction at the Temple of Joss yesterday morning. The competition was great and the bidding brisk. The first bid was \$2,000 and the last \$4,600, at which price the god was knocked down to Ong Hong Tong. The god's owner, some years are corrected but through the Cusat which price the god was knocked down to Ong Hong Tong. The god's owner, some years ago, carried him through the Custom-house at San Francisco in a basket, and when the Custom-house officials asked him what the "thing!" was the owner bridled his anger and said: "A dolle bebe," and the great God stood this indignity without saying a word. At first the god was kept in Yung Lung's family. The latter erected an altar to his divinity in the little room behind his laundry, and sometimes an acquaintance dropping in to see Lung would leave an orange or an apple or a peacock feather before the holy shrine. Soon the rumors ran that all Chinamen who, with plous intent, gave the humble little God an offering, were immediately favored in the most striking manner, either in their legitimate calling or outside speculation. So the number of oranges and apples, etc., were devotedly placed at the foot of the little god in large quantities. Yung Lung little god in large quantities. Yung Lung cents apiece; then he raised the price to a dime, and still the credulous buyers came from all over Chinatown to bespeak a blessfrom all over Chinatown to bespeak a blessing for whatever business enterprise they
might be embarking upon. Lung grew rich.
Three years ago, to the great grief of the Chinamen in Jersey, who were doing a big business, the shrine in Belleville, N. J.,
where the god was kept, was transferred to New York and put to work in a new
tempie all to himself in Mott street. Here
a rush of prosperity came upon him.
Yung Lung worked day and night
taking in money at the door.
Lone Wung Sha worked day and night, taktaking in money at the Lone Wung Sha worked day and nigh Lone Wung Shn worked day and night, taking in prayerful Pilgrims, who came from the right and the left and from everywhere, and now the God that three years before had been glad to get a stray apple or an orange is fed every day on birds' nest soup. Yung Lung now determined to retire from business, that is, he thought he had earned a retirement to dignified ease and unlimited birds' nest soup, while somebody else ought to manage the god, so he put him up at auction and let him out at \$2,000 for the first year. Last season it is estimated that the lucky speculator who purchased him cleared over \$4,000.

LOUISE NATHAL SUED

Lithographers Want Pay for Paper-Other Cases in Court.

Julius Bien & Co. of New York this morning brought suit against "Louise Graham, formerly known as Louise Nathal, and Benjamin F. Marx, doing business as Nathal & Marx," to recover \$83.94. They charge that the firm of Nathal & Marx contracted with them for a lot of theatrical paper in April, 1889. The bill amounted to \$1,250 and \$417.08 was paid. Julius Bien & Co. of New York this morning

Emma Brand to-day asked the Circuit Court for a divorce from Charles A. Brand. They were married May 27, 1880, and lived forether until Jan. 2, 1880, She says he has been for three years a drunkard; that he has truck and applied vile epithets to her and hat he has twice been convicted of larceny, the asks the custody of two children, 7 and 8 years old.

A LITTLE HOPE LEFT.

THE FINAL EFFORTS BEING MADE TO GET THE WIRES DOWN.

R. E. McMath.

City Counsellor Bell was present at the discussion, and expressed the opinion that the present bill was not as good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good bill, and would put the city in a position to relieve itself of much of the present trouble. Right in line with the same important subject, the board considered the plans of the subway company for additional conduits. In the main the plan is satisfactory but the route on Olive street is not the subway, people being over-anxious to get perbut the route on Olive street is not the sub-way, people being over-anxious to get per-mission to lay a subway seven feet high and four feet wide out Olive a few feet below the surface. One of the members of the board, speaking of this, said this morning: "I speaking of this, said this morning: "I strongly suspect why it is these people want to go on the south side of Olive street, what with their conduit, the cable car conduit, the water-pipes, gas-pipes and severs there would in the end be no room left for the Bell Telephone Co. to get in and along that line, at least they would be forced into the subway conduit. As it is now we will have a hard time finding room enough for this conduit, as Olive street is pretty well occupied under the surface already."

The committee refused ta approve the plan and has taken it under consideration. Presi-

and has taken it under consideration. President Burnet of the board said this morning dent Burnet of the board said this morning:

"I want the Legislature to pass that underground wire bill, and then we will be in a position to decide what is best to do. As it is now, the subway company holds out the only prospect of relief that we have in sight, whereas we could force everybody under if we had the right, and would not be compelled to make concessions to the subway company or anybody else. If that bill was passed it would not be long before we could find a way of clearing the down-town streets and a way of clearing the down-town streets

They All Want an Increase.

Some time ago, after a careful review of the vass of the opinions of the local legislators the members of the board consented to the introduction of a charter amendment providing for the increasing of their respective. salaries. The bill went through nicely for a while, but after a little several others for a while, but after a little several others about the City Hall thought this was a good chance to catch on behind and go with the board through the Assembly. Capt. McCleilan, the Boiler Inspector, made a try for it, but was headed off by the board with the explanation that only such officers whose salaries were fixed by charter should have them increased by charter amendments, so he was pursuaded to introduce a separate bill in the shape of an

Last night the board bill came up again and Councilman Sloan moved to amend so as to increase the Building Commissioner's salary. It was voted down, but nevertheless the attempt was made. It was not made, howtempt was made. It was not made, how-ever, at the suggestion of Commissioner Furlong, but it is said that it was done at the request of one who hopes to fill his shoes after the spring appointments are doled out. One of the members of the board by way of jest re-marked rather truthfully: "These fellows had better not try to catch on to the tail of our kite or they will have trouble."

Will Not Put Up More Lights.

A statement was made by Supervisor O'Reilly to-day, which goes to show that pending settlement of the electric-gas deals the Municipal company is shaving things down as close as possible and seem inclined to force the city into aggressive action. Under the provisions of the contracts with the Municipal company the city can order up new. Municipal company the city can order up new lights wherever they are deemed necessary. Some 200 of these lights have been ordered and in three months about eight of them have been put into service. The repeated notifications of the Supervisor to the company are disregarded and scarcely an ef-fort is made to comply with the demands of the city. It has long been a well established fact that the Municipal Co. has been losing money on its city contract and has been looking about for a means whereby it can get its prices for city lighting increased.

After the Hucksters. Inspector of Weights and Measures Andrew Haley, has declared war on the derelict dealers and venders. There is a city ordidealers and venders. There is a city ordinance which requires that every scale and every measure used in public trade must be subjected to examination at the hands of the inspector, to be by him approved. Every such scale or measure should bear the seal or stamp of the Inspector's office before being put in use. The ordinance, it is claimed, has been violated without compunction, and Mr. Haley announces that he intends to have it enforced or know the reason why. It was with this idea in his mind that he this morning forwarded to the office of Chief of Police Harrigan several hundred cards, with the request that the patrolmen in the suburbs distribute the same at their earliest convenience, the cards called the attention of all concerned to the fact that many grocers and same at their earness convenience, the cards called the attention of all concerned to the fact that many grocers and hucksters are every day using liquid measures in the sale of beans, peas, berries and such commodities. This is in direct violation of the ordinance, which provides that such articles must be sold by dry measure. Ice and milk dealers, peddlers of vegetables, fruits and charcoal, ragpickers and junk dealers using scales and measures on the street or in wagons, are warned to call at the Inspector's office within the present month and have the same stamped according to law. Failing in this they are liable to a Police Court prosecution. The police are requested to notify such persons as above designated of the strict enforcement of the ordinance. Persons having regular stands or places of business will be called upon by deputies from Mr. Haley's lled upon by deputies from Mr. Haley's ace as soon as possible.

Water Filters. immons Hardware Co.

Colored Burglars.

A few minutes after 1:20 o'clock last night two unknown negroes attempted to effect an entrance into the clothing store at 1218 Frank-lin avenue. Private Watchman Dace came upon the miscreants just as they removed the outer screen. At his approach the degroes fied. Dace fired two shots at the retreating forms. Both men escaped. PUT IN AN INSANE ASYLUM.

How a Spinster Sister Prevented the Mar-riage of Her Brother.

All the Members of the Board of Public Improvements Units on the Subject—A Message to Senator Stone—How Matters Stand To-Day.

The members of the Board of Fublic Improvements have not yet given up hope of having the underground wire bill passed in the Legislature. A meeting of the board was held yesterday afternoon to talk the bill over and decide what could be done and how the thing should be done. After a good deal of consultation it was decided that the board had better express its sentiments on the subject and send word to Senator Stone. The decision iwas immediately carried out and last night a telegram was sent to Senator Stone signed by all of the members of the board as follows:

Senator E. F. Stone, Jeferson City, Mo.:

Dean Sim-The undersigned, constituting the Board of Public Improvements of the board as follows:

M. J. Musphy, Dan Ahlle, Richard Klenn, M. J. Musphy, Dan Ahlle, Richard Klenn, M. J. Musphy, Dan Ahlle, Richard Klenn, R. E. McMath.

City Counsellor Bell was present at the discussion, and expressed the opinion that the city.

City Counsellor Bell was present at the discussion, and expressed the opinion that the present trouble. Right in line with the same important subject, the board considered the plan is satisfactor, and in an and left for Cincinnati. He in the indicator of the considered the plan is satisfactor, which we have the plan is satisfactor. We believe the plan is satisfactor, and had it not one of the subject the board considered the plans of the subject that has a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that it was a good as the Bell amendment, but that the plan is satisfacto New York, March 11.—A sensational love affair, in which Mr. J. B. Ransley, a young

My brother has been adjudged insane and has been blaced in an insane asylum.

LOTTLE RANSLEY.
She waited to hear something from Mr. Ransley himself, but as nothing came she

Ransey nimself, but as nothing came she suspected treachery on the sister's part and she packed her trunk yesterday and took a train for Cincinnati.

"I do not believe that Mr. Ransley is insane at all," said Mr. Jones yesterday. "His family is simply trying to stop his marriage with Miss Speers. That is the whole trouble."

There will probably be many sensational developments when Miss Edith arrives in Cincinnati and begins the proposed legal fight to secure her lover's release.

Water Filters.

Simmons Hardware Co.

ADAMS-UPDIKE.

Brilliant Wedding in the West End This The Second Presbyterian Church on Seven

enth street and Lucas place was the scene of a large and brilliant wedding this afternoon at 4 o'clock, that of Miss Mary noon at 4 o'clock, that of Miss Mary Haigh Updike, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Whitmore Updike of Thirty-second and Chestnut streets, to Mr. B. S. Adams of this city. The church was filled with a large and fashionable assembly and the bridal party arrived at the doors promptly at the appointed hour. The church was beautifully decorated about the chancel with a profusion of palms, and the front of the altar was a perfect mass of beautiful white ascension lilles. iful white ascension lilies.

The bridal party was met at the altar by Rev. Dr. Niccolls, the officiating clergyman, who has been the pastor of the bride since her childhood.

childhood.
There were four ushers, Mr. McPherson, Mr. Henry T. Kent, Mr. Paschal Carr and Mr. John Davis. The young couple were attended in the old-time fashion by quite a bevy of bridemaids and groomsmen. The lady attendants were Miss Caro Briggs, Mrs. Heywood, Miss Hitchcock, Miss Lesmoin, Miss Pettus, Miss Edith January, Miss' Kingsland and Miss Elizabeth Rreckenridge. The gentlemen were Mr. R. S. Brookings, Mr. Adams, brother of the grooms Mr. Rattlett. Mr. Wigbrother of the groom, Mr. Bartlett, Mr. Wig-gins, Mr. Blair, Mr. H. Elliott, Mr. George Markham and Mr. Guy.

Markham and Mr. Guy.

The bride wore a beautiful gown of white crepe de chine en train and garniture of orange blossoms. After the ceremony the newly married pair returned to the home of the bride on Chestnut street and received the congratulations of a few intimate friends until time to leave on the evening train for their trip to Florida and other parts of the South. When they return they will go to ousekeeping.

"ARE you visiting St. Louis"—Do not omit (for you are cordially invited), visiting the grandest jewelry establishmentjin the world, MERMOD & JACOARD's, cor. BROADWAY and LOCUST, and see the magnificent display of Jewels, Silverware, Bric-a-Brac, Cut Glass and Souvenir Spoons. The prices are the lowest

CRIMINAL COURT CASES.

A Number of Pleas Accepted and Sentences Imposed.

In the Criminal Court this morning Circuit Attorney Clover permitted George Reece to plead guilty to the charge of petit larceny, and the defendant was given one year in the Work-house. Reece was indicted for robbery in the first degree. On Nov. 15 he held up Martin Terrell, 1020 Morgan street, and stole from him a gold watch and \$9 in money. Reece is a young col-

ored man.

Edward Coleman, under indictment for attempted robbery in the first degree, pleaded guilty on arraignment and was sentenced to serve a term of two years in the penitentiary. On Oct. 28 Coleman attempted to hold up Herman Zudie, 8081 North Broadway. Officers Quigley and Quigley caught him in the act of taking \$1 from Zudie's pocket.

Andrew White alias Jack Wright, under indictment for robbery in the first degree, was

lictment for robbery in the first degree, was permitted to plead guilty to the charge of attempted robbery and was given three years at Jefferson City. White, on Oct. 19, stole a gold watch and chain from the person of Oscar A. Truesdale, 1120 Chouteau avenue.

Don't take any chances with a stubborn cold, but get rid of it rationally with the help of Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, a healing redicine for the lungs.

A Day's Mishaps.

Goshen, Ind., March 11.-Excitement is Halderman and his infant child from an overdose of opiates, said to have been given by a Dr. Juckes. The opiates were given to produce sleep, both having been hurt in an accident. Death resulted soon after the drugs were given.

after the drugs were given.

Henry C. Lamar and Miss Louise King Connelly were drowned by the overturning of a skiff yesterday two miles above Augusta, Ga. Both were prominently connected, Mr. Lamar having only recently graduated from Princeton. Miss Connelly was a grand-daughter of the late John P. King, ex-United States Senator from Georgia, and a niece of the Marchioness of Auglesny.

Mrs. Edward McGrath. 73 years of age, had

the Marchioness of Auglesny.

Mrs. Edward McGrath, 73 years of age, had such a narrow escape from being run over by a train yesterday at Galesburg, Ill., that she died of heart failure, superinduced by fright. The three children of Carroli Ferguson of Athensville, Ill., are lying dangerously sick as a result of eating canned sardines. The can had been open several days.

Maward B. Keller, a farmer and stock raiser, was run over and killed by a Wabash train yesterday near Taylorville. Ill.

Thomas Ridgenor, a brakeman on the Illinois Central, was crushed to death by an engine at Anna, Ill., last evening.

ngine at Anna, Ill., last evening. EASTER card opening at MERMOD & JACCARD'S, CORNER BROADWAY AND LOCUST. Prices 5 cents to \$12. Sunday-school teachers invited and special discounts made for class lots. Highest of all in Leavening Power.-U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 27, 1889.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

REAL ESTATE INTERESTS.

RAPIDLY ENHANCING VALUES CONFUS ING SOME OF THE AGENTS.

An Important Down-Town Lease—Purchase of a \$85,000 Site for the Missouri Railway Co.'s Electric Power Plant—Sales and Personal Notes.

The tone of the market was expressed to lay in the remark of a prominent agent who remarked that his whole energies were now irected in "pulling down owners."

That is to say, there is no use losing tim for buyers. They are already numerous enough beyond the possibility of meeting their demands. The inquiry for property is ore than ample, and the trouble agents have in effecting sales in the face of such a

lemand is in pulling down owners.

They hold their prices up to present value Higher and higher they go, ascending all the e under the impetus of building improve time under the impetus of building improve-ments which give still greater security to vai-ues all over the city. With regard to busi-ness property, it is frequently stated that down-town sites which could have been pur-chased say for \$65,000 last November were re-jected by parties now anxious to buy the same places for \$80,000, but which have been advanced by the owners to a higher figure.

A CENTRAL LEASE FOR NINETY-NINE YEARS. A CERTRAL LEASE FOR NINETY-NINE YEARS.
A lease, covering a period of ninety-nine
years, of a valuable central business site has
been perfected and placed on record by the
Puritan Realty Co.
The property embraces the old two-story

The property embraces the old two-story dwelling occupying an area of 30x100 feet at the southwest corner of the alley on Locust street, between Seventh and Eighth streets, next west of the Mercantile Club quarters, where a new building is to be erected shortly. The ground acquired by the Puritan Realty Co. has the advantage of an elley on the south a well as the one on

by the Puritan Realty Co. has the advantage of an alley on the south as well as the one on its east line, which with the Locust street front will afford ample light and ventilation for a building likely to be erected there before many months have passed by.

This property is quite an old landmark. It was a part of the Patterson estate recently partitioned after the failure of several attempts and much delay in arriving at a division of interests satisfactory to the heirs. In the partition that portion leased for ninety-nine years fell to Anne M. de Auchald and her husband, Jean J. de Auchald, who still hold the title to it, and who executed the lease of the premises.

the premises.

A NEW ELECTRIC PLANT.

Before the city ordinance definitely locating the site of the new Union Depot was passed. the site of the new Union Depot was passed, options for the purchase of 532 feet of ground on the north side of Dexter street, between Compton and Cardinal avenues, were received by John B. Lionberger. Since then these options have been closed by purchase, and yesterday the deeds from the various granters to Mr. Lionberger were filed for record. The property acquired was received from the Tiffany heirs and Lizzle T. Greenur, Ellen L. T. Dodd and Sissen P. nup, Ellen L. T. Dodd and Susan P.

Player.
In to-day's transfer list it is apparent tha Mr. Lionberger has deeded his interest in all this Dexter street property to the Missouri Railroad Co. for \$35,000.

Inquiry with regard to this transaction reveals the fact that the property is to be utilized for a power station and car house by the Missouri Railway Co., and that the options on it were secured with that object in view

on it were secured with that object in view several months ago. The time to close them had expired before the Union Depot ordinance was passed, and while the question of a site for that improvement was pending the options were renewed, as the Missouri Railway Co, did not propose to buy the ground unless called upon to vacate its stable premises at Market and Eighteenth streets, where the new depot is to be built.

Since the Missouri Railaoad Co.'s head-quarters are to be located on Dexter street.

quarters are to be located on Dexter street. quarters are to be located on Dexter street. it is more than probable the car stables on Laclede and Vandeventer avenues will be abandoned. If that is done property in the immediate vicinity will be materially benefited by the change.

SALES.

Bradley & Quinette report the following sales of property belonging to the estate of Hugh Redmond on Montrose avenue south of

Clark:
The two-story brick dwelling and store building and 25x128 feet of ground, numbered 328 Montrose avenue, for \$2,900, to Peter McGauley, and the six-room stone-front dwelling and 20x128 foot lot at No. 320 Montrose av

enue, from Mary O'Hearn and others, for \$3,000, to James Garrigan.

Laclede avenue—No. 8000, situate at the southwest corner of Garrison avenue, the two-story stone-front dwelling and 14x120foot lot, property of the Redmond estate, sold for \$3,000 to Louis Bernero.

The R. C. Greer Real Estate Co. report the sale of a 80x200-foot lot, situate on the south line of Lexington avenue, 1,200 feet west of Sarah street, at 83 a foot, from Caroline Ensminger to Jacob Bohlon, who is going to improve the locality.

A lot of 80x136 feet on the north side of Cot-tage avenue, between the Cote Brilliante School-house and Marcus avenue. ol-house and Marcus avenue, was sold at \$16 a foot by the Terry Bros. to Henry R

Eichenberger.

R. M. Noonan reports the sale of a 25x140foot lot, his own property, situated on the
south side of Cook avenue, 30 feet east of
Pendleton at \$40 a foot to Michael Cullianene. Festus J. Wade is at Hot Springs.

B. F. Hammett returned home this morning from Kansas City.

Louis C. Haynes is in Kansas City, where he has gone to effect a sale of some St. Louis property which parties in the city by the Kaw are trying to buy.

C. C. Nicholis reports the sale of the seven-room dwelling and 100x218½ feet of ground, the property of Sylvester C. Judge, situated on the south line of Plymouth avenue, west of the St. Louis & Suburban Railway, for \$8,000 to Mrs. Laura C. Moore. who is going to make the place her home.

Water Filters. Simmons Hardware Co. HOTEL PERSONALS.

C. G. Varney, Chicago; M. B. Chapman, Little Rock; C. P. Hosmer, St. Joseph, and William Burnett, Denison, Tex., are at the aclede. W. J. Davis, Walden, Mo.; R. S. Peale, Chicago; E. M. Wood, Boston, and W. B. Taylor, New York, are at the Lindell. A. R. Sweet, New York; John M. Keith, Fort Smith; R. C. Hicks, Ed Well, Cincinnati, and A. P. Williams, Fort Wayne, are at the South-

Budweiser Restaurant. Fine dinners, all delicacies, prompt service. Pierre Lambert, manager, Sixth near Locust.

Deaths. The following burial certificates were issued by th Health Department up to 3 p. m. to-day: Henrich Tennemeyer, 6 months, 1422 Blair avenue Alexander Parquette, 2 years, 3400 Hickory street

SATISFACTORY TO ALL.

The Solution of the World's Fair Trans CHICAGO, Ill., March 11.-The World's Fair

transportation puzzle has apparently been solved by Engineer E. L. Corthell. He has submitted a plan to Mayor Cregler, in which the fact that the Illinois Central tracks entirely surround Jackson Park, except the Lake side, is, instead of being an obstacle, made a distinct advantage. By the plan proposed all the steam surface roads will utilize the Illinois Central tracks, which are to be elevated for a considerable distance. The streets crossing the tracks and entering the park are to be depressed, and the subways thus created will be used by the cable lines, other street vehicles and pedestrians. The expense will be apportioned between the Exposition company, the city, and the various transportion lines. It is said all the railroads interested have informally approved the plan.

"Solitaire Diamond Rings"—If you are in-terested in purchasing or looking, you are asked to see the splendid values and ex-quisite styles offered you at Mermod & Jac-card's, cor. Broadwar and Locust. The prices range from \$15 to \$1,000. Send for cata-logue, mailed free.

Warehouse Destroyed. PEORIA, III., March 11.-The large ware-

house of the Grape Sugar Refining Co. was destroyed by fire last night. The building was valued at \$55,000 and the stock at the same figure. One of the employes was so badly burned that his life is despaired of.

Mercantile 10-Cent Cigars. Made by Mercantile Factory, 305 North Fourth street. Connoisseurs all praise them

"JOSEPH SHURZ, sometimes known as Jos. Schur, also as Joseph Jchuer," is the identification of the maker of a will probated today. He gives to Charles Nury a certificate of deposit for \$300 and a deed of trust on land in Jefferson County, Mo., given to secure a note for \$150. This is the sum of his estate.

WATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy in their use. Rose etc. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

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HOUSE OF DELEGATES 27TH WARD, Subject to the Decision of the Demo

SCOTT'S EMULSIO

DOES CURE CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages. Be sure you get the gens

SICK HEADACHE

trees from Dyspepsia, I digestion and Too Hear Rating. A perfect res edy for Dizziness, Nause IVER PILLS. Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coasted Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER, They urely Vegetable SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

HUDSON

MEN'S \$15, \$16 and \$18
All-Wool SUITS go for \$ The richest values you ever bought! They are "Tailor mades!" Standing on the very mountain tops of style and good service! They never should be sold for such a sum! And only the season's ending gives them to you at this tremendously low price!

Spring Suits.

Electric Blue Suits at \$15; cost you \$30 made to order. Black Cheviot Suits, all wool, fast color, at \$12; better than the best at \$15 elsewhere.

Splendid Spring Overcoats, \$5 to \$25. Rich, solid blacks. Stylish, dusky olives. Luxurious, golden creams. Silver greys. Tuscan reds. Brownish yellow tans. Fine, neutral, aristocratic shades of drab, slate, smoke and similar colors! All these we have. And more. All made in the most exclusive styles. Prices always lowest.

See Our \$3.00 Stiff Hat. It goes this week at \$1.85. Drives in Children's Suits, in Hats, in Everything.

Truly, Ours Is the Store to Trade at.

406 and 408 NORTH BROADWAY. WORLD'S GREATEST RETAILER THE



CIVE THEM A TRIAL. OUR HAMS and BREAKFAST BACON are selected and cured in this city with the greatest care and attention, and we guarantee them to give satisfaction. If your grocer does not keep OUR BRAND OF HAMS notify us and we will give you the address of one

NOT

us, and we will give you the address of one that does. SEE THAT THE ABOVE BRAND IS ON THE HAM. COX & GORDON,

C. D. Comfort & Co. Jeans and Duck Clothing,



Factory, N. W. Corner Twenty-sec and Chestnut Streets Down-Town Sample Room, 422 Washing ton Av., Room 54, Nugent Bldg. Merchants will first it to their interest to purchased direct from the manufacturer and save the jobbers profit for themselves.

DEATHS. BISER-Of peritonitis, MARY CRAWFORD, wife of harles T. Biser, aged 48 years. Due notice of funeral will be given.

CADEMARTORI—ANGELINA CATABINA CADB-MARTORI (Americanized, Jennie Martin) died Wednesday morning, the 11th inst., at 3:15, after A lingering illness. Sister:ln-law of C. E. Capelli, 1932 Chestnut street. Due notice of funeral will be given.

Dullon-Tuesday, March 10, at 6:30 p. m., MARY, beloved wife of Patrick and mother of Margrette, P. H. and T. E. Dillon, aged 75 years.
Funeral from the family residence, 1921 Biddle street, Thursday, March 12, at 10:30 a. m., to 8t, Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.
Albany (N. Y.) papers please copy.
HOGAN—On Tuesday, March 10, 1891, at 2:30

HOGAN-On Tuesday, March 10, 1891, at 2:30 o'clock a. m., ELLEN M. HOGAN, nee Condon, wife of Daniel Hogan, aged 29 years.

The funeral will take place Thursday, 12th inst., a 2 o'clock p. m., from residence, southeast corner Seventh and O'Fallon streets, to St. Patrick's

LYNCH—On Wednesday, March 11, 1891, at 7:15 o'clock a. m., HUMPHREY J. LYNCH, husband of Mary Regina, and brother of Patrick J. Lynch (Engine Co. No. 22), Mrs. Matt Bonn and Daniel O'Contail and Agrangement of Patrick J. nell, aged 49 years.

The funeral will take place Friday, the 14th inst., at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from residence, 1403 North Sixteenth street, to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to

MILLER-Wednesday, March 11, 1891, at 1 o'clouds. m., LEE, beloved wife of George Miller.
Funeral Thursday, March 12, at 1 o'clock p. m. rom family residence, 1300 Chestnut street.

RIECHMANN-Wednesday, March 11, at 5 a. m. CHRIS. RIECHMANN, aged 37 years.
Funeral Friday, March 13, 1 p. m., from re
1917 Warren street. Friends are invited. SCHIEFERDECKER-On Tuesday, March 10, a 8 o'clock p. m., THEO. B. SCHIEFERDECKER, age

8 o'clock p. m., THEO. S. SCHIEFERD SCHEE, Mr. 54 years.
Funeral 12th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from residence, 2714 Wyoming street, to Church of the Holy Cross, corner Miami and Ohio avenues, thence to Lutheran Cemetery. Friends cordially invited.
SULLIVAN—After a Hugering Illness, March 10, 11:40 a. m., JENNIE, oldest daughter of Margaret and the late Daniel Bullivan.
Funeral Thursday, 9:30 a. m., from family residence, 917 North Ewing avenue, to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery,

Call at our RETAIL STORE. Full Descriptive

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Catalogue FREE. Drop Postal Card for one and make your selection.

PLANT SEED CO. 812 and 814 North Fourth Street, Between Morgan and Franklin Av., ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS TRUST SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. DEPOSITS RECEIVED OF \$1.00 AND UPWAR

THE TALK OF THE TOWN. H.J.NATHAN&BRO

THE LEADERS. Have won the good will of the people. And why? Because the community knows that this Old Reliable Firm will not tolerate any misrepresentations, and that they can go there and do their buying with perfect confidence. The fact was demonstrated last week by the surging crowds that filled our stores the entire days and evenings that A LONG-FELT WANT HAS BEEN FILLED, whereby the consumer can come direct to the Manufacturer and buy his goods without any middle-man's profits. Beginning MONDAY MORNING we put on sale SPECIAL DRIVES in

Bedroom Suits, Parlor Suits, Carpets and Curtains.

NOTE OUR PRICES FOR THIS WEEK! Bedroom Suits, all woodss \$10.00
Bedroom Suits, marble top 18.00
Double Beds, Mattress and Spring,
 Brüssels Carpets
 .60

 Velvet Carpets, English
 1.10

 Oil Cloths
 .25

 Lace Curtains
 1.00

 complete
 4.50

 Double Bed Lounges
 6.50

 Wardrobes, large
 8.50
 Baby Carriages 7.50
Refrigerators 5.00
Center Tables 1.50
Hat Racks 5.00
All Other Goods at Equally Low Prices. Wardrobes, large 8.50 Extension Tables 2.50 Sideboards 13.00

H. J. NATHAN & BRO., 1128-1130 Olive Street, Great Installment House,

Weekly or Monthly

Special Inducements to People Starting Housekeeping.

Store Open Every Evening Until 9. AMUSEMENTS.

AMUSEMENTS. OLYMPIC. POPE'S To-Night. mcCARTHY'S MISHAPS. The Barney Perguson as Dennis McCarthy, supported by Lizzle Daly. Margaret Ferguson and a Specially Selected Company.
Telephone, 1470. | Sunday, Hallen & Hart. County HAVLIN'S | To-Night, Fair. very night, Thursday and Saturday mat Henshaw and Ten Broeck. In Their THE NABOBS.
Telephone, 3954. | Sunday, The Midnight Alarm.



DRUNKENNESS DR. HAINES' BOLDEN SPECIFIC.

and Saturday OLYMPIC Commencing Sunday, March 45, LILIPUTIANS

The only dwarf actors in the world, in their grand spectacular play,

THE PUPIL IN MAGIO
2 ORAND BALLET.

WITH MORE THAN 200 ARTISTS.
The advance sale will commence Thursday, Mch 12. OPERA-CORA TANNER The Refugee's Daughter

STANDARD THEATER.

Boom Buriesque and Specialty Company.

Next Week-Katie Emmet in Walls of New York.

Telephone 2008.

YOUR Secretisement in the SURPAY

AGAINST BOODLERS

Citizens Cheerfully Join in the Work of Organizing.

REPUBLICAN MACHINE MANAGERS FAIL TO SECURE FUNDS.

Which Was the Main Cause of the Independent Movement-The Butlerites Making Trouble in the Nineteenth-General Politics.

The expose of the deal by which certain nembers of the Municipal Assembly and their agents and representatives received \$210,000 for the seven motor franchises is likely to cause a disruption of the gental and ndly relations which have existed between the boodlers for a long time past. There have been many stories told since the Post-DISPATCH published these facts, and one of m is that the members of the Assembly received no such sum as that. They are mak ing inquiries now of the middle men to know whether that was the amount paid and whether a portion of it stuck to his fingers, for they say that if the street car companies gave up that much a large portion of it hung to somebody's fingers. The middle man in this transaction has had a reputation for a long time of being "square on the divide," and it will be a ter-

"square on the divide," and it will be a terrible blow to him if they find out now that he has been "holding out" on them. They are after him, though, to find out, and while they are keeping one eye on the Grand-jury they have the other open for him.

Some very queer complications will arise if the Grand-jury begins indicting.

The meeting of the stockholders who adopted the address to the Grand-jury, which has already been referred to, is significant, however, of the determination of certain stockholders to push this matter to the end and holders to push this matter to the end and while it would not be wise to tell what they are doing they will be heard from later. Stockholders do not like to bear an assessment of \$5 a share to make up a corruption fund, and it is but natural that some of them should conclude to take steps ould lead to the abolition of a system that makes such assessments necessary. And everyone who is working to convict these men is a strong supporter of the Independent movement, for in that he sees relief from the tax that is corruptly imposed upon every enterprise that seeks to exist or to grow in St. Louis. They are supported by an enormous percentage of the voters, who are signing the Independent petitions. Names are coming in with inconceiveable rapidity and the managers of the movement now in-tend to issue a book in which the names of all the signers will appear. That is campaign literature which has an effect and the effect will be marked by the vote on April 7. CHEERFUL ASSISTANCE.

Those who are circulating the petition began on the railroads to-day, going through the various offices to secure signatures, and they met with a warm welcome. The heads of departments gave the canvassers written permission to go through the various offices in business hours and the clerks signed willingly and gladly. There is no class of enterprise which would receive a greater benefit from the honest administration of affairs than the railroads, which have been made to pay enormous prices for everything the roads have been forced to pay in bribes would go a long way towards building the new Union and no doubt one reason why St. Louis has not received greater consideration in this regard is that the railroads have been choked until they gave up for everything, and they feel they owe no favors to St. Louis, for they have bought everything they have received from the gang of boodlers who infest the City Hall.

The municipal ticket is receiving the in-dorsement of every class of people. Even a politician, a well-known politician, said to-

'Personally I am in favor of the movement. but then, you know, the Independent move-ment will be gone after awhile, but the parties will remain."

The Republican party would not remain long if it had to meet such obstacles as it has encountered lately. The primaries are to be held on Friday, yet the committee has but \$600 in the treasury. The men who have contributed heretofore are not contributing now, and the committee has had to fall back on Republican office-holders for funds. The still being canvassed for subscriptions. From these sources alone has the committee drawn, and it has been very poor picking. The amount needed even for a legitimate campaign is at least \$8,000, and the commit tee will have to do some hard work between now and Friday to raise that amount. The opportunity which the decent citizens have in the Independent movement to free themselves from the expense of contribution which the party demanded of them they have taken advantage of and both parties will find

Butler's Usual Tactics.

There is a prospect of another Democratic the Nineteenth Ward Butler and his workers, usual, insist on naming the Democratic candidate for the House of Delegates regardless of the rights of others who seek the nomination. The Central Committeeman of the Nineteenth Ward, Martin Duddy, is one of Butler's chief lieu tenants, and he presumes to tell the candidates who shall and who shall not receive fair treatment the primary election. Four years ago the Butlerites refused John Clark representa-tion at the primary and he ran independent, defeating Butler's candidate as well as the Republican. Tw yars ago Clark was again in the race and Butler again worked his old tactics. This resulted in another independent race on the part of Clark, which caused the election of the Republican candidate though the ward is Democratic by over 400.

Among the candidates now in the race is BAmong the candidates now in the race is Mr. Perry McCarthy, a real estate agent, who announces that he is not representing any faction. Mr. Duddy, his friends assert, has refused him representation and that the Butlerites have gone so far as to circulate the report that he had retired from the race. Mr. McCarthy said to-day that the report was unqualifiedly false. "I am in this race at the solicitation of friends," he said, "to stay until the close. All I ask from my party is fair treatment at the primary."

Looking for Candidates. Chairman George Bain of the Republican Committee has been seriously engaged all day looking for Council candidates. all day looking for Council candidates. A number have been mentioned, but the committee recognizes that it is first necessary to get the consent of those who have been named before they can be nominated. The Committee has decided positively to endorse Messrs. Nagel and Gruner of the Citizen's ticket, but there is some hitch as to Mr. Dutro. Chairman Bain's committee has practically decided upon a ticket, but there may be some slip in the convention to prevent its ratification. The six favorites rae Messrs. Gruner and Nagel of the Citizens' Municipal ticket, E. S. Rouse, George W. Parker, Anthony Itner and John O'Brien.

Tom Wand's Nerve. Among others seeking the Democratic nom-ination for the House of Delegates in the Twenty-eighth Ward is Tom Wand, who

moved out in that section about a year and a half-ago and soon announced his purpose of running for the Assembly at the first opportunity. Wand has had one term in the House of Delegates, having been elected from the Sixteenth Ward, where he then resided. He was a candidate for re-election, but the people of the ward found it desirable to make a change and to do so elected a Republican. He later moved out to the Twenty-eighth, and though only a resident of that section for a short time he seems to think that he is the man to represent the ward in that he is the man to represent the ward in the Assembly. There are several old resi-dents of the ward who will contest the claims of the newcomer who is so anxious to go to the City Hall.

"TIME Keeping Watches." In a season usually dull, at MERMOD & JACCARD'S, CORNER BROADWAY AND LOCUST, a genuine boom is being enjoyed in their watch department; the fine quality of the watches for both ladies and gentlemen as well as the beauty of the gold and silver cases made by this great house, the reputation of which has been increasing very by very for the past forty five creasing year by year for the past forty-five them. Do you intend buying a watch? See the MERMOD & JACCARD's and also note their ow prices. Catalogue mailed free.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

Batch of Varied and Interesting Items

Gathered To-Day. Mr. R. C. Kerens returned home with his daughters from Europe yesterday and reports that he had a splendid trip, spending most of the four months they were away in Italy and the South of France. They did not go to Ireland, but Mr. Kerens met most of the Irish leaders in England and he returns home fully convinced that Mr. Percell behalf for ully convinced that Mr. Parnell should be rully convinced that Mr. Parnell should be placed in a lunatic asylum or some other place where he can do no further harm to the cause of home rule. The followers of Parnell have been reduced, he says, to a handful of men mostly persons indebted to him for personal favors. The McCarthy party is now the Irish party of Ireland and it will accomplish more. Mr. McGarthy sunder Mr. Mc. plish more, Mr. Kerens thinks under Mr. IMc Carthy's leadership than it ever did under

Fought Over a Can of Beer.

A can of beer caused a fight between George Rogers and Michael Kelly in the saloon at 403 North Levee, about 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Rogers used a pair of brass knuckles with which he inflicted on Kelly's head a three-inch scalp wound. Both men were arrested by Officers Kavanaugh and McDuffle. To-day they were in the First District Police Court on cross charges of dis-turbing the peace. Rogers was also charged with vagrancy. Judge Cady ordered Kelly's discharge, fining Rogers \$10 for the assault and \$25 for vagrancy. Rogers is a married man yet compels his wife to work out as a servant in a West End family. Periodically he forces her for discovers her carriages and he forces her to disgorge her earnings and goes on a drunk. He will be sent to the Work-house for three months.

"Dutch" Niel Caught in a Craps Game.

"Dutch" Niel, who has attained to considerable local notoriety through his abilities in the prize ring, was defendant in the First District Police Court this morning. Yester-day afternoon Detectives Kelly and Scully raided the room over Burt's saloon in pool alley and caught Niel in the act of "shootaney and caught vite in the act of "not-ing" craps. Eight other young men were given a ride to the Four Courts in the hood-lum wagon. To day Niel went to trial and was fined costs. The actions against the other defendants were dismissed.

A New Congregational Church.

Bids are being received for the chapel of the new church to be built on the lot at the southwest corner of Delmar and Newstead avenues by the Congregationalists. The lot was selected and purchased a year ago. It is high ground, in a fine central position, the neighborhood being already well filled with residences of the best class. Ground will be broken as soon as the contract is let, and the building, which is to be of brick, will be pushed to early completion.

A letter from G. N. Sansom of Kahoka, Mo. clears up in a measure the suicide of an unknown man in a hallway at 1619 South Broadway last Friday. The man was a simple minded, harmless fellow named Daniel Rey nolds of Clark County, Mo. He went crazy or religion and was for a time in an insan

On Their Way to the Pen. Gus Lehr, sentenced to serve two years for ourglary in the second degree and larceny;

Deputy Sheriff Skidmore, last night, to serve Two Frame Houses Destroyed by Fire.

Two vacant frame cottages at 4305 and 4307 st. Louis avenue were totally destroyed by re about 10:30 o'clock last night. The blaze vas first seen in 4305, but spread to the ad-oining structure before the arrival of the lepartment. The alarm was given from box 582. The loss is about \$1,000. Bradley & Quinette, 719 Chestnut street, are agents fo

Thrown From Their Buggy. Louis Schrimpp, a saloon-keeper at 112 South Broadway, and Albert Kuenzler, saloon-keeper at Pestalozzi and Seventh streets, were bruised about the head and face by being thrown from their buggy in a col-lision with a cable car at 2216 South Broadway bout 10:15 o'clock last night.

A rock thrown by some unknown boy struc -year-old Alice Felix, 807 South Eighteenth street, while playing on a vacant lot on Eighteenth street, between Papin and Chou-teau avenue, about 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The child's right cheek was badly

Fell From an Electric Car.

John Howard fell from an electric car at Eighth and Park avenue yesterday afternoon and sustained a fracture of the left arm near the elbow. Howard is a married man, 88 the elbow. Howard is a married man, 38 years old. He was sent to his home at 1512

outh Eighth street. A Missing Husband

Mrs. M. P. Johnson, 5868 Wilson avenue, de whereabouts of her husband, who has been missing since the 9th inst. Johnson is 4 years old, 5 feet 5 inces tail and wears

Caught Stealing Wheat, man Clegg caught John Gay ton in the act of stealing wheat from an Iron Mountain freight car at the foot of Chouteau avenue about 6 o'clock last evening. A war-rant will be sworn out against the prisoner

You can get them on the corner. Red Cross lough Drops. Five cents a box.

A MIRACULOUS CASE. Will McCown of Lima, O., Cured by Koch's Remedy.

LIMA, O., March 11 .- Will McCown of this city has been cured of consumption by Koch's remedy. He was so weak that he had to be carried from the train when he arrived here about three weeks ago. He weighed only 115 pounds, but in less than four days after the last injection was given him he commenced to improve. Yesterday he walked uptown without assistance. He now weighs 180 pounds, has no cough and is strong and hearty. Physicians here pronounce it the most miraculous case that ever came under their notice.

GITCHELL'S CANDIDACY.

AN INDICTED LAW-BREAKER SEEKING

eme of Gitchell to Gain a Seat in the House of Delegates—A Notorious Lobbyist's Game to Defeat an Hones esentative-The Primary.

The Republican voters of the Twelfth Ward

will have to decide Friday next whether they want an honest, creditable candidate for the House of Delegates or a notoriously corrupt House of Delegates or a notoriously corrupt lobbyist, who seeks to get a place in the lower branch of the Assembly that he might facilitate his business as a broker in municipal favors. Delegate Louis C. Diekmann, who has represented the Tweifth Ward since last November, when he was elected to fill a vacancy, has proven himself worthy of re-election, and as he is one of the few who have, the people of his district should certainly appreciate it by sending him back fer a full term. Chas. A. Gitchell, who is working every influence he can get in his tolls, hopes to defeat Diekmann, and is ready to use the same underhanded tactics he resorted to in a similar attempt last November. His presence is needed in the Assembly to carry out the plans of a disreputable ring, in which he is largely interested.

A NOTORIOUS LOBBYIST.

His record as a lobbyist and middle man is known to everybody who has business about the City Hall, and yet he has the presumption to ask the Republicans of the Tweifth Ward to send him to the House as their representative, so he will be in a better position to execute his schemes for personal gain. Gitchell, it will be remembered, sneaked the Republican nomination last November, taking a mean advantage of hast November, taking a mean advantage of Mr. Diekmann, who was then in the race for the regular nomination. Gitchell and his followers, most of whom were toughs imported from other wards, went in and held what they called a

primary, and did not consider Mr. Dieknann's rights even in the smallest degree. Se reat was the indignation of the people at the treatment accorded a gentleman who has been a life-long resident of the ward, that they circulated petitions, and had his name placed on the official ballot as a Citizens' candidate. He won a splendid victory, completely burying Gitchell and his followers. Notwithstanding the positive declaration that the people of the Twelfth Ward did not want a person of his stripe, Gitchell has the unphyship, nerve of again. Gitchell has the unblushing nerve of again attempting to thrust himself on the citizens of hat section. The Twelfth Ward is very largely Republican, giving as high as 1,100 majority at times: This is why Gitchell wants the Re-publican nomination and this is why he took up a residence in the Twelfth Ward only year or two since

GITCHELL'S GAME.

GITCHELL'S GAME.

The polls for the Twelfth Ward have been located at Blair avenue and Benton street, and will be open from 4 to 7 o'clock. Mr. Diekmann's friends are expected to come out Diekmann's friends are expected to come out early and vote. The polls will be open only three hours, and the Republican registration in the ward is very large. Gitchell and his lieutenants will, unless they are circumvented, work an old primary election trick, which consists of forming a line of toughs at the polling place to hold it, and keep his opponent's supporters from getting near the window with their tickets. The Republicans who are not in sympathy with Gitchell and his methods will have to look sharp when the polls are open to checkmate the game.

polls are open to checkmate the game.

INSULT TO GOOD CITIZENS.

Gitchell's presumption in asking the lawabiding citizens of the Tweifth Ward to
send him to the House of Delegates
is considered unparalleled in the annals of what is commonly called cheek. He wants to make laws for the people of the ward, when in fact he has been indicted for violating laws of the State. The November Grand-jury of the Criminal Court ndicted the same Charles A. Gitchell for publishing and advertising the Louisiana tate Lottery in defiance of a law or State Lottery in defiance of a law on the Missouri statute book, which he knew to be in force before he committed the offense on which his indictment was based. This indictment was drawn up and signed by William Zachritz, the Assistant Circuit Attorney, whose duty it is to present such flagrant violations of law. Gitchell was expressed Dec. 35 when his case. Gitchell was arrested Dec. 26, when his case was certified to the Court of Criminal Correction. Gitchell was never hon-orably acquitted. His attorneys dragged the case along until Feb. 13, when, through a technical deficiency in the indictment, the case was dismissed. This is only one of the many instances where the he asks the law abiding people of the Twelfth Ward to nominate and elect him to an important public office to give him full scope in his schemes.

YOUR EYES TESTED FREE By the best practical opticians in the city, who will accurately fit them with glasses and charge but \$1.00 and up for steel framed glasses and but \$5.00 and up for gold framed glasses.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,

COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST. FEDERAL GRAND-JURY REPORT.

It Returns Thirteen Indictments and I Discharged.

The Federal Grand-jury of eighteen me which has been in session about two weeks, nade its final report this morning, returning thirteen more indictments, and was dis-charged. The foreman had no remarks to make and did not refer to any particular vio-lations of the laws of the United States or

actions of the laws of the United States of offer any suggestions.

An indictment was returned against John Bartlett and James Brown for making illicit whisky in the swamps of Bunklin County, in Southeast Missouri. They are now in jail.

Archie Ferguson was indicted on a charge of abstracting a letter from the mail Jan. 31, addressed to F. H. Linley, containing a cheek. addressed to E. H. Linley, containing a check

Jack Evans, the ex-convict, and Nora Ca-hill, the woman arrested with him by the police in North St. Louis for making countorfett dollars, was indicted on that charge.
John Morley, who playfully impersonated a
United States detective Jan. 7 and arrested J.
McLaughlin, was indicted for so doing.
Stephen M. Horine was indicted for sending
nnmallable medical secrets through the

Tobias E. Vedder, alias James Langford, was indicted for having been found last January with sixty-seven counterfeit dime in

A LIQUOR DEALER IN TROUBLE.

mear Locust, is now under the manage-of Mr. Pierre Lambert, who serves the market affords and does it promptly.

AN IMPORTANT OFFICE.

THE DE CROOT MATURE'S OWN METHOD OF REGENERATING THE SYSTEM, procuring and sustaining lith by scientific electro-therspectic action, altogether unrivaled, and yet so simple that any

"The Medical Marvel of the Age."

One can apply it.

REACHING THE VERY FOUNTAIN OF LIFE, it absolutely cures all diseases, however obstinate, where the nerve force is affected, as LOST or FAILING POWER, frequently occurring in men who are otherwise sound, MERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTIVE DISCHARGES, WASTING OF THE PARTS, all forms of KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASE, etc.

ALL COMPLAINTS CHARACTERIZED by Hendache, Backache, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Loss of Sleep, Congestions, Dissiness and Tired, Weak, Dragging Sensations, are
cured without fail. A Release is inspossible, but should accident or
imprudence cause recurrence, the REGENERATOE retains perpetual
efficacy, and can be re-applied with the same curative results as at first.

EQUAL IN EVERY RESPECT TO A COSTLY BATTERY, it is preferable
in that its operation is a steady, gentle current, without shock, pain or anmoyance, producing an almost instantaneous and permanent effect, marvelous in character and well described as Regenerative.

THE REGENERATOR RECOMMENDS ITSELF, and bundreds of grateful patients praise it. Among these are Physicians, Clergymen, Lawyers, Merchants, Clerks, Mechanics, Men of all cocations. SENT POST-PAID AND SECURELY SEALED, with full directions for Ss. Money refunded if not precisely as here represented. Send for one without leay. Is not your Health worth two dollars? I set your Health worth two dollars? FULL DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS sent sealed free on application.

THE DE CROOT ELECTRIC CO. 66 Liberty St., New York.

JOIN NOW:

Third Series, Just Opened, 500 Shares at \$2 per

Share for \$480 Net.

REAL ESTATE **BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION.**

Capital Stock, \$2,400,000.

Save your money, join this Association and get a HOME. The latest, best Save your money, join this Association and get a HOME. The latest, best and most improved feature out, Interest to borrower only 5 per cent. Premium limited to 25 per cent. You get net \$480 on every share. Can draw out any time by giving 30 days notice and get dollar for dollar, after 1 year with 4 per cent Interest. Don't miss joining this Ass'n at once, the largest in the State.

Cent Interest is paid on all sums from \$50 and

Notice Regular Meetings 2d Wednesday of each month, at 8 P. M. For Prospectus, shares, and other information call on or address

WM. ZINK, Secretary, 714 Pine Street.

AFFAIRS IN ILLINOIS.

ELMER E. WASHBURNE THE CITIZENS' CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR OF CHICAGO.

Profitable Monopoly-Miss Callie Rey nolds' Good Fortune—Plans for a Drain-age Canal—First Judicial Circuit Meet-

CHICAGO, Ill., March 11.—Elmer E. Wash-burn, at one time Unief of the United States Secret Secret Service, has received and accepted a nomination for Mayor of Chicago o the Independent Citizens' ticket. The pe sonal rights wing of the Nomination Com mittee formally objected to the nominatic and withdrew from the committee on the ground that Mr. Washburn was in favor of a Puritanical Sunday.

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

METROPOLIS, Ill., March 11.—A meeting the Republican Judicial Committee of the Republican Figure 11.—A meeting the Republican Judicial Committee of the Republican Figure 11. First Judicial Circuit met in the City Hall yes terday and decided to hold a convention in Murphysboro May 5. It was decided to hold primaries April 25, before the convention and allow the people to express their preference for three judges in the list to be submitted to

A PROFITABLE MONOPOLY. CHICAGO, Ill., March 11.—It is rumored that we corporations controlling the business of two corporations controlling the business real estate abstract making in Chicage Handy & Co. and the Cook County Title Co Larry Stanley, two years for burglary in the second degree and larceny, and Wm. L. Sides, four years for grand larceny, were man who seeks to represent the Twelfth Ward taken to the penitentiary at Jefferson City by tract Co. is reported to have the matter is hand. Such a combination, it is said, would have a remarkably profitable monopoly.

CALLIE REYNOLDS' GOOD FORTUNE. RORA. Ill., March 11.—Miss Callie Rey olds of this city will receive, \$500,000 willed to her by her uncle, the famous "Diamond o," who died recently. Miss Callie is the aughter of the late James Reynolds of this city, a brother of "Diamond Jo." mother is also dead and she lives with the di-vorced wife of "Jo" in this city. She says the legacy was entirely unexpected, as there never was any intimacy between the two

TUSCOLA, Ill., March 11.—The Drainage commission of Tuscola, Arcola, Garrett and sourbon have advertised for bids for the construction of a drainage canal 3 mile long and 4 feet wide, and a still larger cana which is to be 6 miles long, 40 feet wide and 12 feet deep, and which must be built for \$120,000 or less. The Garrett Commissioners let a contract yesterday for a \$13,000 canal.

THE UNIVERSITY TROUBLES. CHAMPAIGN, Ill., March 11,-The Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois is in session here, and will pass upon the cases of the young students recently expelled and suspended.

suspended.

ELOPED WITH A PEANUT VENDER.

ELOIN, Ill., March 11.—Maude Hewitt, aged 14, and Arthur Wilson, aged 24, eloped Monday night. Wilson is a peanut vender, and Maude is the daughter of wealthy parents. take her a widow if they are married.

PICKPOCKET CONVICTED.

Con Gallagher Sent to the Work-House for a Year.

Con Gallagher was convicted on two charges of petit larceny in the Court of Crim inal Correction to-day, Judge Claiborne gave him six months in the Work-house on each action. Gallagher is a young thief and pickpocket, who has bothered the Police De-Missing.

Special Revenue Agent Capt. Thrasher is engaged in an investigation to-day which may cause a large wholesale liquor dealer some trouble in the United States courts. While making an inspection of one of the distilleries in this city he discovered but one fault and that was the absence of nineteen barrels of whisky from the warehouse and no purchase of Stamps recorded for them. They were traced to this wholesale merchant, and the explanation is to be made to-day, if there is any, and if satisfactory to Collector Wenneker, no arrest will follow. If otherwise, an arrest will be made. Collector Wenneker, an arrest will so made. Collector Wenneker, an arrest will so made. Collector Wenneker says he thinks the violation is only technical and that there has been no attempt to defraud the Government or escape paying the tax. He refuses to give any particulars in the case until it is completed, fearing it may do the party being investigated some harm.

The Budweiser Restament of Whisky from the pocket of Mary Ratman of Union Market, obtaining a purse and 52. He was arrested by Detectives Allendar and Smith of headquarters a few days later and identified by his victim. Mrs. Keating, 2716 St. Louis avenue, also swore out a warrant charging the prisoner with picking her pocket at Ninth and Frank-lin avenue on the afternoon of Feb. 28 and stealing \$8.65.

Curr glass for crystal and other weddings. A simple glance at our beautiful collection will convince any one that they should buy from us, for our goods are beautiful and prices lower than those of inferior makes. We ask you to see them at Mermoo & Jac-Cardon, Gorner Broadway and Locust.

Marion Manola's Child Abducted.

New York, March 11.—Lowell Masco.

New York, March 11.—Lowell Masco.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED-A girl for general housework, at 1002 Mississippl av. 66 WANTED-Fifty dozen pigeons, good price. Add. WANTED-A first-class helper at Jos. J. Long's, LOST-Male pug dog, with harness and license. Call and receive \$10 reward on return to 1312 Blair av. WANTED-Will the girl from Montreal who has worked in a Japan shop call at 1721 S. Jeffer WANTED-Ladies or girls to work button-hole and do hand-sewing on shirts; steady work, good pay. 617 Pine st., 2d floor.

WESTMINSTER PLACE HOUSE North side, west of Cabanne av., elegant 11-roomouse, all modern conveniences; lot 50x150, nothin more desirable, near Olive st. cable.

WASHINGTON AV.-GEM. Splendid location, high ground, 13 rooms, 13-incl walls all around, bath, hot and cold water, ever-convenience; lot 35x150, near cable cars. CHAMBERLAIN PARK HOUSE

Elegant 11-room house, well built, all convenences, near Arcade; lot 100x155. tminister place, 30x135, east Vandeventer av 100.

Morgan, 112x150, southeast corner Whittier st.

McPherson av., 100x142, west of Taylor av.

Boyle and Maryland, 500x187, elegant corner.

CHAS. C. NICHOLLS, Phone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

A CHANGE OF POLICY.

Southern Colorado Miners Conducting Operations on a New Basis. This morning William G. Hotchkiss of Aspen, Colo., arrived in the city and is at the Lindell. In reference to the mines in Southern Colorado Mr. Hotchkiss said: "There is more activity manifested than there has been for several years, but it takes a different form from that usually exhibited in my part of the State Prospecting is at a decided discount, and

more prospectors are out of work than ever before. But the half-developed mines that have been abandoned are being reopened, and there is more machinery being brought into what is known as the 'high-grade district,' of which Aspen may be regarded as the center, than at any time during its history. This has the effect not only of increasing the output of the mines, but much of the ore on the old dumps that was formerly regarded as worthless is being handled with profit. Formerly the Ouray miners would look at nothing that was not high grade, and in endeavoring to strike a more prospectors are out of work than ever miners would look at nothing that was not high grade, and in endeavoring to strike a rich vein would throw away ore that would have well repaid working. This refuse ore is being very extensively handled now, and with excellent results. The consequence will be an immense increase in the output of the Southern Colorado camps."

THE FLOODS IN THE SOUTH.

Reports of Damages at Various Points A City in Darkness.

Nashville, Tenn., March 11.—The Cumber and River is still booming and another rise land River is still booming and another rise is predicted by those of experience. At Burnside, Ky., the head of the Cumberland, the water has fallen very considerably and people are moving back into their homes. There are many streets here still open to navigation. Rows upon rows of tenement houses are either wholly are partially submerged.

AT NEW OBLEANS.

AT NEW ORLEANS.

AT NEW ORLEANS, La., March II.—So far no levees have broken and the engineers hope that the high water will pass without serious trouble. The water is not up to the stage of last year, and most of the dikes have been raised and reinforced. Every precaution has been taken, however, and patrol boats loaded with material have been sent out to watch for breakers.

ABOVE THE DANGER LINE.

CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., March II.—The Ten-

ABOVE THE DANGER LINE.
CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 11.—The Tennessee River is 5½ feet above the danger line. The gauge shows 85 feet, 6 inches, and the indications are that the 40-foot mark will be reached. The railroads are nearly all cut off.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 11.—The town is in darkness, no business is being done and no mail goes out to-day. The water came in to the electric light and gas works and shut them off completely. The water is falling and confidence is being rapidly restored.

The second lecture of the Lenten series arranged by the Benton Amusement Club will be delivered to morrow (Thursday) evening at Benton Hall. Mr. W. H. Little will be the lecturer of the evening, taking "The Scientific Evidences of the Immortality of the Soul" as his subject. Mr. Little is a very interesting talker, even in unprepared debate. An entertaining and instructive evening is looked forward to by the club.

LEWIS-SHARPE COMMISSION CO.

ROOM 210, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, . . . ST. LOUIS GEO. TAYLOR COMMISSION CO.,

COTTON FACTORS. MAIN AND WALNUT STS., ST. LOUIS. BERNET & CRAFT,

Flour Commission Merchants. 8 S. Main st., St. Louis, Mo REDMOND CLEARY COMMISSION CO.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS. SAYLE-STEGALL COMMISSION CO., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants. 122 South Main st., St. Louis.

W. T. ANDERSON & CO., LACLEDE BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO. MULLALLY JOHN COMMISSION

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS. BASYE & ROBINSON.

General Commission and Order Merchants, 116 N. Main Street, St. Louis, Mo

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION. G. E. WETZEL,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

esale Dealer in Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Wool, Hides, Furs, and Produce Generally. 219-221 Market st., St. Louis. BILLINGSLY & NANSON COMMISSION CO.

Hay, Grain and Seed. FRANK H. RYAN. JOHN F. RYAN JOHN F. BYAN. F. H. RYAN AND SON,

Grain Commission. Rooms 4 & 5, 108 N 4th st., St. Louis, Mo. (LEO. J. SCHULTE & CO., Hay and Grain Commission.

18 N. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo. T. B. MORTON. JOHN M. GANNETT. A. L. MESSMORE. MESSMORE, GANNETT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Grain, Hay and Seeds a Specialty.

Room 511. Chamber of Commerce. CICHWARTZ BROS. COMMISSION CO., Grain, Flour and General Commis-sion Merchants.

1601, 1603 and 1605 N. Broadway, Cor. Mullanphy 8 2-7 ST. LOUIS, MO. A. N. EATON. J. R. CRANDALL. J. S. MCCLELLAN EATON, McCLELLAN & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION. Grain and Flour Specialties.

4 S. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo. COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

HAKE & SON,

Commission and Provision Merchants. 819 N. 3d st. & 816 N. 4th st., St. Louis, Mo. T C. TAYLOR & CO.,

Grain, Hay, Seeds, Wool, Hides, Furs, Etc. Track Stuff a Specialty. Consignments of all kinds solicited. 114 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo.

FUGENE G. WEIDNER COMMISSION CO.

903 and 905 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo. Special attention given to the sale of wheat, oats, orn, fruit, wool, feathers, hides, bacon, lard, but-or, eggs, poultry, game, calves, etc. 1-7 RUSSELL-MASSENGALE

COMMISSION CO. Lumber Commission Merchants, And Dealers in All Kinds of Hardwood Lumber. 2-7 S. W. Cor. Main and Olive sts., St. Louis, Mo. DICKER & BEARDSLEY.

General Commission Merchants, 214 N. Main st. and 215 N. Commercial st.,

ESTABLISHED 1865. GEO. A. BENTON & CO.,

General Commission Merchants For the Sale of Country Produce of All Kinds. 2-7 827 N. 3d st. and 824 N.4th st., St. Louis, Mo. McCULLOUGH & REITHERS, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

216 Market St., St. Louis, Mo. onsignments of Poultry, Eggs, Furs, Hides, Feath-24 ers and Country Produce in general solicited.

E. C. HOFFMAN, General Commission Merchant Sole Agent for Hilliard's Pure Apple Cider.

1002 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo. TRESCHER & MILLER,
GENERAL COMMISSION. ame, Poultry, Eggs, Butter, Dried Fruit, Hides, Feathers, Wools and General Country Produce-its and Vegetables a Specialty in Sasson. 922 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

MILLER BROS. & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Dealers in and Shippers of Eggs.
For the Sale of All Kinds of Country Produce.
47 932 N. 3d st. & 927-929 Collins st., St. Louis, Mo.

WM. N. TIVY, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Honey, And General Commission Merchant.

620 N. Third st. ESTABLISHED 1860.

TULIUS VOGELER, General Commission Merchant and Egg Packer. 12 and 14 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

C. L. BUSCHMAN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Wines, Liquors, Butter, Cheese
and Country Produce.
822 N. Third st. F. C. TAYLOR & CO.,

209 and 211 Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo. H. C. SCHOPPE & SON, General Commission Merchants.

208 and 210 N. Main st.,

316 N. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo. DORMITZER & MEARA, COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Tobacco, Grain and Produce. 2-7 N. E. Cor. Main & Market sts., St. Louis, Mo-

HENRY BROEDER, COMMISSION MERCHANT. All Kinds of Country Produce. Eggs a Specialty. 926-928 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo

DW. BECKMANN COMMISSION CO.

Grain, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Fruit, Wool, Game, Hides, Etc. 121 Market st., St. Lot ESTABLISHED 1968.

Commission Merchants

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION.

OHN THYSON, Successor to THYSON & DAVIDSON, Grain Commission Merchant.

325 Chestnut st., St. Louis, Mo. W. B WESTCOTT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Hay, Grain, Flour, Seeds, Produce. 320 N. Main st., St. Louis. D. BLOCK. WM. B. DEAN.

BLOCK, DEAN & CO., General Commission Merchants, No. 417 Chamber of Commerce, ST. LOUIS, MO.

HUNTER BROS. SHIPPING Flour, Grain and Feed Commission 46 Republic Building, St. Louis. WHOLESALE FRUIT DEALERS.

GUNN FRUIT CO. WHOLESALE Foreign, Florida and California Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

988 and 940 N. 3d st. WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ESTABLISHED 1838 GREELEY-BURNHAM GROCER CO., Staple and Fancy Groceries.

618 to 622 N 2481 WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS. J. S. MERRELL DRUG CO.,

Wholesale Druggists. ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE ST. LOUIS DRUG MARKET. Reported by the J. S. Merrell Drug Co. We solicit the orders of merchants only, and can ntertain no orders from consumers. Correspond-nce with country dealers invited.

nce with country dealers inview.
Indigo-Madras, \$\frac{p}{p}\$ ib, 70c.
Insect Powder-\$\frac{p}{p}\$ ib, 35c.
Indigo-Resumblimed, \$\frac{p}{p}\$ oz, 40c.
Iron-Carbonate, precipitated, \$\frac{p}{p}\$ ib, 18c.
Lead-Accatate, white, \$\frac{p}{p}\$ ib, 18c.
Macc-\$\frac{p}{p}\$ ib, 85c.
Madder-Dutch, \$\frac{p}{p}\$ ib, 12c.
Magnesia-Carbonate, \$K. & M., \$\frac{p}{p}\$, \$\frac{p}{p}\$ ib, 22c;

ras, # B. 50c.

Orange peel. # B. 12c; ground, # B. 15c; powdered # B. 20c.
Pepper-Black, Singapor, # B. 12c; black, powdered, # B. 18c.
Potass-Chlorat, # B. 16c; iodid, # B. \$2.90.
Quinine—P. & W., oz viais # oz, 40c.
Red precipitate, # B. \$1.0.
Root—Ginger, Africa, # B. 9c; ginger, Africa, powdered, # B. 12c; ginger, Jamaica, bleached # B. 20c; ginger, powdered, # B. 24c; ipecac, powdered, # B. \$2.50; ialan, powdered, # B. 50c; powdered, # B. 1.20; ganger, Sancian, because by 20c; ginger, powdered, # B., 26c; lpecac. powdered, # B., 52.50; lalap, powdered, # B., 50c; orris, powdered, # B., 50c; orris, powdered, # B., 50c; sarasparilla, B., 50c; sarasparilla, B., 50c; sarasparilla, beneca, # B., 50c; valerian, # B., 30c.
Saftron, American, # B., 35c.
Sage, prossed, quarters and halves, # B., 10c.
Silver, nitat, # 0x, 80c.
Soda, bl. carb, Eng., # B., 5%c.
Soda, bl. carb, Eng., # B., 5%c.
Seed, anise, # B., 15c; canary, # B., 4c; cardamon, # B., 51; fax, cleaned, # B., 50; fax, ground, # B., 6c; hemp, Russian, # B., 5c; mustard, white, # B., 7c; mustard, black, # B., 10c; rape, # B., 5c.
Soap, castile, motified, # B., 7c; castile, white, H. B., # B., 14c.

Soap, castile, mothed, \$\Beta\$, 7c; castile, white, H. (1, \$\Beta\$), 14c. Strychnia, crystal, in \$\Beta\$, \$\Beta\$ oz, \$1.20; powdered, n \$\Beta\$, \$\Beta\$ oz, \$1.20; m \$\Beta\$, \$\Beta\$ oz, \$1.20; white, \$\Beta\$ oz, \$\Beta\$, \$\Bet White Precipitate, # B. \$1.10. Zinc, sulphate, # B. 10c.

ST. LOUIS GROCERY MARKET. eported by the Greeley-Burnham Groces

any other bulk of coffee in the market. It is a high grade combination of java, antos and rio, resulting in fine flavor and great strength. Frice always same as for Ariosa. Sulfan is put up in 130-lib bars, with 130 paper sacks in each baz.

Sugar—Granulated, 69cc. powdered, 7ac; fine powdered, 7ac; cut loaf, 7ac; yellow, 4a,69c; New Orleans open kettle, 555ac.

Coffee—Green—O. G. Java, 27630c; Mocha, 29c; Peaberry, 25c; golden Rio, 23bc; fancy dark Rio, 22c; choice, 21bc; prime, 21c; good, 20kc; fair, 19ac; common, 18bc.

Coffee—Ronated—Arbuckle, Lion and "1838," Coffee Coffee—Ronated—Arbuckle, Lion and "1838," La pkgs, 25 S0-100c; Buffalo, 130-b bags, 27e; Sultan, 130-b bags, 25c; Phonnix, 130-bags, 25c; Phonnix, 130-b -b pkgs, 25 90-100c; Buffalo, 130-b bags, 27c; ultan, 130-b bags, 25 yer; hallenge, 130-b bags, 25c; No. 99, 130-b bags, 25c; D.H. & Co., Java nd Mocha, 50-b and 3-b tins, 33lgc.
Molnasses—H. H., fancy, 36c; Si. George, choice, 7c; Eliza, prime, 35c; A. H. G., good, 33c; E. A. V., fair, 26c.
Syraps-Scient, Buffalo, fancy, 46c; brilliant, 25c; Corn, 26c; sorghum, 336-35c.
Bics—Fancy, 7c; choice, 64gc, prime, 6c; good, 26c.

4	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
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	Wheat bu.	Gorn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
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Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.							
	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.				
	Wheat,	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.			
St. Louis	47,074 81,350	99,165	21,240	45,42			
Baltimore Toiedo	11,534 6,830	18,947 16,124	20.000	17,14			
New York	21,000	77,350	80,927	73,70			

cles at St. Louis, For the twenty-four hours ending Wednesday, March 11, 1891, and corresponding day in 1890, as repo

4,605 47,074 99,165 32,160 2,200 14,950	2,560 18,628 293,810 22,200 1,650 5,850	1891. 12,981 21,240 45,426 39,280 3,510 1,913	9,820
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Wheat.	Cars. Corn.	Care
No. 2 hard sprii No. 3 do No. 2 Colorado	Cars. Corn. 25 No. 2 4 No. 3 2 No grade. 4 No. 2 wh ag. 2 No. 3 de. 1 No. 2 St. 30 No. 2 colo 2 No. 3 do.	Charles 1
Total	70 Total	81

do, -; No. 4 do, -; no-grade, -; total, 17 cars. Rye-No. 2, 2 cars; No. 3, -; No. 4, -. Barley-No. 2 spring, -- car; No. 3 do, -; re-lected, -

after the early advance. Late Parts and Lendon 13th higher, the best in 18624 and the control of the control of

olor—1 car in St. L. at 57tyc. No. 3—1 car for St. L. at 58tyc. No. 3 white of steel C. at 58tyc. with 70 bid SAMPLES—Offerings small and higher prices paid alses: 1 car No. 3 trk this side at 58tyc. with 70 bid sizes: 1 car No. 3 trk this side at 58tyc. We guotable at 40c per dozen on orders; small ailes: 1 car No. 3 trk this side at 58tyc. 80c bid. Sproy GRADES—On call 49tyc bid for No. 2 regular offered at 52c, no bid. Sproy GRADES—On call 49tyc bid for No. 2 regular offered at 52c, no bid. Sproy GRADES—On call 49tyc bid for No. 2 regular offered at 52c, no bid. Sproy GRADES—On call 49tyc bid for No. 2 regular offered at 52c, no bid. Sproy GRADES—On call 49tyc bid for No. 2 regular offered at 52c, no bid. Sproy GRADES—On call 49tyc bid for No. 2 regular offered at 52c, no bid. Sproy GRADES—On call 49tyc bid for No. 2 regular of the colly buyers and selects were about the only buyers and they bought very sparingly. Sales: Special bin—1 car ic. 3 at 49tyc. 1 No. 3 rust proof 49tyc, 5 No. 2 at 32 type of the collect of the collect of the colly buyers off, they at the collect of the collect of

Hay and Millfeed.

Hay-Receipts, 512 tons. The demand for al
grades of timothy, as well as the bes
grades of prairie, was good. Low grade
prairie remain dull. Little was taker
for shipment. Local dealers and traders about ab
sorbed the receipts at full prices. Sales: This side-
Timothy-1 car mixed at \$10, 1 car threshed
at \$10.50, 1 car clover-mixed and
strictly prime at \$11, 2 and 1/2 strictly prime to choice
at \$11.50, 6 choice at \$12, 1 do at \$12.75
1 strictly do at \$12.50, 3 fancy at \$13.
2 gilt edge at \$13.50. Prairie-1 strictly
prime Iowa at \$9, 1 choice do at \$9.65, 1 strictly
prime lowa at \$9, 1 choice do at \$9.00, 1 strictly
choice do at \$10, 1 choice Kansas at \$11. East side— Timothy—1 red top mixed at \$9, 1 do at \$10,
Timothy-1 red top mixed at \$9, 1 do at \$10,
strictly prime to choice at \$11, 2 choice at \$11.50,
strictly choice at \$12.
Bran-Higher and very stiff. Millers had little
for sale and held that firmly. Sacked was offered
this side at 92c, but late sold delivered
at 93c and latter obtainable for E. track
Sales: Country point-2 cars balk at 81c,1 skd South
at 89c, 3 skd Alton at 92c. This side-2 cars f. o. b.
boat at 92c, 150 sks country on trk at 921/2c, 1 car skd
del at 93c. Direct orders-5 cars skd this side at 94c.

Provisions

Provisions.

Another advance and very stiff market. More was doing, the continued strength exhibited inspiring buyers with confidence and they purchasing with more than the continued strength exhibited inspiring buyers with confidence and they purchasing with more than the continued strength exhibited inspiring buyers with confidence and they purchasing with more than the continued of the conti

state: German minet a 50c on basis of o-cay's said.

Flaxseed—Receipts. none: shipped, none. Market steady at \$1.224 on this side, pure basis; Northern seed quotable at 1.62c more. Hempseed—Saiable at \$1.40 for choice.

Buckwheat—Last sale at 55c.
Castor Beans—Receipts, none; shipped, 1, 320 bu. Firm and unchanged at \$1.50 for car fets prime. Small lots or inferior at \$1.4061.45. Sale, 1 car, No. 2 beans at \$1.42.
Onion Sets—Quotable at \$3.75 for tops, at which last lot sold.

Butter and Eggs.

Butter and Eggs. Butter-Receipts, 23,941 Bs. While there was an easier feeling, stocks are so light we are not justified in lowering prices. Dealers are confident that the top has been reached. Had it not been for the substitutes prices would no doubt have advanced to a point beyond the reach of the average consumer.

ı.	CREAMERY.	
	Fancy separator and set milk	@3
٠,	Choice separator and set milk 31	603
۶.	Choice to fancy gathered cream 28	63
ı	DAIRY.	40
	Fancy, selected28	@3
	Good to choice25	@2
	Medium 18	@2
8	Poor, streaked and off flavor	@1
١	Tool, stiedard and on havor	TO A
	Fresh ladles	(0.7
•	Northern roll	@2
Н	Near-by country roll	@2
	Near-by store packed10	@1
•		6
	Poor and grease	
н	Cheese-There was no change to note in pr	
4	The feeling, however, was strong and a further	r ad
п	vance is looked for. Stocks continue to dim	inis

we quote: Wisconsin full cream twins, 11c; singles, 114c; Young America, 114c; fancy 1-b skims twins), 06945c; skims, 64c, 64c; Swiss, 14c; Limburg, 134c; brick, 14c \$\mathbb{E}\$ b; Missouri, Kansas and low, off flavor and sharp, 44c, 65c \$\mathbb{E}\$.

Eggs—Receipts light (1.45l pkgs) and inadequate to shippers' wants. Market unchanged at 14c, closing strong. Goose eggs 45c, and duck eggs 17c. Poultry and Game.

obblers	13014	Rough and	poor.	i
Chickens-	90	Geese- Choice fat		
ixed ld roosters	7@8c	Rough and		60
Poultry with hen dry picked, under drawn, ar	are not	wanted. S	ales run	in,
Game-Ducks e g and weakest. od request, but	Demand	fair, howe	ever. Sn	offe
	er doz.		Pe	r do
ucks-	162.00	Jack		\$ 1
Canvas Back Mallard, undraw	2 75	Common.		
Mallard, drawn	2 50	Pigeons, ta	mellive.	1
Mallard, drawn Red head Teal Mixed	1 50	Opossum, e	ach	100
Live Veals-Li	beral of	ferings. E	ulk of an	rive
we been too heavens of choice fat,	ry. Den	and slow.	Sales:	Sele
in. 2@3c per lb.				
Live Roasting	Pigs-	Anote at	000251.0	o p
Dressed Hogs	and Pig	s-Quotabl	e at 3c fo	r ho
d 5c & b for sma	-Slow	sale: one	stable a	

Receipts, 10 lbs. Steady and firm. Ready sale for current offerings. UNWASHED-STATES AND Bright Coarse. sandy.

Mo., Ill., E. Iowa, etc. ... 24 625 166 15 166 17

cent less and Northern more. "Springy" skins grade 3s, 4s and seabs.

No. 1 Large. Med. 2. 3. 4.

Raccoon 60 45 35 25 10

Mink 70 55 40 25 10

Fox—gray 50 40 30 20 10

Fox—red \$100 80 80 80 30 15

Otter 800 60 03 450 \$250 75

Beaver 800 60 03 450 \$250 75

Skunk—Black, prime. 85c| Wild Cat... 50035c

Short stripe, prime. 85c| Wild Cat... 50 13 10 to 15 per cent is deducted on "open" mink fox, otter, skunk, opossum, muskrat, civet an housecat. Other articles are preferred "open."

Roots—Ginseng, \$2.75@3; searce, 27@28c; snake, 25c; blood, 2c; Mayapple, 24c; golden seal, 20c; an-elica, 5c; pink, 18c; black, 5c; wahoo root bark, 0c, and bark of trees, 6c; blue flag, 5c; bittersweet ark, 6c. loc, and bark of trees, see blue flag, 5c; bittersweet bark, 6c.

Moss-We quote: Machine picked-XXXX, 72

674ac; XXX, 61a60c; XX, 51a60ac; X, 74a64bc; Rough-Black, 41a65c; brown, 4d-4bc; gray and brown-mixed, 31a63bc; gray, 3c.

Scrap Iron, Etc.-Wrought, 70c; heavy cast, 30c; plow, 50c; stoveplate, 35c; maileable and burnt, 25c. Brass-Heavy, 9c; light, 6c; copper, 9c; lead, 41ac; inc. 22a62bc; peveter, 10c., 70a80c; paper, 2c; old rubber, \$2.5c; old rope, \$1.25a2.25;

Brones-Quote: Buthalo-No. I bleached, \$18819;
\$12; green butcher, \$2.610.

Honey-We quoter Comb at 12a14c; fancy white clover, 15a17c; inferior, less; strained and extracted at 7a5c in cans and 51a66c in bhis.

Bround Corn-We quote: Common at 21a22bc.

Broom Corn-We quote: Common at 21a22bc.

Broom Corn-We quote: Common at 21a22bc. Sorghum—Quotable at 27@30c per gallon, as to quality.

Broom Corn—We quote: Common at 24@24c, medium at 24@34c, choice at 34@4c, fancy higher, and damaged and crooked half-price.

Hops—California, 32@34c; choice Washington, 34@36c; choice New York, 36@38c; imported, 65c. Cooperatuffs—Shaved hoop, slack—work four barrels, country-shaved, \$3.50@4; cooper shaved, \$5.50; half-barrels, 2.50; patent, \$6.75@7.26. For tight work—Pork barrels, oak, \$6.50@7; hickory, \$7.50@8; lard tierces, oak, \$8.50@5,0 hickory, \$1.2. Staves—Flour barrels, No. 1, \$7; culls, \$4; beer kegs, \$18; sawed and listed pork barrels, \$18@19; lard tierces, \$23@24. Flour barrel headings, 44% per set. \$12. Staves—Flour barrels, No. 1, \$7; culls, \$4; beer kegs, \$18; sawed and listed pork barrels, \$186 19; lard tierces, \$23@24. Flour barrel headings, 41% per set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, hickory hoops, \$20%0 234%; patent hoops, 29c; half bbls, \$3c; produce bbls, 23c; meal bbls, 28c; park bbls, 95c; half bbls, \$9c; lard tes at \$1.05 E. track; half tes, 55c; kegs, 374@40c.

Sacks—We quote: Burlaps—2-bu, 5%c; 24½-bu, 6c; 24½-bu, 6c; 24½-bu, 6tg; 3-bu, 6t%c; 4-bu, 7t%c; 5-bu, 8c; 6-bu, 8tg; 7-bu, 8tgc. Cotton—Seamless, 15@22c. Flour—96-lb, 71½@9c; 200-lb, 14@23c. Wool, 26@ 33c; per sack.

Kmpty Harrels—Black, 45c; lard oll, 69c; linsed oll, 60c; whisky, fron hoop, 55@75c; wood do at 40c; coal oll, 95c; lard tes, 25c; molasses, 30c.

Sait—Firm. We quote domestic at 95c East side and \$1 this side \$1 bbl.

Hemp—Nominal.

Hemp—Nominal.

Hemp—Nominal.

Hemp—Nominal.

Hemp—Nominal.

Sait—\$1.56.

White Beans—Sales of country range from \$1.35.

White Beans—Sales of country range from \$1.35.

White Beans—Sales of country range from \$1.35.

per bu for weevily, to \$2 for choice small navy. From store, Eastern hand-picked medium sells at \$2.20@2.25, and peas and navy at \$2.30@2.35 per bu.

Green Peas—Quote from store: Green at \$1.61.05; sells at \$2.2062.25, and peas and navy at \$4.3062.co per bu.

Green Pens—Quote from store: Green at \$13.05;
Scotch at \$1.0561.10 per bu.

Pop Corn—We quote: Old white at 11462c, rice at 1146116; cold mixed and new at 16114c per 1b.

Nuts—Hickory: Shelbark—Small at 35640c and large at 16420c per bu. Pecans—Quiet; quotable at 10c per bu for Western, 104621c for Territory, to 12c for large Texas. Walnuts—2025c per bu.

Peanuts—Quiet. Quote farmers' stock free from dirt at 21462kp per 1b for red and white; there is a percentage off as to quantity of dirt among receipts. Hazelnuts—2624c per 1b.

Stock on Band.

RECRIPTS TO DAY AT LEADING RECEIVING CENTERS.

GALVESTON—Receipts, 1,461 bales; market quiet at 813-164.

MOBILE—Receipts, 264 bales; market quiet at

Sales to-day, — bales. LIVERPOOL—Spot: Business moderate. 4 13-16d. Sales, 12,000 bales; receiptales, of which all American.

St. Louis, March 11.

state of the control Fair coffee in New York, 2014c. Mail Pouch coffee in St. Louis, 25.90c. LIVE STOCK. MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS

W. H. LEE, Prest. JAS. E. YEATMAN, Vice-Prest. JOHN NICKERSON, Cashier. W. H. LEE, Prest. JAS. E. YEATMAN, Vice-Prest.

JAMES E. YEATMAN, Vice-President.

HENRY C. SCOTT,

President Fort Worth Light & Power Co.
THOMAS RANKEN, JR., Capitalist.
JOHN J. O'FALLON, Capitalist.
HENRY T. SIMON.

H. T. Simon, Gregory & Co.
EDWARD WALSH, JR.,

President Mississippi Glass Co.

W. H. LEE,

President.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

\$2,406,593 79 50,000 00 \$3,359,092 83 \$ 700,000 00 190,452 03 2,423,640 80 \$3,359,092 83

The above dates are those on which the last two calls were made by the Government for statements from National Banks.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

Live Stock Commission Merchants.

WHEELER, JAMES & CO.,

J. W. OVERSTREET.

Live Stock Commission Merchants.

Union Stock Yards, St. Louis.

J. A. MCNEILEY.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION.

HULL, STÉELE & CO., L. A. COQUARD, **NVESTMENT BROKER**

E.B. Hull, General Manager. C.T. Steele, Bookkeeper. Z. T. Steele, Cattle Salesman. Chas. Wells, Hog Salesman. 2-7 Office: Rooms 7 & 8, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis. 124 North Third Street. Ronds and stocks of every description bought and old outright or on commission. Will be pleased to A. C. Cassidy, Pres. W. H. Hines, Vice-Pres. D. J. Riley, Sec. and Treas. GEO. M. HUSTON & CO.,

CASSIDY BROS. & HINES COMMISSION CO. Bends and Stocks, 805 Pine St. Monthly quotation circular mailed free. A large ne of first-class securities always on hand. (Incorporated.)

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FOR SALE. Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo. BLAKELY SANDERS-MANN CO.,

5,000 Merchants' Bridge 1st 6s.
10,000 shares United Elevator Co. 1st 6s.

WM. C. LITTLE, SCOTT & CO.,
Members New York Stock Exchange,
Chamber of Commerce Building, 3d and Fine sis.
Dealers in investment bonds, local stocks, mining stocks, etc. Commission orders in stocks and bonds at New York and grain and provisions at Chicago, either for cash or on margin, promptly executedly direct private wires from our office to those markets. (Formerly Blakely Sanders & Co.) Live Stock Commission Merchants Offices (5 and 6, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis. 5, National Stock Yards, Ill.

Consignments Solicited. 2-7

JOHN J. HOLT, J. C. PAYNE, HUGH M. WATSON,
Office. Cattle Salesman. Hog Salesman. Original issues preferred. Send description an all statement. 1 WM. S. POPE, room 13, Laclede Building. HOLT, PAYNE & CO., Live Stock Commission Merchants. 2-7 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO E. T. WHEELER. C. JAMES. J. S. MCKINNON. 307 OLIVE ST. DEALERS IN HIGH-GRADE BONDS.

Suitable for Savings Banks and Trust Funds.

MONEY. New York Stock Quotations

OVERSTREET & McNEILEY,
Commission salesmen and forwarding
agents for all kinds of LIVE STOCK. Office: Nos.1 and 2 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo. 2-7 Cash advances made on consignments-Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, successors to Matthews & Whitaker, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo. Sr. Louis, Mo., March 11. Opening Highest. Lowest. 11542 117 11542 11649 4248 4248 42 42

1337a 135 1331/a 1344/a 1304/ 1328a 1304/ 132

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 11.—As noon petroleum was quoted at 76%c. CLEVELAND, O.. March 11.—Petroleum quiet; S.W. 10, 6%c; 74 gasoline, 843; 86 gasoline, 12; 63 aphtha, 643c.

17% 18 17% 17% 27% 72% 72 72%

DRINK VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA

DELICATESSEN.

COMMERCIAL HOTEI

CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase

Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth,\$8. PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medi-cines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

Mercantile Havana Cigars. Fine imported tobacco and work combin in this cigar. Try them.

CARRIED AWAY GOODS.

Two Men Tell How They Robbed Their

wherein Geo. D. Wallace, Henry Yeager and Frank Harless are charged with his early career. There are a dozen men in having attempted to carry away the con tents of Rumsey & Sikemeler's wholesale establishment on Fourth street was ventilated in Justice Carroll's court yesterday afternoon. Wallace and Harless were working for the concern, and Yeager was an exemploye who was running a shop at 2221 Franklin avenue. The two former would take goods from the establishment they were working for and send them out to Yeager's, dividing the proceeds. Mr. Sikemeler became suspicious and hired a private detective. The arrest of the three men followed. Yesterday both Harless and Wallace went on the stand and swore that they stole and sent the goods to Yeager, and that Yeager knew they were stolen. Here Mr. James Orr, the attorney for the plaintiff, desired to introduce Mr. Yeager's books, but Mr. Ben F. Clark objected, and taking them tents of Rumsey & Sikemeier's wholesale es-

it, the jury found for the defendant in the attachment contest, on which the case hinged. The day the arrest occurred Rumsey & Sikemeier, by attachment process, took possession of everything in the Franklin avenue shop. A week ago the goods were sold for \$130, James P. Keane, Yeager's partner, being the purchaser. Wallace, Harless and Yeager will answer to the charge of grand larceny in the Criminal Court, Wallace and Harless having signed a confession.

We Are Saving Money for the Clothing Buyers of St. Louis—Spring Suits Made to Order for \$25, \$30 and \$35.

We are making a great display of spring woolens this season. We are showing an unusual assortment of woolens for \$25, \$30 and \$85 suits. We are saving money for you on every suit you have m

MILLS & AVERILL, S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine St.

MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Mayor Noonan's Message in Regard to the Revision of the Ordinances.

The Council held its regular meeting last night with all the members present. Mayor Noonan sent a message stating that the next Council would have the task of revising the ordinances, and a bill was introduced to appoint a revisor. A number of railroad bills were returned with the Mayor's signature. The board ordinance for a bridge over the Wabash at Duncan avenue was given first

The Ways and Means Committee recom mended leasing a portion of the wharf to J. E. Joy and a number of small claim bills. The Delmar avenue improvement bill was favorably reported by the committee on Pub-

Cates avenue bill was laid over, as was also the Lindell Railway franchise bill.

The bill increasing the salaries of the members of the Board of Public Improvements was amended making the Street Commission er's \$4,000 instead of \$3,500, and was ordered

A protest against the Baden & St. Louis bill was read and the bill sent to engross-The Merchants' Terminal Broadway Depot

cil adjourned until Friday. THE HOUSE.

Twenty-one members of the House of Delegates were at the meeting last night. The

message of the Mayor on the revisory session message of the mayor of the revisory session was received. An amendment reducing the relief bill of Maud Mullery from \$2,500 to \$1,500 was concurred in. Mr. Quinn introduced a bill increasing the salary of the Bridge Inspector from \$1,800 to \$2,500 a year. Gen. Stevenson's sinking fund bill was passed. A

Water Filters. Simmons Hardware Co.

EASTER DATES.

Statistics as to Its Earliest and Latest Pos

The fact that Easter falls on a very early date this year (March 29) has caused a"friend of facts and figures" to collect some curious statistics. In 1883, he says, Easter fell on March 25, and it will only once again this century, namely, in 1894, fall on so early a dates. In the three following centuries it will occur only eight times on the same date—namely, in 1951, 2085, 2046, 2057, 2108, 2114, 2125 and 2198.

The earliest date on which Easter can fall is on March 22, and this only in case the moon is full on March 21, when this date happens to fall on Saturday. This combination of circumstances is extremely rare; it occurred in 1098, 1761 and 1817 and will happen again in 1890, 2076 and 2144, while during the three following centuries it is not once "on the books" at this early date. On the other hand, Easter never falls later than April 25; this was the case in 1686, 1734 and 1886 and will only happen once in the next century only eight times on the same date-namely

only happen once in the next century For Nervous Exhaustion Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
Dr. JASON WALKER, Minot, Me., says: "I have used it with very pleasing results. I have prescribed it for nervous exhaustion; for that state of the nervous system following exposure to sun heat; for watchfulness in cases seeming to be due to nervous debility. Our young man at school had such a feeling of confusion in his head that he had to leave school. I gave Acid Phosphate, and he was soon able to resume study."

Secret Society Notes.

Laclede Council, No. 281, National Union, as usual bad quite an interesting time at its last meeting. Dr. Croswhite had something to say for the good of the order.

Venus Chapter. O. E. S. will entertain its members Thursday evening, March 12, at their hall, 6701 South Broadway. Master Masons and their families invited.

Masons and their families invited.

Missouri Lodge, No. 11, I. O. O. F., is enjoying a boom. Three applications are on file, and a large attendance is expected next Friday night to witness the initiation. The Captain of the "team," John W. Black, has issued notices to all the members who desire to take part in the work, to be present at the next meeting and give their gorgeous paraphernalia an airing.

Water Filters.

REV. ARMSTRONG.

The Man Supposed to Have Been J. Wilkes Booth.

ST. LOUIS CLERGYMAN AT THE TIME OF LINCOLN'S ASSASSINATION.

He Delivered a Eulogy on the Dead President at the Time-Interesting History of a Remarkable Man as Narrated by Mr. George Rogers, Who Was an Intimate Friend.

A sensational story is going the rounds of the papers to the effect that the Rev. J. G. Armstrong, who died a few days ago at Atlanta, Ga., was believed by many people to be J. Wilkes Booth. A great mystery is said to have surrounded the past life of the clergyman and very little could be learned of St. Louis who knew the gentleman inti-mately for many years and one at least who kept up a correspondent with him until a short time ago. Rev. Jame tablishment on Fourth street was ventilated in Justice Carroll's court yesterday after noon. Wallace and Harless were working for the concern, and Yeager was an exemploye who was running a shop at 221 Franklin avenue. The two former would take goods from the establishment they were working for and send them out to Yeager's, dividing the proceeds. Mr. Sikemeler became suspicious and hired a private detective. The arrest of the three men followed. Yesterday both Harless and Wallace went on the stand and swore that they stole and sent the goods to Yeager, and that Yeager knew they were stolen. Here Mr. James Orr, the attorney for the plaintiff, desired to introduce Mr. Yeager's books, but Mr. Ben F. Clark objected, and taking them from the table sent them from the courtroom. This was in close imitation of the Vail overcoat episode. The plaintiff, had had possession of the books ever since the parsest on Feb. 19 last. The plaintiff's attorney objected, but the books- were gone before his say was finished. Although both Harless and Wallace had stated that they did the stealing and that Yeager knew of it, the jury found for the defendant in the attachment contest, on which the case hinged. The day the arrest occurred Rumsey & Sikemeler became supplicious and hired a private detective. The new stand in the actachment contest, on which the case hinged. stead of modern church hymns, and are also opposed to membership in the Masonic and

secret orders.

JOINS THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH. JOINS THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The next change made by Rev. Dr. Armstrong was, however, more surprising to his friends, as this time he entered the Episcopal Church, and only a year or two after he had been made pastor of the Chouteau Avenue Presbyteriah Church. His first call as an Episcopal minister was to Chouteau Avenue Presoyterian Church. Als first call as an Episcopal minister was to Hannibal, and then he went in tarn to Wheeling, W. Va.; Richmond, Va., and Atlanta, Ga. While rector of an Episcopalian church in Atlanta, he was charged with having visited a house of ill-fame in Cincinnati and was found guilty and suspended for five years. His first house of ill-fame in Cincinnati and was found guilty and suspended for five years. His first services as minister of the gospel were at Sidney, O., although before that he had occupied a pulpit at Xenia, O., where he attended a theological seminary. This was several years before the war and a short time before this or early in the 50's, he came to this country from Ireland, his native country, being then scarcely more than a boy. That his life has not been an obscure one and that there is nothing very mysterious about his there is nothing very mysterious about his early career previous to his call to Atlanta is evident from the foregoing statement.

KNEW HIM INTIMATELY.

"Yes, I knew the gentleman well," said

Mr. George Rogers in a conversation with a Post-Disparch reporter this morning. "In fact, I may say that I was intimately acquainted with James Glasgow Armstrong for many years. I was Treasurer of the United Presbyterian was Treasurer of the United Presbyterian Church when Mr. Armstrong was pastor of it, and it was mainly at my suggestion and through my endeavors that he left Xenia, 0.—or perhaps it was Sidney, 0.—and accepted our call. The United Presbyterian congregation now worship on Nineteenth and Morgan streets, but at that time we occupied a church building on Fifth and Locust streets. The removal to Nineteeth street was made after Mr. Armstrong left our church. No, I don't remember just when he came here from Ohio, but it was before the war, and on the day that Abraham Lincoln was shot Mr. Armstrong

Abraham Lincoln was shot Mr. Armstrong was here in St. Louis. I saw him the very next day, and a day or two after that we held memorial service in our church, and the building was draped with black. EULOGY ON PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

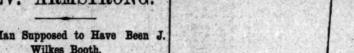
"Mr. Armstrong delivered a eulogy on the dead President on that occasion, and it is ridiculous to connect his name in any way with the assassination of Abraham Lincoln. "It was two or three years after this that his trouble with our church occurred. One of the members of the church claimed that he had seen him intoxicated, and on his testimony Mr. Armstrong was deposed by the Illinois assembly, which had jurisdiction over our church. I didn't believe that the charge was true at that time and have never thought so since. I never saw him under the influence of liquor in my life and no one in St. Louis had better opportunities to observe anything of that kind than I had, for, as I said before, we were intimate during his whole stay in St. Louis. The evidence in the case was all put in writing and was afterwards "It was two or three years after this that his was all put in writing and was afterwards presented to the Presbytery, of which Drs. Brooks and Niccolls were members. There were ten in all who examined the case and they decided him not guilty and admitted him to their branch of the Presbyterian Church. He then accepted a call to the Chouteau Avenue Presbyterian Church, which has since been merged into the Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church, about that time he became internate. Church. About that time he became intimate

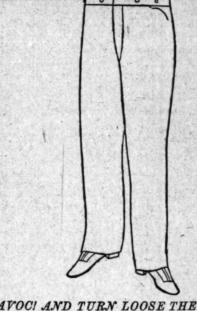
Church. About that time he became intimate with a rector of the Episcopal Church at Kirkwood, and for about a year they were together a great deal discussing theological matters. The result was that Mr. Armstrong decided to enter the Episcopal Church. He was taken in on probation and at the end of a year received a call from the Episcopal Church at Hannibal, Mo. He was there a year or two and then went to Wheeling, W. Va., and his next call was from the Monumental Church of Richmond, Va., the largest Episcopal Church of that city. He remained in Richmond several years and then along in 1882-88 accepted a call to Atlanta. He was tried in Atlanta five or six years ago and silenced for five years on the testimony of a Cincinnati cabman, who testified that he had driven him around in that city to houses of ill-fame when he was in an intoxicated condition.

Mr. Rogers spoke of that incident very re-luctantly, and at first asked that what he said about it be not published, but withdrew his objection when it was pointed out to him that his statement would be of benefit rather than of injury to Mr. Armstrong's reputation and family, and that the young lady's name in the case should not

the young lady's name in the case should not be mentioned.

He said that Mr. Armstrong had written him a full account of the unfortunate Cincinnati affair. He was on his way to New York on a summer vacation, when he received a telegram from a relative to assist him in locating and recovering a daughter who had gone astray in Cincinnati. Mr. Armstrong responded to the appeal and the two went to Cincinnati together and, after visiting several houses of ill-fame, found the lost girl and induced her to return home. They did not visit the houses as clergymen, because that would have defeated their object. While they misrepresented their business there they did not do anything else that they could be blamed for, and the cabman was mistaken in supposing them to have been intoxicated. "He was one of the most noble, highminded men I ever knew," continued Mr. Eogers," and a great injustice has been





"CRY HAVOC! AND TURN LOOSE THE DOGS OF WAR!"

Of Men's Trousers.

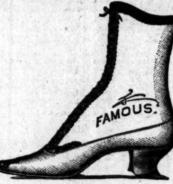
WE MUST HAVE ROOM for SPRING STOCK, Now Rolling In!

Men's \$3.00 All-Wool Pants Slaughtered for \$2.00 Men's \$4.00 All-Wool Pants Slaughtered for \$2.50 Men's \$5.00 All-Wool Pants Slaughtered for \$3.00 Men's \$6.00 All-Wool Pants Slaughtered for \$3.50 Men's \$7.50 All-Wool Pants Slaughtered for \$5.00 Pants of heavy and medium weight sacrificed to make room for spring stock.

The Cream of the Style in Spring Overcoats, \$6.50 to \$25. Confirmation Suits in Great Variety.

Open Till 10 p. m. Saturdays.

A most exquisite production of the shoemaker's art, and the "swellest" Ladies' Lace Boot shown for the spring of '91. This lovely style of Footwear is of the finest French Dongola, has cloth top and patent leather tips and backs, and is made on the popular opera last. It is the creme de la creme of Fine Shoes.



The "PRINCESS."

Famous Shoe

Broadway and Morgan.

done the man. He was one of the most intellectual men, too, I ever heard, and one of the finest scholars. He was a thorough scholar in Greek and Hebrew and could speak five or six languages. One of his uncles was a missionary of the Episcopal Church in India for twenty-one years and translated the Bible into five or six different languages. Socially, Mr. Armstrong was a whole-souled companion, and his married to the floods from Feb. 21 until March 4. In a conversation with a Post-Dispatch representative the doctor said: "Such anguages. Socially, Mr. Armstrong was a whole-souled companion, and his married life, so far as I know, was a happpy one. He lost a little boy in Hannibal, and their only child after that was a little girl. She afterwards studied for the stage and I have heard since that she became an actress. I never heard of her mother's death and I presume that she is still living. death and I presume that she is still living. She was a very nice lady and was married to Mr. Armstrong in Ohio, before they came to

St. Louis.
"When Mr. Armstrong was ousted from
the United Presbyterian Church, about thirty of our members, including myself, left the church, and the most of us united with the Chouteau Avenue Presbyterian Church, going

LAST VIEW OF ST. LOUIS.

'The last time he was in St. Louis was about ten years ago. He was then located at Richmond, Va., and his expenses were paid to St. Louis and back by one of the vestrymen of St. George's Episcopal church, who was anxious to have him take the restraining of the tenue. Episcopal church, who was anxious to have him take the rectorship of that church. Mr. Armstrong, however, declined, saying that he was comfortably fixed at Richmond and loved his congregation and his work there and could not think of returning to St.

there and could not think of returning to St.
Louis. Mr. Armstrong occupied the pulpit of
St. George's Church the Sunday he was here,
but as he was so opposed to leaving Richmond at that time, he was never given a
formal call; in fact, the gentleman who in
vited him here did not bring the matter, up at
a regular meeting of the vestrymen."

TRAVELED TO EUROPE WITH HIM.

Mr. Wm. C. Wilson said this morning that
he traveled to Europe with Mr. Armstrong in
the spring of 1865, and that he had known
him very well for several years before, although he was not a member of his
church. Mr. Armstrong was then
on a visit to his old home
near Belfast, Ireland. He was a
graduate of Queen's College, Belfast, and this
was his first visit to Ireland since he came to
this country. Mr. Wilson entertains a high
country. Mr. Armstrong and this be was his nest visit to Ireland since he came to this country. Mr. Wilson entertains a high opinion of Mr. Armstrong and thinks that great injustice was done him here as well as at Atlanta. He was his real estate agent while Mr. Arm-strong resided here, and has done a good deal of business for him since he removed from here.

from here.

The only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong created something of a sensation a few years ago by deserting her husband the morning after their marriage. She is now on

The Wives They Wanted. MILAN, Tex., March 11.—Dr. Edw. Caldwell, Clay Shave and Robert McNeal agreed two years ago that unless certain young ladies became their respective wives, they would remain single. They are now all married. The third marriage took place vesteriage.

INGALLS' INSTALLMENT PLAN. rable. Just what you want.

representative the doctor said: scenes as I witnessed at Yums I never again wish to see. a number of gentlemen interested in Arizons mines. While awaiting orders we, the passengers, were notified that we could not

progress any farther east on account of a washout. The majority of the passengers thought that the washout meant only a few hours lay-over.

"A number of us took a walk about town to "A number of us took a walk about town to see what there was of the 'Gate of the Great American Desert.' It is the seat of the most God-forsaken part of the country I ever saw. The inhabitants are Indians and Mexicans and a few Americans. The houses are made of brick dried by the sun and called

are made of brick dried by the sun and called adobes. The Southern Hotel is built on a hill and is made of wood. It accommodates about fifty guests.

"I was greatly surprised to see the stores of the town. After several hours' tramp about town and a visit to old Fort Yuma, we walked back to the railway depot, thinking that our train was ready to start at last. Imagine our horror to hear that the country twenty miles east of us was flooded. A number of gentlemen pleaded with the railroad officials east of us was nooded. A number of gentlemen pleaded with the railroad officials
to run the train back to Los Angeles
and from there run it to Alberquerque.
This request was denied them. Saturday
night it began to rain in torrents and kept up
a steady rain for several days. The Colorado
River began to rise, as did also the Gila
River, and by Thursday, Feb. 26, the entire
town was flooded. As I lay that eventful
Thursday evening in a berth in a sleeper I
could hear the fearful noise as house
after house went down in that
flood. The water seemed to soak
the adobes as though they were sugar.
In the morning the Southern Pacific Railway
ireight-house was blown up by dynamite, as
it was thought the waters would wash the
structure down to the bridge and wreck the
plers. Thursday morning the merchants of
the town got to work and built a levee along
the banks of the Colorado River. Several
merchants used dry goods boxes, sacks of
flour and, in fact, anything they could lay
hands on, but it was useless. That
night 261 houses went down and
were carried off by the waters. The
railroad company provided food for us at
the hotel. It consisted of mush, honey and
molasses. The homeless were obliged to take
refuge on the hills and were provided with
shelter and food by those who resided on the
mountains. The Indians suffered the most
by the flood and no doubt a number have
perished. The height of the Colorado River
during the flood was 38 feet 2 inches.

"On Feb. 28, the Yuma Senienal, a weekly
paper, published its paper out on the street.
The type setters and reporters did their work
in the open air. On March 4 we ran back
to Los Angeles and ran east to Albuquerque,
thence to Topeka, to Kansas City and from
there to St. Louis." men pleaded with the railroad officials to run the train back to Los Angeles

Tourists,
Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggiets.

You Will Agree With Us

When it comes down to a solid matter of fact with the dispensing of a nice sult of clothes made up in a three or four-button cutaway, trimmed up superbly, MADE UP BY MERCHANT TAILORS of national reputation—tailors whose

For Just ONE-HALF

That you would have to pay them. What better deal do you want than that? Not alone have we them in frocks, but in sacks, such as the Straight, Round and Double-Breasted cuts, and in all sizes. And in

Spring OVERCOATS

Well, we have things our own way. If you need one we are just the people you want to see, for our PRICES ARE ALMOST TOO LOW to QUOTE. We

\$60 Tailor-Made Suits for \$28 at \$68 Olive \$18 Tailor-Made Pants for \$8 at \$68 Olive \$50 Tailor-Made Suits for \$22 at \$68 Olive \$16 Tailor-Made Pants for \$7 at \$68 Olive \$40 Tailor-Made Suits for \$18 at \$68 Olive \$14 Tailor-Made Pants for \$6 at \$68 Olive \$30 Tailor-Made Suits for \$12 at \$68 Olive \$12 Tailor-Made Pants for \$5 at \$68 Olive \$10 Tailor-Made Pants for \$4 at \$68 Olive \$10 Tailor-Made Pants for \$5 at \$68 Olive \$10 Tailor-Made Pants for

All alterations to perfect a fit made free of charge.

OLIVE ST. FAGIN BUILDING OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

808

Open evenings till 9 o'clock, Saturdays till 11.

LATEST NOVELTIES---LOWEST PRICES.

750 New Spring Styles Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits and Overcoats just received. All the latest effects in Prince Alberts, Sacks and Cutaways, such as no other house can show—\$12.50 to \$25. Would cost at least double made to order, and could not be made any better. Cheaper grades Men's Suits as low as \$4.50.

CONFIRMATION SUITS, \$3.50 TO \$15.00.

Baltimore Tailor Made, 150 styles to select from, a saving of \$1.50 to Carloads of Men's Pants, \$1.50 to \$7.50. Boys' Pants, 19c to \$5.00. Ladies' Jersey and Kilt Suits, \$3.00 to \$6.00.

Another Week of Drives. In our Shoe Department—Ladies' fine \$3 Dongola Shoes at \$2. Men's fine \$3.50 Calf Shoes at \$2.50.

In our Hat Department—Men's Fine \$2.50 and \$3.00 Hats at \$1.50 and \$2.00.

In our Furnishing Goods Department—Fine P. K. and Sateen Bosom Full Dress Shirts, 75c and \$1.00.

GLOBE, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Open evenings until 9; Saturdays until 11.



None So Popular and

Best Calf, Hand-Welt. ALL STYLES,

BUTTON, LACE AND CONGRESS.



LOOK AT THESE PRICES. THEN CALL ON US AND BE CONVINCED.

We Allow No Misrepresentations. Bedroom Suits.....\$15.00 Sideboards\$12.00

CASH OR ON TIME PAYMENTS. OTHER ARTICLES AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES. 1116 OLIVE ST.

Open Evenings Until 9 p. m.

Rev. Dr. kinney of Moore's Hill, Ind., the birthplace of Pennington, of airship fame, has devised a perpetual calender which is said to excel in simplicity and accuracy.

The Western Association of Writers of Indiana sent a copy of its resolutious to Mr. Gladstone and received his reply, encouraging their movements in the copyright cause. The Minneapolis (Minn.) Tribuse has been soid to a company of which W. J. Murphy of

Open Evenings Until 9 p. m

HUMPHREY'S.

INVESTIGATION Often Yields Remarkable Returns.



INVESTIGATING

Your wardrobe that your light-weight Top Coat from last season is still good enough for wear for another; on the other hand, you may find it won't do. If so, an investigation of our magnificent stock of new and elegant Spring Top Coats will certainly be of benefit and profit to you. \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20 will buy you a thoroughly good, stylish Top Coat. \$25, \$30 and \$35 will buy you one really elegant.

Our stock of Spring Top Coats is nearly complete—only a few more to come—and as many of the styles now shown can not be duplicated, it will be well for intending purchasers to quit intending and buy at once.

Boys' Confirmation Suits-ing new lots daily.

Broadway and Pine.

CHINESE HERB REMEDY CO.,

1010 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo., CIVES



Examination, consultation, advice and a thorough, careful diagnosis of your case by an eminent physician

FREE OF CHARGE:

THE EVIL THAT MEN DO

DOES NOT LIVE AFTER THEM AND THE GOOD IS NEVER BURIED

WITH THEIR BONES. nese Herb Remedy Company to cure the incurable (?) are hereby directed to write to any of the following ladies or gentlemen, who have been restored to health, and whose testimonials, with hundreds of

thers, are on file at our office

THE CHINESE HERB REMEDY CO. 1010 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

GRAND PALACE HOTEL

THE POST-DISPATCH-PAGES 9 AND 10.

ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 11, 1891.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

WANTED—A young man with a good education, good penman, can speak German, desires paition as clerk, or some other honorable employmen best references. Address T 99, this office.

WANTED—Situation as fireman; has had plenty of experience and can give the best of references, Address M 88, this office. Boys.

WANTED-By a smart, willing boy work of some kind. Address 4004 Lucky st.

WANTED-Position as night watchman. Address. 1518 Chouteau av. V a sober, steady young man, who is willing to any kind of work around the store for a small sale to begin with. Address K 99, this office.

HELP WANTED-MALE.

Book-Keepers.

WANTED-A good horseshoer at 4227 N. 20th st. WANTED-Coremakers. Ette & Henger Manufe turing Co., 11th and Hebert sts. WANTED-A young man, from 15 to 20 years old with some knowledge of machinery. Phelip Bros., 17 N. 2d st.

Clerks and Salesmen

WANTED-A registered durgclerk at once at Poole'sdrug store. 13th and Washinton av. 54 WANTED-Customers; fine clothing made to order and sold on easy time payments; suits from \$25, 19 N. 6th st., corner Chestnut.

HAYWARD'S

WANTED-25 teams at once. 23 S. 15th st. WANTED-30 teams and men on 11th and Tyler st E. Whelan & Fanning.

WANTED-Boy. Call at 106 S. 4th st. after 6:30 WANTED-A few good boys, 15 or 16 years old.
Apply at 113 Soulard st. WANTED-A boy to learn the dry goods be Conway's, 2116 Franklin av. WANTED-Strong boy to learn painting bu at P. Henckler & Son's, 512 Elm st. WANTED—Good boy for dining-room; must hav experience. 1328 Franklin av., restaurant. 6 WANTED-Boy who is a hustler to learn good trade; \$2.50 to start. Add. P 99, this office. 61 WANTED-Steady, willing boy, with references, to look after horse and cow Apply at 4266 Mor-

Miscellaneous.

WANTED-A good houseman at Hotel St. Louis, 62 WANTED-Old man as night watchman. No. 810 WANTED-Man to attend horses and cow and do general work. 3633 Manchester rd. 62 WANTED-Young man to take care of horse and work around yard. 5888 Cabanne place. 62

DETECTIVES wanted in every locality to work under instruct.; exper. not nec.; stamp for partic.
Washington Detect. Agency, box 787 Washington, Io.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE. Stenographers.

WANTED—By a young lady of four years' ex-perience in stenography and type-writing a po-sition with a good firm; best of references as to in-tegrity and ability. Agrees L 98, this office. 45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

General Housework,

WANTED-A situation as first-class houseging WANTED-Situation by an experienced cook; good references. 1311 Franklin av., last house in rear. WANTED—By competent woman with a child, po-sition at general housework; city or suburbs; no postals. Apply 3919 S. Broadway.

STOVE REPAIRS! For every stove or range made in the United be had at A. G. Braner's, 219 Locust st.

WANTED-Sit. as first-class cook in private family reference if required. Add. D 1, this office. Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation by a middle-aged woman to do light work and sew; city or country; good reference. Address E 98, this office.

HELP WANTED-FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A young girl to wait in a millinery stor and make herself generally useful. Apply be tween 10 and 2, to 308 N. Broadway.

WANTED-Chambermaid. 1198. Broadway. WANTED-Experienced scrub girl at Hurst's HoHELP WANTED-FEMALE.

ALL GOES THIS WEEK

MULVIHILL'S. 112 AND 114 N. 12TH ST. sh or easy payments. N. B. Three-room flat furnished for \$75.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED-Two sewing girls for dressmaking an two apprentices. Call 2704 Morgan; ring upper

WANTED—A half-grown girl as nurse for a child years old. Add. 3418 Washington av.

General Housework.

WANTED-Girl for housework. 3726 Finney WANTED-Girl for general housework. 220 WANTED-A good girl for general hou WANTED-Girl for general housework at 16194; Franklin av.; 3d floor. WANTED-Girl for general wages. 4242A Evans av. WANTED-A girl for general houses of two, 3139 Chestnut st. WANTED-Girl for general house preferred. 2833 Dayton st. WANTED—Girl about 16 for general housework two in family; refs. req. 1021 Dillon st. 6 WANTED-Middle-aged woman for general house-work; good wages. 1909B Chouteau av. 66 WANTED-Girl to assit in housework: small fam ily; no washing. 1319 Vandeventer av. 66

WANTED—Good girl, white or colored, for house-work in small family. Apply 2629 Thomas st. 66 WANTED-A good girl for housework, washing and ironing for small family; refs. req. Call at 1916 Bacon st. WANTED-1 girl to do general housework, and it girl to cook in private family. Apply at one at 1303 Garrison av.

immediately, 2737 Dickson st.

WANTED—A girl to assist in light housework white or colored; can go home at night. Call early, next to the cigar store, 924 Cass av.

WANTED—House girl (white); will pay good wages to competent person. Apply at 5863 Cabanne pl., Holmes Station, Narrow Guage R. R.

WANTED-Good starcher and ironer at 1315 Pi st. laundry.

WANTED-Good cook at 3630 Delmar av. WANTED-A cook; woman or girl. Inquire at res-taurant 116 N. 12th st. 68 WANTED-First-class cook; also boy for dining-room work. 3546 Lindell av. 68

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES, go to Johnston's, 2925 Olive st., for you dressmaking; street, evening, house and dinne dresses stylishly and well made very reasonable.

WANTED-AGENTS.

WANTED—First-class canvassers for best adver-tising medium ever yet copyrighted; none but experienced solicitors need apply. Room 610.Amer-ican Central Building, 5th and Locust st., 10 a.m. WANTED—A few men of liberal education and good address to represent us on valuable School Specialties. No canvassing for books. Postions permanent and profitable to right parties. This will bear close investigation. For particulars call on or address, O. W. Close, 315 Wabash av., Chicago, Ili.

INFORMATION WANTED.

NFORMATION wanted of John Hochstetter, at St. Louis Barracks in 1875, now supposed to be in bouth St. Louis. Please send your address to J. B. Bergmann, Clarksdale, Miss.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED. WANTED-A good second-hand cash register. Address C 1, this office.

WANTED—A handsomely furnished room with all conveniences and breakfast or board for two gentlemen; must be first-class in location and attention; state terms. Address O 99, this office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED-A suit of two nicely furnished room for four gents, with board. Add. F 99, this office WANTED—To rent by the 1st of April, an 8-room house near line of Lindell Railway west of Grand av. Will lease for year; no small children; state rent and location. Address N 98, care this office. 21

STORES, STABLES, ETC .- WANTED. WANTED-Desk-room in furnished office in ce tral location. Add. A 1, this office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To buy house of 8 rooms, modern con veniences, near Olive st. or Lindell Railway smail cash payment and balance monthly payments must be good location and a bargain. Address O 38 this office.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED-A young couple would like to adopt a baby girl. Add, B 1, this office. 26 WANTED—To buy 1 10-foot counter and she for confectionery; must be cheap, for cash. dress 4116 Easton av.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements under the head of "Per-sonal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for re-jected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

DERSONAL—K. B.: Hammist would like to see you make appointment. Add. 8 90, this office. PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

BATHS—Miss Grace Wright, 902 Pine st., gives see salt and sulphur baths; massage treatment; alcohol and bay rum rubbings. CALL for the doctor at Pope's Pharmacr, 9th and Collive treats all dis.; charges only for medicines.

DR. ANNIE NEWLAND, ladder physician and midwife; treats diseases of women as a specialty. Write or call at 2314 Market at.

Turnade in the United States; copper and galvanized from work; tin roofs, gutters and spouts repaired and painted. Condon Bros., 11th and Market sts.

HIGHEST price paid for cast-off clething; call or send postal. M. B. Cohn, 111 8. 6th st. 74 IF you want a genuine misfit suit call and see the bargains at Dunn's Loan Office. 74 MME. LEOHN tells fortunes by burning fluid; sat-istaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan st. 74 MME. ANNA-The fortune-teller of the West, 326 MRS. L. MASSOCK, M. D.; board during confinement; ladies in trouble call. 1002 Chouteau av. MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. All communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1332 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74 MRS. A. COLE, 1124 Pine st., gives all kinds of baths, magnetic and electric treatment, bay ruland alcohol rubbings included; professional attendance; lady operators.



The only office where you can get Gold Crowns for....\$500 Best teeth (extracting free).....700 Gold fillings 1.50

German spoken.
DRS. WRIGHT & MUTH.

E. C. Chase's Dental Rooms, 904 Olive st., are bet-ter equipped with

MEYROSE LAMP FACTORY

735 S. Fourth St., City.

EUPION OIL, 10 CENTS PER GALLON

MRS. G. LUBY

insures luck in all concerns of life—in business, love and matrimonial affairs.



The New Orleans Magic Lucky Belt helps those that are in trouble of any kind. Either love, business, law or family troubles, and is worn by most prominent business men and ladies of St. Louis and other cities. Orders for belt filled from all parts of the country. It is only manufactured and sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, the New Orleans Business Adviser and Spiritual Healer, and those claiming to be her agents and relatives selling the belts are trauds, as they are sold at the office only. Send 2-cent stamp for book containing prices and full particulars of belts. Parties believing themselves conjured or bewitched, or those failing in health, and having unhappy married or single lives should give Mrs. C. Wilcus call as her advice will always help an benefit you. Advice given the content of the city. Charges, 41 and or those failed or city. Charges, 41 and or those sold on easy monthly payments. Office in D. R. Janes' Building, manufacturer of family medicines; hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. No. 1400 Olive st.; entrance on Olive, St. Louis, Mo. Mention this paper.

LUCK.

he truest fortne-teller in the city. Tells everying from the cradle to the grave with as much ease
if shehad known you always. Call and satisfy
urself that she is genuine. Gives luck in love and
sainess affairs with porfect satisfaction. Not one
stimess affairs with porfect satisfaction. Not one
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WANTED—To sell a one-third interest in our im plement factory and machine shop; \$5,000 cas required; reason for selling, to enable us to suppl our demands; splendid business; good location. Fo particulars call on or address B. D. Hurd, Hote Gleamore, 18th and Olive sts.

REMOVED. And Cotton Dental Association, who introduced gas in St. Louis for extraction of setth, have moved to 919 Olivest.; gas free.

ALL SORTS.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

Payments \$1 Per Month. THINK OF IT! Interest Only 4 Per Cent.

BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION

Now on sale. This Association is one of the largest and best managed Associations in the State. Bring your savings and come and see us at once. For a good investment this stock is unequaled. No better or safer security in the world than Building Association shares. 6 per cent interest allowed on all sums left on deposit with the Association. German and English circulars mailed on application.

G. W. DAVIS, Secretary, 220 N. Broadway, Cor. Olive St.

FOR RENT-ROOMS.

120 N. 16TH ST.—Rooms complete for house-keeping. Only first-class people need apply 227 S. JEFFERSON AV.—Good room with boards in private family; terms reasonable. 810 N. CARNINAL AV.—Slat at.—well furnished 3d-floor front room for one or two ladles: ref. 817 FRANKLIN AV.—Nicely furnished front room and also others. 1002 PINE ST.—Fur. rooms for rent as low as 1121 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for gen-tlemen, or light housekeeping. 13 1222 OLIVE ST.—2d-story hall room, well fur-nished; \$6 per month. 13 1412 MARKET ST.—One neatly furnished from room in private family: \$10 per month. 1602 With hall and water, \$15; this is a nice place, near to business. Apply on premises.

1720 for I or 2 gents; also hall room; new building

1802 OLIVE ST.—Newly furnished rooms, with 1811 WASH ST.—2 connecting rooms; completly fur. for housekeeping; all conveniences. 13 2126 OLIVE ST.—Large, elegantly fur. room; every coav.; transients accommodated. 13 2328 PINE ST.—Large pleasant 2d-story room bay window, alcove, with or without board 2634 PINE ST.—Elegantly furnished front rooms; 13 moderate prices; board handy. 13 2648 PINE ST.—Large, nicely furnished room; enitable for two; gas, fire, \$15 per month. 2917 LUCAS AV .- A well fur. 3d-story room; refs. req. rents or lady; compensation no object; refs. req.

LOR RENT-Nicely furnished room in priva
house to quiet transients. Ad. B 97, this office.

FOR RENT-Furnished front room for one or two gents; Arsenal, near Gravois av. Address D 99 this office.

1706 LUCAS PLACE-Nicely furnished rooms 2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished, two rooms 3014 EASTON AV -Furnished room, with board 3116 SCHOOL ST.—Second-story front room, newly furnished; with or without board. 18 3212 OLIVE ST.—Two elegantly furnished rooms, 18 No. 1 board; price very reasonable. 18 3509 OLIVE ST.—3 handsomely furnished rooms, the first class table, for gents or man and wife; reference. 18 CENTLEMEN can find good table board at 3116

2511 PAGE AV.—Hot and cold water, bath, etc. 88
FOR RENT—4-room flat, second floor; 2109 Chestnut st. Inquire within.

CRAND AV. FLATS. i. Grand av. (between Cozzens and Cassav. com flat on first and second floor. furnishe wood and in nice order; rent for \$18. CORNET & ZEIBIG, 110 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT-FLATS.

FOR RENT-DWELLINGS.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

701 N. 7TH ST. (corner of St. Charles st.)—Grand Restaurant corner, under Hotel Brunswick; een a restaurant 13 years. CHAS. H. BAILEY, 304 N. 7th st. 1604: MARKET ST.—Nice large store, 24x60 ft.; a good stand for any business; rent low to a good tenant; apply on the premises. 3514 EASTON AV.—Also entrance Page av. 1 FOR RENT—One or two floors, each 108x120, for warehouse or transfer purposes, on track. Address B 99, this office.

FARMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT FOR ONE YEAR,

HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE.

213 N. 8th st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

14-ACRE farm for \$1,100, also 65-acre farm, \$2, 000, near Montesano Springs; only fourtee miles from Carondelet. Call 525 Chestnut st., Room

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL-25 bushels, \$2.25; by the large load, 849; per bushel, at T. F. Carroll's, 2806 Franklin av.; send postal, or telephone 2984. FOR SALE—Furniture of four rooms. 2501 Quit pl., between Garrison and Glasgow avs. FOR SALE—Furniture of 3 rooms; very cheap leaving city. Call immediately, 1445 Warren st. FOR SALE—Will sell 6 large C. S. Vienna offic chairs; cost 37 each; as good as new; for \$4 each at 831 Bremen av. NO. 7 cook stove, \$7.50. Buck's & Charter Oak cook stoves at cut cash prices. Condon Bros., 11th & Mk

FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES MULVIHILL'S, 112 and 114 N. 12th St.

N. B.—3-room flat furnished for \$75.

DESK FOR SALE. good oak double sitting deak and revolving chai o one large book rack for plat books or drawing table for a real estate office. Apply to Room N Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.

MUBICAL.

EW pianes; upright, 7th oct., \$250; at \$6 per month; no interest. J. A. Kieselhorst, 111 MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. MONEY TO LOAN

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE 3013 WASHINGTON AV.—Beautiful double sto ving city.

KERNAN & MCCARTHY,

1109 Chestnut st.

MITCHELL

Sale in partition by order of the Circuit Court,

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY.

The sale of this valuable office and anking building adjoining the Government Post-Office annex on Third st., will take place at 12 o'clock m. to-morrow from the Fourth st. steps of the Court-

Papin & Tontrup, Real Estate Agents, Chestnut and Seventh Sts. NOONAN & BRO.,

800 Chestnut Street. rson av. and Armand st., one block north of doah; beautiful new street; sewer and gran-idewalk included. A few lots will be sold to parties who intend to build.

Robt, M. Noonan, Notary Public.

NEW 6-ROOM HOUSE.

HILL'S TERRACE. to sult at \$30 per foot; sewer, water, gas, nd sidewalk all made. DELMAR AVENUE.

finest property now on the market, frontin ar, Washington av. and King's highway, nes BUY WITH RENT MONEY.

MCLARAN REAL ESTATE & INV. CO. 722 Pine st. FOR SALE.

TERRY BROS., 610 Chestnut st. BROLASKI & VOORHIS, 171 N. 8th st., make lib eral loans and terms on good securities, on furni ture, planos, warehouse receipts, building associa-tion books, insurance policies, horses and vehicles eal estate, etc.; see us for low rates. 111 N. 8th LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estat and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, any amount; lowest rates; no com.chd. 621 Chestnut. ONEY loaned on furniture without removal; an amount; lowest rates. John C. King, 814 Morgan MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches chains, gunz, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av MONEY loaned on furniture and planes without removal; also on indorsed payer or any personal securities; our terms the best in the city. M. E. Dougan & Co., 113 N. 8th st.; no commission.

31
1017 CHESTNUT 8T. is the number. I loan any 1017 amount on furniture, planes and other securities in residence; low rates; lair terms. R. W. STALEY, 1017 Chestnut st.

31

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 1-2 Pine St., Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodation will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call.

31

MUTUAL LOAN CO., 216 N. 8TH ST., Money loaned at reduced rates on furniture and other personal property. No removal necessary. Business confidential. No commission or charge for papers. Borrowers will receive the best terms and be treated right. Loans can be paid off part at a time and save interest. Do not fail to see us before naking a loan.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE'S BANK.

619 Pine St., 2d Floor.

Advanced on Furniture, Planos,
Horses and Wagons?
If so, call at once and get our raise, which are postively the lowest on any sum from \$10 to \$10,000.

coans made without publicity or removal of property
and carried as long as desired. Part payments taken
all coats reduced in propertion. If you have bought
needs, we will pay it for you. No charge staken out
advance; borrower gets full amount of loan. LARGE LOANS AT SPECIAL LOW RATES.

5 and upwards to loan on furniture at resident out removal; lowest rates; business strictly co-tial. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine et. F YOU WANT MONEY

EAGLE LOAN CO., 714 PINE ST.

FURNITURE LOANS.

O. C. VOELKER, Mer., 2d F

Loaned on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Etc., Without Removal or Publicity.

then call and get our rates, which are the very lowst on any sun from \$10 to \$10,000. We will carry
our loan as-long as desired. Pari payments taken
at costs reduced in proportion. If you bought fruiture or plano on time and can't meet payments we
fill pay it for you, no charges taken out in advances
orrowers get full amount of loan.

LABGE LOANS AT SPECIAL BATES. GEBMAN-AMERICAN LOAN CO., 515 Pine st., 94 Flo

Real Estate Buyers!

at prices below any-thing ever offered be-fore, all the following fine properties of this Company:

No. 314 Chestnut street, 5-story building (solid heavy walls) leased 4 years to Anheuser-Busch Co.

No. 3912 and 3914 Morgan street, containing 31 rooms in 3 and 4-room flats; good renters; new.

No. 4052 and 4054 Morgan street, two 7-room houses, new; reception halls, pantries, laundry, best of plumbing, ranges, gas-fixtures, decorated; leased.

No. 5973 Clemens avenue, 8-room house, besides finished laundry and attic, hard-wood mantels and finish, tiled hearths and facings, fine plumbing, city water; lot 50 or 100 feet, as desired.

Nos. 1827 to 1835 Garrison avenue and 3003 to 3011 North Market street, 18 3 and 4-room flats and 2 stores; stores under lease; total rents \$3,600.

95x155 feet on Morgan st., 150 ft. west of Vandeventer; street, alley, sewer, granitoid sidewalk; ready to build on.

This company having recently secured a prominent down-town corner which is intended for immediate improvement, has decided to CLEAN UP its holdings as above, and the best prices obtainable for a quick turn to GET MONEY. You may now deal directly with best income property in the city, with advantages all in your favor for making prices to suit YOU.

Stores for Lease.

Nos. 305 and 307 S. Seventh st., the large, six-story brick building, fronting 40 feet on the west side of Seventh st. and running through to alley. Will be placed in first-class condition. Has elevators and boilers, also fine fire-proof vault. For shipping facilities it is unsurpassed, being only one block from the freight depots. Will be rented low for a term of five or ten years to responsible tenant.

Northwest corner of Seventh and Christy av., the new seven-story brick building and basement, slow combustion. Will be leased for a term of five or ten years. Has a 25 horse-power dynamo. This is a first-class building in every respect. Elevators will be reconstructed in a first-class manner. Suitable for wholesale business house of any description.

roo N. Broadway, new five-story building. One of the best business locations in St. Louis. Can be used for office or stores. Will be leased for a term of five years upon very reasonable terms. HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 N. Eighth St.



FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

One of the West of

Union Avenue.

In offering this house for sale I desire to state that there is nothing CHEAP in it. It is well built FROM THE GROUND UP with THE BEST of everything. It contains 12 rooms, including large reception hall fat26; has bath, hot and cold water (city service just put in); the lower floors finished in hardwood; open fireplaces throughout, with wood mantels, iron fire backs and glazed hearths and facings; large

FRANK OBEAR,

Licensed Real Estate Broker...... Rooms 47, 48, 49, Turner Building

Missouri Mortgage Loan Co. THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, THE RAILROAD FACILITIES OFFERED,

THE FACTORIES LOCATED AND SEEKING LOCATION, THE STRONG DEMAND FOR DWELLING HOUSES. THE ELECTRIC MOTORS, GIVING RAPID TRANSPORTATION,

Enable us to offer you property within 15 minutes' ride of Third and Washington avenue, the center of this great community, at the surprising figure of **\$7.00** Per Foot.

RUTLEDGE & HORTON, 801 LOCUST STREET

READ OUR PROSPECTUS. Interest only 4 per cent. No premium deducted. You secure full amount of pan. Pay for same in small monthly payments. The borrower and non-borrower are both benefited by our plan. We have adopted the old plan with the best features of the lew, which is the only safe one.

DUDGE ONE DOLLAR PER MONTH.

JAMES L. CARLISLE, President. RLISLE, President. WESTON F. BIRCH, Treasurer. W. W. DAILY, Secretary, 704 Pine Street. Legal Proceedings to Be Instituted by the Association to Frustrate the Cincin-nati Deal—An Expert Opinion of Ball Players—Sporting Property of Page 1981

Speaking of the nine declarations out of the Brooklyn handicap the Philadelphia Times

Kingston and Tournament, and neither of these deserters will cause surprise to readers of the Times as, in reviewing the handicap in this place on Feb. 8, I warned speculators that Kingston's rheumatic affection was likely to prevent his being trained for this event, while of Tournament I wrote: "He is, to my mind, outweighted and I fail to see on what grounds this colt is asked to concede Burling ton five pounds, as the last-named beat Sens tor Hearst's candidate decisively last spring, and should they meet at Brooklyn I shall fully other non-contestants, and, as not one of the lot had a good word from me I have no back anything I have already

reason to take back anything I have already written anent the Brooklyn Handicap.

Theante-post betting on the race in question this spring is likely to be greater than in any past season. While one always regrets the withdrawal of a great horse like Kingston from an important contest, there is no gainsaying the fact that his assured absence from the race will tend to give speculation on the race a far wider field than would have been the case had his name remained among the entries. The public remained among the entries. The public remained among the entries. The public dearly love a champion race horse, and thousands of backers hardly seem to realize the fact that weight will bring a thoroughbred and a donkey together. There are lots of people who will now invest their tens and fifties on their own individual fancies who would have hesitated to do so in the face of the mighty Kingston. In 1889 The Bard frightened speculators out of the market until his somewhat tardy withdrawal from the race, and last season the Dwyers' entries, Kingston, Longstreet and Hanover, served backers so effectually that some of the biggest "pencilers," who had in previous years made future books on the race, declined to bet on it at all until the day of its decision. The general run of bookmakers are a bit afraid of opening out with a list of prices on the Brooklyn and Suburban a couple of months or so before these races are decided, and yet or so before these faces are decaded, and yet in reality there is no class of betting which is so favorable to the layer as the making of future books. Take the Brooklyn handicap of the last two seasons, for instance. In 1889 all the cracks went down before the despised Exile, hardly backed for a dollar before the day of the race, save by the astute "Billy"
Lake and his personal friends, while last
year Castaway II., certainly supported for
less money by the public than any animal
that started in the race, made mincement of his field and won in a canter. ENGLISH TURF CHARACTERS.

That the English turf has its own peculiar characters is shown by the following selection from Sir George's reminiscences: "Many of my readers will recall to mind Mr. James Barber's black swallowtail coat, open waist-coat, and brown traveling rug, with a hole cut in the middle of it for his head to go through, worn, in fact, as a cape. For many years he was partner with Mr. Saxon, 'who knew how many beans make five,' as the say. ing goes, and never got the worst of any transactions with his friend. One of the latter's favorite sayings was: 'If a man does James Barber the first time, I says, shame on that man; but if a man does James Barber the second time, I says, shame on James Barber, 'It is reminds me of a story. James Barber.' This reminds me of a story of the late Mr. Fred Swindell, when a friend came to him for advice, and asked him what came to him for advice, and asked him what he ought to do, as a man had paid him twice over £100 for some bet. 'Do, lad,' replied the Napoleon of the turf. 'Look hard at him the next time thee meets him, and perhaps he'll pay thee a third time.' This is quite on a par with the ideas of what people ought to be in sharpness of inteliect, as when he heard that some man who could ill afford it had been robbed of his watch he said, with a contemptuous shrug of his shoulders: 'I' ates people as loses their watches. Give me the people as loses their watches. Give me the man as can pinch one when times is bad."

A VAUABLE TROTTER SOLD.

DUBUQUE, Io., March 11.-Everett L. Smith of Boston has purchased for \$15,000 Keno F., owned by Peter Olinger of this city. Keno is a bright chestnut, 7 years old, sired by Little Moak, dam unknown. Olinger bought him three years ago from Kaynes Finan of Sumner, Io., for \$550. Keno was not cam-

RUNNING AT GUTTENBURG.

RUNNING AT GUTTENBURG.

New York, March 11.—The races at Guttenburg yesterday resulted as follows:
First Race, seven furlongs—Groomsman 115, M.
Bergen, first; Royalist 115, Mooney, second; Roseville 106, Vint, third. Time, 1:47. Annie M. was
left at the post.
Second race, five furlongs—Ruth 101, Stevenson,
first; Charley 105, H. Penny, second; Little Grand
104, Mullaly, third. Time, 1:11½.
Third race, six and a half furlongs—Joe Courtney
113, Sims, first; Dalsyrian 107, Seibel, second; Need
Moore 101½, H. Penny, third. Time, 1:38½.
Fourth race, sive furlongs—Montpeller 105, Daggett, first; Electricity 100. H. Penny, second; Ella
H. gelding 107, Jones, third. Time, 1:43.
Fifth race, seven furlongs—Climax 9e, Doane,
first; Stonington 98, Decker, second; Rancocas 118,
Fenny, third. Time, 1:42½.
Sixth race, seven furlongs—The Doctor 109, Gorman, first; Artzona 1094, M. Bergen, second; Facial
B. 106, Decker, third. Time, 1:46½.
GLOUGESTER RACES.

GLOUCESTER RACES. GLOUCESTER RACES.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., March 11.—At the track here yesterday the races were as follows:

First race, seven furions—Bhody Pringle, first; Ehakspeare, second; Lithbert, third. Time, 1:4249—Second race, six and a quarter furions—Teddy C, first; Helens, second; Laramie, third. Time, 1:33.

Third race, six and one-half furions—Carnegie, first; Lonely second; Gen. Gordon, third. Time, 1:32.

Leland Stanford of California intends to breed

Lenand Stanford of Uniformia intends to breed thoroughbreds for running. Heretofore he has bred only trotters at his celebrated Palo Alto farm, which is the foremost establishment of the kind in America, and has given to the turf Sunoi, Palo Alto and other pheromenal performers.

ment of the kind in America, and has given to the turf Sunol, Palo Alto and other phenomenal performers. With his immense capital, Senator Stanford will no doubt establish one of the greatest thoroughbred stock farms this side of the Atlantic.

The racing stewards of the St. Louis Jockey Club have decided to accept the entry of Lord Coleridge by the Goodwood stables for the Orark Stakes. This is the horse which Mr. Joseph D. Lucas of this city, owner of the Goodwood stables, purchased for breeding purposes for his stock farm, but afterward decided to train for a season. The horse formerly ran under the name of Dr. Reed and that is why his entry was questioned. As Lord Coleridge had not run at all since the rule prohibiting a change of name was passed there was really no question as to his right to start and the stewards ruled as it was expected they would.

There are now about sixty horses at the St.

IN THE ARENA OF SPORT. be prosecuted under the gambling law. An appeal has been taken from his decision,
J. M. Simpson, Jr., of Palmer, Ill., has J. M. Simpson, Jr., of Paimer, Ill., has written for accommodations at the Fair Grounds for four horses which are expected to arrive here to-morrow and will be trained at the track, Two of them are 2-year-old

fillies by Keene.

The most promising looking 2-year-old at the Fair Grounds track is the magnificent chestnut colt Claudian by imp. Claudius out of imp. Lady Mar by Macaroni. He is a big English-looking colt and is the property of Dr. A. W. McAllistef of Columbia, Mo., one of the most noted breeders in the State. Claudian will have to undergo an operation, however, which will prevent his racing until after June.

There is a handsome filly by Gen. Harding at the St. Louis track. She is a 2-year-old and was bred by D. Hoover of Illinois, who has lensed her racing qualities to Frank Smith of Burlington. The filly bears a striking resemblance to her magnificent looking sire, though not on so massive a scale. Gen. Harding, although he has served six years in the stud, has never got but three foals, of which this filly is one. So much pleased was Mr. Hoover with this filly's looks however that he bought Gen. Harding from Mrs. Rowell of Carlinsville. He got the horse for something like \$500 owing to Gen. horse for something like \$500 owing to Gen. Harding's failure to get foals. In his day the horse was a great racer and besides being a very handsome animal is remarkably well bred, so that, should his producing qualities improve, some day his fee may be as much as the price paid for him. If Gen. Harding will stand training for him. If Gen. Harding will stand training Mr. Hoover will race him in hopes that work

The American Association The American Association now claims that Al Johnson's sale of his Cincinnati Club to the National League is illegal. They claim that the League has paid him \$30,000 for that the League has paid him \$30,000 for property that is worthless, and that the Association still owns the property and franchise in Cincinnati which they purchased from Johnson. The delegates state that they intend to carry out their schedule at Cincinnati and a fund of \$35,000 was raised to protect the Association. It is also stated that Mike Kelly's services have been secured to captain and organize a club at Cincinnati. No doubt Aaron Stern will be interested in the Association team at Cincinnati and with 25 cent ball the Association people are convinced that they will be able to more than hold their own against the National League in the Queen City. While the National League in the Queen City. While Johnson's action is bitterly denounced by al the Association is by no means disheartene by it. A committee appointed by the Asso-ciation recommended that President Kram and an attorney be empowered to institute proceedings to frustrate the sale of Johnson's club to the National League

MUTRIE ON PLAYERS.

In an article on base ball Jim Mutrie, manager of the New York League team, writes as follows of some of the leading players of the country: "Many professional base ball players are men of ample means. Tim Keefe is one who has earned success, and it is well de-served. He is one of the greatest pitchers in the business, his particular specialty being a drop curve. I well remember the first time I faced him when he came out with his curve. The ball apparently came straight up to me until within a few feet of the plate, when it droppedas if it had a string to it. He is a good, steady player and one of the most gen-"Buck" Ewing first became connected with

the League in 1879. Ewing is the best catcher in the country and is, besides, a good all-around player. His judgment in the field is excellent, and he is quick to see and take advantage of every opportunity. He is a hard thrower, which is of great advantage to a

Next to Ewing I would place Kelly in point of excellence. There is very little difference between them, but if there is any it is, in Ewing's favor. The men who play with Kelly and know him are those who like him best. He is always joking and is very popular. He is, without doubt, a great ball player, and I do not think he is overrated a particle when

Brouthers is, perhaps, the hardest hitter in the League, and is a fine first baseman. Un-like most players who strike in a left-handed position, he is a very hard man to puzzle. He never strikes at a ball unless he gets it just where he wants it, and that is pretty sure to be somewhere over the plate where he can

Roger Connor is one of the steadlest players n the whole country. Since 1883, when he joined the New York team, he has not lost half a dozen games, although occupying responsible positions. He has been playing professionally since 1873, and is one of the best basemen and first basemen in the coun-

Anson is an old war-horse, a good batsman Johnny Ward and John Glasscock are the two best men in the position of shortstop in the business. They are good batters and bas-runners and very steady and well liked Among the younger players Danny Richard-son is as good as any. He is the best second baseman in the base ball business. He is a good, hard, conscientious worker and always to be relied upon. He joined the New Yorks

in 1884, his first year as a professional. BASE BALL NOTES.
Information received from Cincinnati today states that the American Association intends to place a club there and fight it out with the National League in that city. Kelly will play wherever instructed by Mr. Prince of Boston to go and he will probably organize the team at Cincin-

will probably organize the team at Cincinnati. The Association are now negotiating for grounds there.
Galveston, San Antonio and Dallas have issued a call for a meeting to be held March 17, at the last-named place for the purpose of reorganging the Towas State League if possireorganizing the Texas State League if possi

Charley King of the St. Louis Club made an amdavit before a Notary yesterday that Mark Baldwin of the Pittsburg National League team did not attempt to get him to The arrest of Baldwin seems to have com-pletely stopped contract jumping. Not a player has been approached by the League since to break a contract.

THE RING.

Bob Fitzsimmons discussing tricks of the prize ring, says: Such blows as the pivot and the shift I consider tricks of the ring, and they are very good tricks, too, if one knows how to do them well, and the blows delivered by these two methods are among delivered by these two methods are among the most powerful and effective that can be

the most powerful and effective that can be hit.

What is known as the shift to boxers can be accomplished in several ways. The first is to feint with your left, then step in toward your opponent, placing the right foot in front of the left, and at the same time change the position of the arms, bringing the right up across the face with the elbow pointed toward your opponent. The left should have been brought back when your stepped in with your right and should immediately be let go at your antagonist's head or stomach, whichever you think can be reached the easiest. As you strike the left foot should be lifted from the ground and your body swinging with the blow will give it great force, while your left foot is brought back into its proper position as the body is swing around toward the right. The head should be slightly bent forward in doing the shift.

The second method is to wait until your opponent leads with his left, then immediately bring the left foot behind the right, pointing the right elbow as before, with the left hand in front of the stomach. Strike at once with the left for the face or stomach, at the same time bringing up the left foot to its proper position.

Another way is when you are infighting

position.

Another way is when you are infighting place your head close to your opponent's breast. Take your time and change you position slowly, as he cannot hurt you much while your head is close to his breast. The blow you give in this case is a half-arm cross upper-cut for the right point of adversary's chin. In every case where the shift blow is delivered the body should turn to the right with the head slightly bent forward as the

blow is struck. The knees should be well bent while the body is swinging with the blow, and the teeth should be tightly closed.

NOVICES FIGHT.

BOSTON, March II.—Two novices from Providence, Mike Cooney and Eddie Burke, lightweights, faced each other for six rounds at the Ajax Club last night to settle a quarrel. Cooney easily showed his superiority, and at the end of the sixth round the referee ordered the fight stopped and declared Cooney the winner.

winner.

PUGILISTIC POINTERS.

Jim Hall, the Australian middle-weight, who has been endeavoring to secure a fight with Fitzzimmons, says he has given up all hopes of making a match in this country and intends to leave for England, where he will give exhibitions. He will also challenge the winner of the Burke-Pritchett fight.

Lem McGregor, the St. Joe Kid, and Dan Cookley of idaho had a vicious fight at Hot Spring last night, the referee awarding McGregor the contest because in the seventh round, while they were clinched, Cookley refused to obey an order to break away.

The Dixon-McCarthy fight before the Cribb Club of Troy, N. Y., has been postponed from March 24 to March 31.

SPORTING NOTES. The Olympic Amateur Athletic Club will hold its regular monthly meeting at National Hall, 1800 Allen avenue.

Matsada Sorkichi, the Jap, and Bish Kane of Utah had another alleged wrestling match at the London Theater and the former won the latter of the cut of these. It was given out that

two falls out of three. It was given out that the contest was for \$250 a side. The Duquesne Kennel Club's bench show opened at Pittsburg yesterday with 500 blooded dogs in attendance.

A class for the study of portrait work in crayon will be conducted by Mr. A. M.Blanch-ard, at his studio, 418½ Olive street. Free hand work exclusively.

A LUMBER BOYCOTT.

Retail Merchants Form a Combine to Fight

There is a fight on between the retail wholesale lumber dealers. The former are on the aggressive and the boycott is their weapon. The issue is whether the wholesal dealers shall continue to sell on a retail basis in territory occupied by the retailers. Not long ago an organized effort was made by the retail trade of St. Louis to boycott the the retail trade of St. Louis to boycott the wholesale dealers who undersold them. The fight did not last long, and ended with only partial if any satisfactory results to the retailers. The movement, however, seems to have only been discontinued for a purpose, and as it has now been reorganized on a wider basis, and is now to be more than a purely local affair. The St. Louis retail dealers are the moving spirits in the new organization that has determined to unite the trade for the object stated in Missourt, Illinois, Minnesota, Lowa, stated in Missouri, Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa, and, in fact, all over the West, from Illinois to the Rocky Mountains. It will unquestionto the Rocky Mountains. It will unquestionably be one of the largest trade movements of the kind ever known in this country. "The only object of the combine," said a local lumberman, "is to protect the retail trade from unjust interference by the wholesale trade. We find it difficult to overcome the trouble except through the organization that has been formed. For instance we buy from the wholesaler for our trade and expect to realize a profit that justly belongs to the middle a profit that justly belongs to the middle man. But the wholesaler comes in and sells

in our territory, and then, too, at wh Another retail merchant who was interviewed, said that he believed that the fight would be in the country districts, without any particular local results. The general movement will be put to work at a meeting to be held in Chicago in about six weeks.

There are not more than four or five whole-salers in St. Louis, while the retail depart-ment represents between fifteen and twenty-five yards, not including many commission

INGALLS' INSTALLMENT PLAN. Reliable, honorable. Just what you want. Furniture, carpets, clocks, watches, etc. 1108

SCHWEINFURTH NO. 2.

The Extravagant Claim Made by Rev. Thos. E. Shelton of Little Rock. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 11 .- There

rouble in the fold of the Christian Church of this city. This is due to the extravagant claim made last Sunday by the pastor, Rev. Thomas J. Shelton, who told the congregation that he was a second Christ and that he was going out in the world with one of the ady members of the church to cure the sick acting strangely for some time and the mem-bers generally believe that he is laboring unders generally believe the der some hallucination.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething relieves the child from pain. 25c a bottle.

Texas Cattle-Raisers' Convention.

DALLAS, Tex., March 11.—The second annual convention of the Cattle-Raisers' Association of Northwest Texas is now in session here. The convention has brought some 70 here. The convention has brought some 700 people to the city, nearly half of whom are members of the association. Among the St. Louisians are H. L. Niedringhaus, W. P. Barr and F. E. Udell. A Committee on Revision of the Constitution has been appointed. The detective bureau of the association will probably be retained. Last year 1,428 head of lost and stolen cattle were recovered by this bureau. Twenty-one new members were added to the association yesterday.

By using our "Fertilizer," put up in convenient packages. A. B. Mayer Mfg. Co., 1020 North Twelfth street. Phone 3326.

The friends of the late Capt. Wm. H. Cook are very indignant at the Republic for the un-pardonable blunder made this morning in announcing that the funeral of the deceased

would take place this afternoon, when it was in fact held yesterday afternoon, The funeral took place yesterday afternoon, the services being conducted by Rev. J. S. Kirtley, the pastor of the Delmar Avenue Baptist Church. Messrs. John W. Dunn, Web M. Samuel, O. L. Brigham, E. H. Barnes, A. E. McBee, Geo. A. Rubelman, Thos. Francia and Eugene Williams acted as pall-bearers. Capt. Cook formerly resided in St. Louis but during the last year of his life was cashier of the Interstate National Bank of Texarkana.

Morris' Bestaurant and Dairy Lunch Rooms 600 Olive street. Popular prices. Open Sun-lays.

New York, March 11.—The Sherman Statue Fund Committee has received a letter from P. T. Sherman, son of Gen. Sherman, stating that the General's children do not need any financial assistance and asking the committee to rescind the resolution to give them any surplus in the hands of the committee.

Budweiser Restaurant, Sixth and Locust.
All the delicacies of the season.

New York, March II.—Ohan Solyman Gald-jikhan Sheek, a wealthy Turk, arrived from Europe yesterday en route to the Sandwich Islands with his four wives, all heavily veiled and dressed in white camel-hair garments. The Turk has a son attending school in En-gland.

A TALK WITH MOSBY.

THE EX-CONFEDERATE TELLS THE STORY OF HIS SURRENDER.

gotiations With Gen. Gregg-Stanton' Order of Arrest-Grant's Interference -Paroled by the Old Commander-Johnson's Eudeness to Mrs. Mosby.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 11 .- Col. John Mosby is on a visit to Atlanta and is receiving much attention from the Confederate veterans. One of them asked him how he came to ally himself with the Republican party, which he answered by saying:

'I surrendered at Lynchburg. I think I
was about the last man to give in. I do know,
any way, that I was the only Confederate

States Government. When Lee surrendered I was in the lower end of the valley with about four hundred men. Gen. Hancock was at Winchester with 40,000. He demanded my surrender and I declined to comply, asking for a ten days' truce because I wanted to know what Gen. Johnston was going to do. Hancock telegraphed Secretary Stanton the situation, saying that he would under a flag of truce have a conference with me. Stanton thought that Hancock intended to come in person and telegraphed not to do so, as I would likely be guilty of some act of treachery. Later I sent Col. Chapman with a flag of truce to meet Hancock's man. An armistice of five days was agreed upon, but when it was out we had heard nothing from Johnston. Then Hancock made another demand and said if I did not surrender he would march his army up the valley and devastate it. I could Then Hancock made another demand and said if I did not surrender he would march his army up the valley and devastate it. I could not surrender honorably because I did not know what Johnston was going to do. I disbanded my army and started for the James River. Before getting there I heard Johnston had surrendered and I went to my father's house near Lynchburg. Gen. Gregg was in charge there and through friends he began negotiating for my surrender. Gen. Gregg telegraphed to Washington and was told to receive me and give me my parole. This was brought to me and on the day agreed upon I went to Lynchburg in a buggy and went to my brother's law office. For safety I carried my pistols with me and laid them down on the table in the office. I then sent word to Gen. Gregg that I was in town and ready to surrender. In the meantime Gen. Gregg had been instructed by Secretary Stanton to arrest me and send me on. Gregg was an honorable man. He knew that I had come in on his statement that I would be paroled and he sent a man to me, telling me of his subsequent orders. The man said something about arresting me and I picked up my pistols saying: 'I came here to be paroled and not to be arrested, and I'll kill the man who tries to take me.'''

GEN. GRANT'S ORDER.

The man left with a peculiar smile and I got

kill the man who tries to take me.'''

GEN. GRANT'S ORDER.

The man left with a peculiar smile and I got out of Lynchburg. Gregg did not molest me then, but twenty-four hours later sent a squad to arrest me. They went to my father's house, but, of course, I was not there. Gen. Gregg finally got an order from Gen. Grent to parole me. Then I went in and gave myself up. I became an admirer of Grant, and I ought to have been. I have been censured for it, but not by those who knew the story. With my parole I went to Warrenton, Va., and sat, down to practice law. Every time I

With my parole I went to Warrenton, Va., and sat, down to practice law. Every time I would leave the county some petty provost marshal would arrest me. It was a ceaseless annoyance, besides being a constant source of anxiety to my wife and children. My wife left home for Baltimore, and in passing through Washington, without my knowledge, decided to call on President Johnson. Her father and Johnson had been bosom friends before the war and had been in the same Congress. She made herself known to Johnson and he not only refused her request but treated her very rudely.

herseif known to Johnson and he not only refused her request but treated her very rudely. As she was leaving the White House my son Beverly, a boy 7 years old, said: 'Mamma, go and see Gen. Grant.'

"Mrs. Mosby did go and see Gen. Grant. He received her kindly and treated her with the greatest courtesy. When he had heard her through he wrote me a passport, which was ever after a protection, and I have that letter now in Gen. Grant's own handwriting, in my trunk in San Francisco. Then in 1872 Gen. Grant and Greeley were before the people. Grant was terribly abused and I took the stump for him to refute the abuse, and these were the only political speeches I ever made. I never accepted anything from Grant because I promised the people in my speeches I never would.

"The first time I was in Atlanta was in 1837 on Christmas day. I had been to Kentucky, where I married two days before Miss Clark, a daughter of Congressman Beverly Clark. 'Andy' Johnson came down on the same train

with us and near here there was an accident in which his arm was broken. I wish that it

had been his neck."
"How many times were you wounded?" the
Colonel was asked. "Six times; and I carry a Yankee bullet in my thigh now."

'Were you ever captured?'

NARROW ESCAPES.

"No, but I had two or three mighty narrow escapes. In December, 1884, after some hard fighting with Illinois troops in which we were scattered, I, with Tommy Love, one of fighting with Illinois troops in which we were scattered, I, with Tommy Love, one of my best men, stopped one night at a Mr. Lake's, near Rector's cross-roads. Our horses were hitched outside the yard and a squad of Yahkees in passing saw them. They surrounded the house and one of them shot at me through the window. The ball struck me in the side and passed around to my backbone. I knew I was hit hard, but before the Yankees came in my coat was under the bed. I had put my hand in the bloody wound and smeared it over my mouth, giving me the appearance of an internal hemorrhage. The Yankees did not know me. They thought I was one of Mosby's men, but they were unable to prove it. It looked as if I was done for, and after taking my boots and clothing they left I knew that as soon as they went into my pockets they would find out who I was and would come back for me, so I got the family to put me in an ox-cart, cover me with fodder and a negro drove me away. Soon after I was gone the Yankees came galloping back. They had found whose clothing they had and they wanted me. But I was safe in the mountains."

mountains."
The Colonel hesitated a second, and with a peculiar smile remarked: "And do you know that negro ran away the very next day?"

THE best and cheapest is Salvation Off. Price, 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

Preacher Fields' Advice to the Colored People of Denver.

DENVER, Colo., March 11.—Denver has a preacher as unique as the Rev. Jasper of Richmond, Va. Just now he is busy defending a sermon he preached Sunday night in the Zion Baptist Church to a large congregation. His name is J. B. Fields. His text was: Proverbs, 14:34, "Righteousness Exalteth a Nation."

THE SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

Director McEntire Arraigned for Neglect

The School Board met, wrangled and ad-lourned last night as usual. After a stormy session of two hours, during which very little journed last night as usual. After a stormy session of two hours, during which very little business was transacted, a motion to adjourn was carried before the really important work came up. The members present were Messrs. Auler, Bannerman, Barstow, Bartholdt, Bosley, Brady, Bus, Cudmore, Dozier, Gibbons, Macklin, O'Connell, O'Connor, Richardson, Troll and Fresident Miller. Mr. L. D. Dozier, who has been in New York all winter organizing a cracker trust, was also present. Fetitions from the Ashland School for more room and from the Central High School for book cases were received and referred to committees. Secretary and Treasurer James Y. Player, read a financial statement showing the standing of the funds to March 1 to be as follows: General funds—Receipts since July, 1890, 18073, 321; expenditures, 373, 865; cash in treasury March 1, 1891, 3414, 814. Permanent fund—Receipts since July, 1890, 1890, 5214, 500; expenditures, \$14, 770; cash in treasury March 1, 1891, \$144, 814. Permanent fund—Receipts since July, 1890, \$214, 500; expenditures, \$14, 770; cash in treasury March 1, 1891, \$144, 814. Permanent fund—Receipts since July, 1890, \$214, 500; expenditures, \$141, 770; cash in treasury March 1, 1891, \$144, 814. Permanent fund—Receipts since July, 1890, \$145, 500; expenditures, \$141, 770; cash in treasury March 1, 1891, \$79, 429.

When Charles B. Stark, the attorney, finished reading the standing of the board in its litigation his law partner, Walter B. McEntire, proposed Miss Fannie Wade's name as teacher for the Clifton Heights' School, which the board decided to open last month, after several months' hard fighting among its members. Clifton Heights is in Mr. McEntire's district and he felt it his duty to assign a teacher to the new school, supplementing the proposal of

school, supplementing the proposal of Miss Wade's name with the information that he had the support of the Clifton Heights' portion in his selection. Mr. Barstow, chairman of the Teachers Comnittee, said the committee had weigh mittee, said the committee had weighed all applications carefully and had decided upon Mrs. Sarah E. Dillon and that the three Superintendents of Education wanted Mrs. Dillon placed in charge, It is customary to accept the report of the Teachers Comaccept the report of the Teachers Com-mittee without question, and very few ap-peals are made to the board by members who wish other appointments than those recommended by the committee, made. Mr. Richardson grew warm, and on hearing Mr. McEntire claim he had the support of the Cilifton Heights, patrons, produced a list Mr. McEntire claim he had the support of the Clifton Heights patrons, produced a list signed by the heads of nearly every family in Clifton Heights requesting the appointment of Mrs. Dillon. Messrs. Hallock and Cramer then made a few remarks about Mr. McEntire's neglect of the Clifton Heights people and their needs. The appointment of Mrs. Dillon was then referred to the Teachers. Committee. Benotis from the Teachers Committee. Reports from the Committee on Ways and Means, Building, Teachers and Salaries were read, out before some of them were adopted another row was raised by Director Erady, who claimed some children were not getting free books. It was ended by some one making a motion to ad-journ, which was carried, and the members left the room before the Committee on Rules, with a most important report, was heard.

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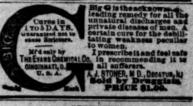
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BOSTON, MASS

HERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.

The assessment books for the taxes of the year 1891 are now complete and are open for inspection. The Board of Equalization will meet in this office on Monday, the 16th day of March, 1891, and will remain in session four (4) weeks if the business before it requires it and no longer. Only appeals against personal property will be considered this year. Taxpayers are requested to call at this office, and xamine their assessments.

date more and the condest indebtedness of pany, for the funding of its floating debt provide money for the further completion ment and repair of its railroad, and for an purposes as may be lawful.

By order of the Board of Directors. H. W. GARDINER, Secretary. St. Louis, March 5, 1891.

INMAN LINE.

Str. IDLEWILD.

IPFER, Marter. ROBT. TATION. CILLeaves on MONDATS and FRIDAYS.

15 y. m., for Cape Girandean and way

150 Theben and Commission.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains Bunning Into Union Depot-St. Louis Tim Daily; [Except Saturday; Except onday; ¶Monday BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Burlingto

BUBLINGTON ROUTE-C., B. & Q. B. B. Bock Island, St. Panl, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and
Dubuque Exprese...

Bock Island, Bushnell, Galesborg and Peoria Exprese...

The 8:20 p.m. train is daily except Baturday, and
the 6:50 arrives daily except Bonday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE-ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Soirisi

BURLINGTON ROUTE-ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Spiris,
Lake, Codar Rapide Express. 9:29 am * 5:40 pm
Lincoln, Ottahas and Davier
Lincoln, Ottahas and California Express.
Hannibal, Quiney, Keckuk Ft.
Madison and Burlington Ex. + 8:45 pm + 6:50 am
CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST.
LOUIS RAILWAY—'BIG FOUR ROUTE.'
Only line landing passengors in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Ballway. No change of cars.

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10 hours to Cin. & Lou. 4 solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York. Cin., Lou., Wash., Bals., Phil. and New York.

Incinnati & Louisville Accom. 6:40 am 7:15 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila and New York. 8:00 am 6:25 pm
Cincinnati Express. 7:00 pm 6:40 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila and New York. 7:00 pm 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation. 5:15 pm 8:25 am ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line, via Big 4).

(Biuff Line, via Big 4).

rafton and Elsah Express. "10:40 am " 5:45 pm erseyville, Springfield & Grafton Express." 4:20 pm † 1:20 pm MISSOURI PACIFIC BAILWAY.

Kansas City, St. Joseph, Colo-Ransas City, St. Joseph, Coloradas City, Coloradas ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.

Laredo and City of Mexico t 8:10 pm t 7:30 am frast Line. title Book, Hot Springs, Dai-las, Fort Worth Il Paso and California Express t 9:20 pm t 6:20 am

18:30 am 16:50 pm *8:30 am *1:45 pm MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO B. Creve Cour Accommodation... | 5:00 a m | 5:20 a m
Creve Cour Accommodation... | 5:00 a m
Creve Cour Accommodation... | 7:10 p m
Union Express... | 4:50 p m | 11:00 s m
From Grand Avenue—Union
Accommodation... | 5:15 a m | 6:00 p m TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY R. R.

Trains No. 20 and No. 21 daily 8:10 am 7:5 Day Express, daily 8:40 am 7:5 Indianapolis Accom., exc. Sun. 11:25 am 5:5 No. 21 daily 8:10 am 7:5 Chicago Local, exc. Sanday 8:10 am 7:5 Chicago Local, exc. Sanday 8:10 am 7:0 Chicago Night Express, daily 8:10 am 7:0 Chicago Night Express, daily 8:10 am 7:0 Chicago Night Express, daily 8:10 am 7:0 Chicago Local exc. Sanday 8:10 am 7:0 Chicago Night Express, daily 8:10 am 7:0 Chicago Local exc. Sanday 8 Mail and Express...... 6:30 am * 11:55 am Mail and Express...... 5:00 pm * 6:30 pm JACKSONVILLE SOUTHEASTERN LINE.

nes & St. Paul | 8:25 pm . 7:30 am